Newport Mercury.

HOPE

THE OLDEST PAPER IN AMERICA.
ESTABLISHED BY FRANKLIN 1758.

VOLUME CXXX—No. 17. NEWPORT, R. I., OCTOBER 8, 1887. WHOLE NUMBER 6,725.

The Newport Mercury,

—PUBLISHED BY—

JOHN P. SANBORN,

272 Thames, Cor. Pelham St.,

NEWPORT, R. I.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1758, and is now in its **one hundred and thirtieth year.** It is the oldest newspaper in the Union, and, with less than half a dozen exceptions, the oldest printed in the English language. It is a large quarto weekly of **fifty-six columns** filled with interesting reading—editorial, State, local and general news, well-selected miscellany and valuable farmers' and household departments.—Reaching so many households in this and other States, the limited space given to advertising is very valuable to business men.

TERMS: $2.00 a year in advance. Single copies in wrappers, 5 cents. Extra copies can always be obtained at the office of publication and at the various news rooms in the city.

☞Specimen copies sent free, and special terms given advertisers by addressing the publisher.

Local Matters.

The Artillery Outing.

The final arrangements for the Newport Artillery excursion to Hartford and New London are now being made and everything promises well for an excellent time. The committee expects the Company to muster about 75 officers and men, which, with the Newport Band of 25 pieces and from 75 to 100 invited guests will make an exceedingly agreeable party.

The Continental Company's steamer Day Star has been chartered for the trip and will leave Commercial wharf at 8 o'clock next Wednesday morning, or as near that hour as may be. She will make direct for Hartford, simply touching at Saybrook and Middletown, and is expected to reach her destination about 6 o'clock P. M., of the same day. A delegation from the Putnam Phalanx will be at the Hartford wharf to receive the visitors and assist in escorting Governor Davis and staff to their headquarters at the Allyn House, after which the Artillery boys will return to their quarters, which will be on board the Day Star throughout the trip.

☞A grand street parade will be made Thursday afternoon followed by a promenade concert and ball at Allyn Hall in the evening. At an early hour Friday morning the excursionists will head their craft for New London and thence, after a few hours visit, for home, where they expect to arrive some time during the evening.

Among the invited guests will be His Excellency Governor Davis and his personal staff, most of the members of the city government and ex-officers and ex-members of the company. The governor will arrive here Tuesday afternoon, via Wickford, and be the guest of Col. Howard Smith for the night.

Major A. A. Barker, Paymaster E. T. Bosworth and Sergeant H. Bliss are the committee having full charge of the excursion and they deserve much credit for the able manner in which they have arranged every detail.

Mrs. Alfred Smith.

A monument, beautiful as it is unique, has just been erected to the memory of this estimable lady, who was beloved by all who knew her, as one of the most amiable and charitable ladies Newport has ever known. Three years have been devoted to the perfecting of this monument, and it is a beautiful and yet unostentatious work of art.

Over the whole grave is a receptacle which is to be filled with earth and planted with flowering plants. The upper part of the wall surrounding this, with the entire head-piece, is of Tennessee marble, which is very peculiar in appearance. It is a greyish white and is not polished. At the head of the grave is an immense slab on the front of which, in *bas-relief*, is the life-size figure of an angel, with wings partly folded, holding in its uplifted hands a tablet with this inscription:

Write,
Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth;
Yes saith the Spirit for they rest from their labors and their works do follow them.

The top is finished off by a cornice, and at the feet of the angel is the following:

In sacred memory of Ann Maria Smith, born April XVth, MDCCCXX, died February XXVIII, MDCCCLXXXIV.

The figure of the angel is beautiful in every particular; the face is grand, and the drapery is perfect in every fold and crease. Around its waist is a girdle of passion flowers and leaves, and a wreath of these is carried round the back of the headstone and all around the lower part.

This unique monument is from an original design of the celebrated French sculptor Louis St. Gaudens, now resident in New York.

Hon. Isaac Bell, Jr., U. S. Minister to the Netherlands, has arrived in New York. He is expected in Newport early next week. His many political friends here are preparing to give him a rousing reception.

Templar Festivities.

The Grand Commandery of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, of colored Knight Templars, will hold its annual conclave in Newport, on Friday, October 21st. The Benjamin B. Gardner Commandery, of this city, are making great preparations for their reception. It is expected that there will be some three hundred members of the Order present. Among the number will be the following commanderies: Simon No. 1, Providence; Golgotha No. 2, Providence; St. Paul's No. 3, Providence; Lewis Hayden No. 4, Boston; Mount Zion No. 5, Worcester; Thos. Dalton No. 7, New Bedford, and Ivanhoe Commandery No. 5, of New York city.

At 1.30 P. M. Rev. Mr. Van Horne, Past Commander of Benjamin B. Gardner Commandery, will deliver the address of welcome at Music Hall, after which the lines will be formed for a grand parade, marching through the following streets: Up Bellevue avenue to Levin street, to Spring, to Young, to Thames, to Washington Square, where the line will pass in review before His Honor the Mayor and City Government; proceed to Farewell, to Poplar, to Washington, to Bridge, to Thames, to Marlborough, to Broadway, to Equality Park, countermarch to Ayrault, to Kay, to Bellevue avenue, to the hall.

In the evening there will be a grand exhibition and prize drill in Music Hall and a fancy drill by Ivanhoe Commandery, of New York, said to be one of the best drilled commanderies in the country, after which there will be dancing to music furnished by the Newport Orchestra. A supper will be served during the evening. Our colored friends are making great preparations for a general good time on that occasion. The various committees who have the affair in charge are as follows:—

Executive Committee—C. C. Easton, Chairman; Pusey A. Peer, Jr., Vice Chairman; Wm H. Dixon, Treasurer; Denis Owens; George Jones; James A. Harris; H. W. Cooper, Secretary.

Reception Committee—James A. Willis, E. C.; Wm. H. Ayres, P. E. C.; M. Van Horne, P. E. C.; Joseph Ray, P. Gen'l.; Carl Joseph, Samuel C. Johnson, John Greason.

Refreshment Committee—Edward M. Simmons, Chairman; Gen. T. Fitz, Wm. R. Johnson, Samuel Morris, John Ambush, Albert Stevens, Samuel Brown.

Isaac Newton Tancil of Washington, D. C., and Miss Marceline, daughter of Jefferson Morrison, were married at the residence of the bride's parents, Wednesday afternoon, Rev. H. N. Jeter performing the ceremony. A reception followed the ceremony and the happy pair left in the evening for Alexandria, Va., on a wedding tour. Among other valuable presents was a handsome clock from Secretary and Mrs. Whitney. Among the guests were Prof. Tilton, headmaster of Rogers High School from which the bride graduated in the class of '79. Their home will be in Washington.

Joseph Tuckerman is having the electric light introduced into his beautiful residence on Mill street. Henry W. Cozzens, superintendent in Newport of the Weston system, is doing the work. The wire, which is taken from the pole at the corner of Mill and George streets, is closely packed in asphaltum inside a six-inch box tubing and laid underground. This will be the first private residence in Newport to use electric lighting and the result will be watched with interest by other wealthy residents

Esther Lodge, D. of R., of this city, paid a fraternal visit to Grace Lodge, D. of R., of South Portsmouth, Tuesday evening. The visitors, to the number of about thirty-five, went out in drags and were warmly received at Oakland Hall, where a delightful entertainment had been prepared in their honor. Speaking, singing, eating and dancing gave all enjoyment until the small hours of Wednesday morning.

The sale of the B. F. Chase farm at Bristol Ferry, which was to have taken place last Saturday, was postponed to the 11th inst. on account of the storm. The advertisement appears in another column.

Rev. J. Eldred Brown, son of ex-Alderman Brown of this city and at present assistant at All Saints church, Providence, has accepted a call to the rectorship of the Church of the Reconciliation at Webster, Mass.

Two years ago last Thursday (Tuesday, Oct. 6, 1885,) Benjamin J. Burton was murdered by his son-in-law, Allen W. Dorsey, who is now serving a life sentence in the State Prison.

Rev. S. C. Hill, a former rector of Emmanuel Church in this city, but now of Germantown, Pa., is in town the guest of W. P. Clarke on Mill street.

Cashier S. H. Norman, of the Newport Exchange Bank, has returned from a short vacation spent among friends in Connecticut.

Mrs. Harry Ingersoll vacated her Yznaga avenue cottage on Tuesday and returned to her winter home in Philadelphia.

Mr. Augustus Goffe has had the wooden steps leading to the entrance of his Broadway residence replaced with handsome granite ones.

AN OLD BUSINESS REVIVED.

Newport Again to be Provided with a Marine Railway.

Through the enterprise of our successful young merchant, Mr. James A. Eddy, the old Cottrell shipyard, so called, is to be reinstated and Newport again provided with the means of hauling up, and repairing any vessel not too large to float in the inner harbor, thus filling a want long felt by coasters and yachtsmen. In the olden time Newport boasted some half-dozen of these railways, but since the death, several years ago, of Mr. S. H. Cottrell, there has been no such convenience here and the nearest place where a vessel—large or small—could be hauled up for repairs, was Providence, Fall River, New London or New Bedford.

Mr. Eddy is building two new railways, one 410 feet in length with a cradle measuring 11 feet on top, and the other 240 feet in length with a nine-feet cradle. These will have a capacity of 400 tons and 100 tons respectively.

The cost of putting the yard and ways in shape for business will be about $7000, the hauling chain alone costing $1000 in England, and the work is expected to be completed in about three weeks.

Mr. Eddy will be the sole proprietor of the yard, having for superintendent Mr. Timothy Crowley of Fall River who is thoroughly familiar with the business in all its details.

Taxes Thirty Eight Years Ago.

We have before us a copy of the Newport Tax Book for 1849 and it is interesting to compare the taxes and value of our city at that time with to-day. Then the total valuation of the city was $4,522,600, of which $2,720,000 was real estate and $1,802,600 personal property. The taxes then were $3.40 on a thousand and the total tax of the town was $15,376.84. There were at that time but 19 persons and firms in the city that paid a tax of more then $100, and only one person that paid a tax amounting to over $200. That was Edward King, who paid a tax of $680.00. The nineteen persons and firms that paid a tax of one hundred dollars and upwards were:

Edward King	$680.00
Stephen T. Northam	176.80
John G. Weaver	172 04
Coddington Mill Co	170.00
Perry Mill Co	153.00
Seth Bateman	141.00
Richard C. Derby	129.20
Benj. Finch	122.40
Peleg C. Anthony	115.60
Samuel Allan	112.20
John H. Gilliat	108.80
Sarah Bally	106.08
Sanford Bell	102.00
Henry Bull	102.00
Russell Coggeshall	102.00
Christopher Fry	102.00
Nathan B. Hammett	102.00
Wm. W. Hazzard	102.00
Est. Nathaniel Ruggles	100.30

A Sad Drowning Accident.

George Washington, a well-known colored citizen, was drowned off Gooseberry Island Saturday morning while attempting to reach the Newport shore in a small sailboat. The sea was rough and the boat upset. A boat from the Brenton's Reef life saving station was sent to the rescue, but life was extinct when the body was recovered.

The deceased was employed as steward by the Gooseberry Island fishing club in summer and he served the Business Men's Association in the same capacity during the winter months. He was an adept in his profession and bore an honorable reputation as a citizen.

During the early part of the present week a fine life size crayon portrait of the late Benjamin B. Howland, for upwards of a half century, town and city clerk of Newport, was on exhibition in the window of C. E. Hammett's. It was the work of a New York artist, and was ordered by the family of the deceased, and will be presented to the Newport Historical Society, with which he was formerly connected, and in which he took great interest. It will hang on the walls of the society's rooms.

A hollow shaft of crucible steel imported from Krupp's celebrated works in Germany, has been received here for the Old Colony Steamship Co., and another is on the way here. They are for the Providence or Bristol, as occasion may require being adapted for either boat.

Geo. A. Weaver has provided the Spring street half of his Broadway block with a large seven-foot cellar. This additional space is for storage to relieve his crowded warerooms proper and give a better opportunity to display his immense stock of horse blankets, etc.

Alderman Wm. O. Greene stepped through a scuttle at the Aquidneck Fair Grounds Tuesday afternoon, severely injuring his left leg. No bones were broken, however, and he can manage to get about with the help of a cane.

Lady Emma, which won three out of four heats, and first purse, in the four-year-olds race for the Golden stakes at Mystic Park, Boston, Tuesday, is owned by Mr. W. A. Peckham of this city. She took one of the heats in 2:34.

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting, Tuesday Evening.

The City Council met in regular monthly session Tuesday evening, His Honor, Mayor Powel, presiding in the Board of Aldermen and President Barker in the Common Council.

The report of the Committee on Finance was read and received and on its recommendation the following bills were ordered paid from the several appropriations:

Streets and Highways	$6,082 58
Watering Streets	715 81
Sewers	894 35
Fire Department	3,433 57
City Asylum	225 21
Paupers and Vagrants	82 23
Watch and Police	2,635 45
Public Schools	6,167 96
Ward Meetings	59 90
Incidentals	470 84
Parks and Public Buildings	187 85
Lighting streets	2,463 83
Salaries	2,960 00
Removal of House Offal	254 10
Burial Grounds	50 00
Books, Stationery and Printing	113 00
Jewish Synagogue Fund	7 00
Board of Health	1 00
Chapman Estate	87
New Engine House, 4th Ward	1,000 00
Dog Fund	4 00
Main Sewer Outlet	26 00
	$29,890 56

The report of Street Commissioner Lawton for September, showing an expenditure of $6082.58 on streets, $894.35 on sewers, and $716.84 on special work, was read and received.

The report of the Committee on Streets and Highways was read and received and on its recommendation the bill, $222.50, for damage sustained by a horse owned by Fred Sheldon was ordered paid, and alterations and improvements to the Bridge street sewer were authorized to the extent of $1600. The present sewer in Bridge street was built seventeen years ago simply for the purpose of draining the cellars of abutters, and it is not of sufficient capacity to carry off the general sewerage. There are also two small sewers in Fourth street built by the Old Colony Company, but they two are inadequate to the present demands, and the alterations and improvements authorized include a new two-foot sewer, 500 feet long, in Fourth street, the present structures to be used for the purposes for which they were originally intended only.

The report of the Committee on Street Lights was received and on its recommendation one naphtha light was ordered placed at the westerly end of Tilley avenue.

The Fire Department committee reported, recommending the placing of a fire hydrant on Houston avenue and the laying of a sewer at the No. 7 engine house at an expense of $150, to be paid for out of the department's appropriation. The recommendations were granted.

The special committee, appointed to consider the communication of the Board of Health for a pest house, reported that they did not think it advisable to purchase the property suggested.

The City Treasurer's quarterly report was received and referred to the Finance Committee, and those of Field Drivers Wilcox and Cochrane were read and received.

The quarterly report of Chief Engineer Tilley, showing the fire department to have been called out by five alarms of fire which caused a loss of $500 with nothing recovered by insurance, was received.

The quarterly report of the Overseers of the Poor, showing an expenditure of $247.71, was received.

The quarterly report of Inspector of Nuisances Langley, showing that out of 237 complaints only 5 remained unabated, was received.

City Solicitor Peckham reported that the difficulties between R. P. Hamilton and the sealer of weights and measures had been adjusted.

On recommendation of the Tax Assessors the petitions of A. P. Sherman, executor, Sarah Wilcox and Sarah Sweet for a remittance of certain taxes erroneously assessed, were granted, as were also those of James Horgan, John Sullivan, George DeBlois and Philip Denning, for certain amounts to be refunded.

The following petitions were received and referred to the Committee on Streets and Highways: Of Hilton Crumby and others, for grading and curbing Extension court; of H. H. Fay and others, for accepnance of Redwood street; of E. T. Simpson and others, for cross-walks on Third and Bridge streets; of James S. Smith and others, for crossing on Thames street and Sharon court; of Wm. W. Marvel and another, for $250 for damage done to horse, and of Thomas O'Connell and others, for certain repairs at junction of Clinton avenue and Warner street.

The petitions of S. D. DeBlois and Daniel Galvin, for remission of certain taxes, were referred to the Assessors of Taxes.

The petition of T. W. Phinney and others for an electric light on Coggeshall and Bateman avenues, was referred to the Street Light Committee, as was also that of A. P. Baker and others, for a street light on Aquidneck Mill wharf.

The petition of A. H. Tilley and others, asking that the deed of Tilley avenue be accepted, was referred to the Highway committee with power, when the deed shall have been approved by the City Solicitor.

The petition of Geo. A. Weaver, for permission to store powder in the city powder house, was referred to the Keeper of the Powder house for a report.

ALDERMANIC.

Benj. B. Gardiner Commandery, K. T., was granted permission to display fire works on the evening of October 21.

Numerous complaints of damage done by dogs were temporarily tabled.

Two wagon and six drivers licenses were granted.

The report of the Board of Health, showing 22 deaths to have occurred during the quarter from cholera infantum, with the present health of the city good, was received.

As a Board of Health the Aldermen received the report of the committee appointed to consider the best methods of permanently disposing of the house offal and garbage. Numerous answers to questions forwarded to neighboring cities accompanied the report and were read. The committee were not prepared to make any definite recommendation as no satisfactory information regarding crematories had been obtained, but favored experimenting upon Mr. W. H. Bliss' idea, the Newport Gas Company having tendered the use of their old retort house and Engineer Gray of Providence having given it as his opinion that the Bliss plan, with few modifications, would do all that would be required of it. But this Mr. Newton opposed, on the ground that the Board had no right to use the city's money for experimenting purposes. He said that if Mr. Bliss, or anybody else, would build a crematory and show to the satisfaction of the Board that it would perform the desired work, he would be willing to vote for its purchase, if practicable, but should certainly vote against using the city's money for making experiments. He thought that the proposition of a Massachusetts party, to remove all the city's offal and garbage for $8000 a year, might be worthy of consideration, and moved that the whole matter be referred back to the committee. This was done, the committee being authorized to incur any reasonable expense in getting further information, and the meeting adjourned.

Of Interest to Farmers of Newport County.

An effort is being made in the agricultural portions of this state to establish Granges of the Patrons of Husbandry for the benefit of the farmers. Several have been organized in Cumberland, Burrillville, Wonsocket and in Washington County. Mr. Arthur A. Brigham of Marlboro, Mass., is the secretary of the State Grange of Massachusetts. He has been down in the South County this week and has established one or two new Granges. It is proposed to invite him to Newport County at an early date and an effort will be made to establish such an institution here. The Grange is a farmers' organization pure and simple, and is intended to benefit the farming population and as such should receive the cordial support of all interested in agriculture.

The Aquidneck Park Races.

A series of three races—trotting, pacing and pony—was held at Aquidneck Park Tuesday afternoon. A goodly number of entries and a large attendance added to the interest. The first race (trotting), for fifty bushels of oats, was won by Joseph Anthony's b. m. Rhoda, first and third heats, in 2:53 and 2:52. W. F. Barlow's br. g. Skip taking second heat in 2:54.

In the pacing race, for the same stakes, G. Smith's br. g. Chief won two straight heats in 2:47 and 2:46. Fred W. Greene's b. m. Topsy was second in each heat, and Howard Greene's blk. m. Sweetheart, third.

The pony race was easily won by G. H. Norman's g. g. Freckles in 1:55 and 1:54, with Thos. Preece's p. g. m. Lottie second, and Guy Norman's b. g. Whiskers a good third.

The funeral of the late Thomas N. Brown was solemnized Monday morning, and was largely attended. Rev. Dr. Gilliat officiated at the house and Col. F. G. Harris, as Regent of Coronet Council, Royal Arcanum, at the grave.

United States ships Richmond (flag), Galena, Ossipee, Dolphin, and Atlanta of the North Atlantic squadron, and the Saratoga of the training fleet, are in the harbor. The French frigate La Minerve sailed for New York Thursday morning.

Mr. Nathan Barker has begun the erection of a building at the corner of Redwood and Champlin avenues for Prof. Wolcott Gibbs. The building, it is understood, is to be used as a laboratory by the professor.

The family of the late Capt. H. A. Brightman have removed to New York for the winter.

The Misses Norman of Spring street have returned from a visit to Connecticut.

Mr. John Graham is quite ill. Mr. Graham has been for more than thirty years connected with the Ocean House.

Gettysburg.

Charles E. Lawton Post, G. A. R., is making arrangements with the Gettysburg Exposition Company to present their Diorama of the battle of Gettysburg at the Opera House, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Nov. 9th and 10th. This company has been exhibiting in the vacinity of the great battle-ground for several months, and is pronounced by those who took part in that fearful struggle, from July 1st, to 3rd, 1863, to be a very faithful presentation of it. The exhibition is accompanied by a lecture by Gen. St. Clair A. Mulholland, who took a prominent part in the three days fight, and who gives a clear detail of the entire conflict.

This will give our citizens an opportunity to see the greatest battle ever fought on American soil, in its most real presentation, and to get a better understanding of that great historical event than can be obtained from any other source.

Hay-Harrington.

The marriage of Mr. Frank Warren Hay, a popular young clerk of Caswell, Massey & Co., and Miss Mabel, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Harrington of this city, was celebrated at Channing Memorial Church Monday evening. The edifice was completely filled with the friends and well-wishers of the happy pair and many were unable to gain admittance. Rev. J. W. Day, pastor of the church, officiated and Messrs. F. M. Hammett, E. P. Swan, L. K. Carr, and G. L. Swan acted as ushers. Mr. J. W. Hay, brother of the groom, performed the duties of best man.

A pleasant reception at the residence of the bride's parents on Ayrault street, followed the wedding ceremony and was attended by a large number of intimate friends. At 10 o'clock the newly married couple departed amid showers of rice and old slippers for the Wickford boat which started then on their wedding tour.

Mr. G. Fay Downing, junior member of the firm of Downing Brothers, druggists, left town Wednesday evening for Rahway, N. J., where, on Thursday evening, he and Miss Carrie Halliday, a most charming and popular young lady of that town, were united in holy wedlock. Mr. and Mrs. Downing are now enjoying a wedding tour which is expected to terminate here about the last of next week, when they will establish their new home in Mr. Peter Patterson's house on Ayrault street. They have the best wishes of a host of Newport friends.

The usual monthly prohibition meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, was held at the friends' meeting House, on Thursday evening. Rev. Wm. Jacobs presided. The meeting was opened by singing and prayer by Mr. Jacobs. Rev. O. W. Scott and Rev. Mr. Jacobs made very earnest addresses, and Mrs. Dyer made a few remarks. Reference was made to the death of John B. Finch, the celebrated reformer.

The members of the Second Baptist Church gave a very successful Corn supper and entertainment in the vestry Thursday evening. One of the most successful portions of the evening's programme was the Corn Drill conducted by some of the younger portion of the church. Each participant was supplied with a corn popper filled with corn, as weapon. The drill was conducted by Mrs. Wyatt. The whole affair passed off in the most pleasing manner.

Prof. Samuel Lepoids, of Haverford College, formerly of this city, has received a high "distinction universitaire" from the French "Ministre de l' Instruction Publique, des Cultes et des Beaux-Arts," electing him an "Officier d' Academie."

Rev. E. A. Scovelle, of Bridgeport, Conn., will officiate at the First Baptist Church to-morrow morning and evening. The usual young people's prayer meeting will be held at 7 o'clock P. M.

Mr. A. B. Corbin has leased the new store to be fitted up in the bank of Rhode Island building and will have his book store on Thames street about the first of December. This will make a fine location for his business.

About twenty members of Redwood Lodge, No. 11, K. of P., Everett I. Gorton, C. C., visited Mt. Vernon lodge, K. of P., Fall River, Wednesday night and had a most delightful and cordial reception.

Rev. Mr. Jeter leaves town to-day for a two weeks' vacation. Rev. Mr. Upshaw, of the Touro chapel, will preach for him Sunday morning and Rev. S. I. Carr in the evening.

Prof. J. T. Huntington and family have closed their cottage on Indian avenue and returned to Hartford, Conn., for the winter.

Mr. B. M. Makepeace and family, who have been at the Kay street House during the past month, have returned to Baltimore.

COAL.

Just discharged from Schooner James C. Clifford, 696 tons extra Red Ash Coal.

GARFIELD Coal.

STOVE, EGG and CHESTNUT of this Celebrated Coal to arrive.

AGENTS FOR NEWPORT.

Haddock's-Plymouth.

Best White Ash Coal in this market.

We are exclusive agents for PLYMOUTH W. A. COAL.

Bennett, Lincoln, Brookside, Lehigh, Wilkesbarre and Bituminous Coal

Always on hand, and for sale at lowest market quotations.

Gardiner B. Reynolds & CO.

Coal carefully prepared and promptly delivered. No extra charge for binning.

CITY BRIEFS.

Jottings of Newport and Newporters.

The Cliff Avenue Hotel closed this week.

Mr. S. Howland Robbins has returned from Europe.

Hon. Geo. Bancroft returned to Washington, Thursday night.

The U. S. Training ship Portsmouth arrived yesterday fornenoon.

Mr. Thomas F. Cushing and daughter of Boston, will winter in Europe.

Mr. Jonas Elias who has been ill for some weeks is recovering.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Allan have been enjoying the week at the White Mountains.

Miss Lottie A., daughter of ex-Sheriff Easton, has gone to Rahway, N. J. for the winter.

Mrs. William Allen left town Wednesday morning for a three weeks visit among friends in Massachusetts.

Mr. John Cottrell is making extensive alterations and improvements to his residence 35 Pelham street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Astor vacated the Tucker cottage and returned to New York on Tuesday.

Mr. John Knower has abandoned the pleasures of his Cliff home and returned to New York.

Mr. Geo. W. Wales and family closed their cottage on the Cliffs Thursday and returned to Boston.

Ground has been broken on a lot off Cranston avenue, for a house for Stephen Fludder.

Mr. Abram Almy, who has been confined to his home for some weeks by sickness, is able to be out again.

The Fall River Line made a reduction of $1.00 in fares to New York and all points beyond on the 1st. inst.

Anthony Maher has just completed a two-story, two-tenement house on Burnside avenue for Bridget McMahan.

Mr. and Mrs. Angstrom, née Lawton, have returned from their wedding tour and have taken up their residence at the Wilson cottage on Everett street.

We are pleased to note that the Rev. Dr. Thayer has sufficiently recovered his health to resume his habit of walking out in pleasant weather.

Frederick Hall is building for himself, on Extension street, a two story cottage, 16x26 feet, with oriel, and bay window, city water and gas, to cost about $3000.

Lawrence McNulty is building for Mrs. Gannon, on Extension street, a two and a half story cottage, for three tenements, 24x34 feet, with dormer windows, to cost about $2000.

Capt. Geo. H. Kelley has resumed his position on the Continental Company's steamer, after a vacation spent among the mountains of New Hampshire, greatly improved in health.

The matrimonial engagement of Miss Maud Robbins, daughter of H. Asher Robbins of New York, to H. W. McVickar, both of whom spent the past season here, is announced.

(For additional locals see 4th & 8th pages).

Poetry.

Gethsemane.

BY ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

In golden youth, when seems the earth,
A summer land for singing mirth,
When souls are glad, and hearts are light,
And not a shadow lurks in sight,
We do not know it, but there lays
Somewhere, vailed under evening skies,
A garden all must sometimes see,
Gethsemane, Gethsemane,
Somewhere his own Gethsemane.

With joyous steps we go our ways,
Love lends a halo to the days,
Light sorrows sail like clouds afar,
We laugh and say how strong we are.
We hurry on, and, hurrying, go
Close to the border land of woe
That waits for you and waits for me;
Gethsemane, Gethsemane,
Forever waits Gethsemane.

Down shadowy lanes, across strange streams
Bridged over by our broken dreams,
Behind our misty cape of years,
Close to the great salt fount of tears,
The garden lies; strive as you may,
You can not miss it on your way.
All paths that have been or shall be
Pass somewhere through Gethsemane.

All those who journey, soon or late,
Must pass within the garden's gate;
Must kneel alone in darkness there,
And battle with some fierce despair.
God pity those who can not say:
"Not mine, but thine; who only pray,
Let this cup pass;" and can not see
The purpose in Gethsemane.
Gethsemane, Gethsemane,
God help us through Gethsemane.

Love After Death.

They say if our beloved dead
Should seek the old familiar place
Some stranger would be there instead,
And they would find no welcome face.

I cannot tell how that might be
In other homes—but this I know;
Could my lost darling come to me,
That she would never find it so.

Oft-times the flowers have come and gone,
Oft-times the winter winds have blown,
The whileher peaceful rest went on,
And I have learned to live alone;

Have slowly learned from day to day
In all life's tasks to bear my part;
But whether grave, or whether gay,
I hide her memory in my heart.

Fond, faithful love has blest my way,
And friends are 'round me true and tried,
They have their place—but hers to-day
Is empty as the day she died.

How would I spring with bated breath,
And joy too deep for word or sign,
To take my darling home from death,
And once again to call her mine!

I dare not dream—the blissful dream,
It fills my heart with wild unrest;
Where yonder cold white marble gleam,
She still must slumber—God knows best.

But this I know, that those who say
Our best beloved would find no place
Have never hungered every day—
Through years and years—for one sweet face.—[Troy Times.

At Eventide.

BY MISARDIE.

The tender sunset flush has died
From out the western sky,
And now soft glances raineth down
From twinkling stars on high.
While slow and lingering dawns the moon
Up o'er the hilltop grey,
And Katydids begin to chirp
Their farewell song to-day.

Brighter and braver shine the stars
With merry golden eyes,
And rising from the sleeping sea
The wooing night winds sigh.
I hear the music of the waves
Steal through the gloaming deep,
That fills my heart with vague unrest
And longings strange and sweet.

I watch the path, the moon beams cast
Across the waters blue,
So dazzling fair, I seem to see
Where Heaven shineth through.
Then slowly fades the longing vain
From restless heart and mind,
And in its place reign sweet content
And rest and peace divine!

Newport, Sept. 25, 1887.

Selected Tale.

MUTINY AND HEROISM.

JAMES H. WATT.

When the ship "Sunderland" left New York, bound for Montevidio, she had in part a "shanghied" crew; that is, men who had been drunk and brought on board without their knowledge or consent, just before sailing. Seamen were scarce in New York at that time, so the shipping agents had resorted to that method to furnish the vessel her complement of men.

While she was being towed through the narrows, the officers went forward and roused up the drunken, half-stupefied men in the forecastle. The latter were a villainous looking set of men, and, to the surprise of the mates, only a few were found to be seamen. They lurched about the deck, quarreling and threatening violence if the ship were not put back.

Captain White saw that he had been deceived by the shipping agent, and on going forward ascertained that none of the crew had families or any responsible occupation. He told them they would have to make the best of the situation, as he must proceed on his voyage. It was the result of their own folly that they were on board.

At this they refused point-blank to work the ship. However, none of them dared to look into the muzzle of the captain's revolver, so the boatswain and second-mate, with many kicks and blows, at last forced the men to make sail, the three or four sailors going aloft to loose the canvass, while the new hands on deck did the hauling.

The first day at sea is always a trying one for both officers and men. A ship just leaving port is in about the condition of a newley rented house on the first day. The mates do not know what to expect of the crew, nor do the men know whether their officers intend to treat them with respect or to bully them. Consequently each class watches the other with distrust.

Of course, with the "Sunderland's" crew, the day was a continuous wrangle. A part of the men not being practical sailors, they were almost useless.

Toward night the wind increased to a gale, and the frightened landsmen were driven into the rigging to reef top-sails. They had to be followed aloft and shown what to do with the reef-points. The position of a man upon the top-sail-yard, trying to reef a heavy sail whipping in the wind, is not secure even if he is an old sailor. The 'longshoremen found they wanted both hands to hold on with. The mates managed to make them gather in the sail during a steady spell, but when the ship gave a lee lurch and the yard canted up at a right-angle their feet slipped along the foot rope, and letting go the sail they all grabbed for the jack-stay.

After a great deal of exertion the officers reefed the fore and main top sails, with but little help from the sea-sick men. The mizzen top-sail blew away before it could be secured.

The ship was heavily loaded and labored badly in the brisk sea, which soon followed the coming of a gale. He preferred to drive her with a single-reefed top sail, for he knew if he started his halyards the sails would slat to pieces before his clumsy crew could smother them. Each heavy gust pressed the leerail down into the water, and the spray flew over the bows in a continuous shower.

The discontent among the men grew more violent as darkness increased, and they began to feel the agonies of sea-sickness augmented by wet clothes and the raw, autumnal wind.

They quickly made up their minds to mutiny; and while crouched in the lee of the deck-house to escape the spray, arranged for concerted action at the first opportunity.

Before long a voice was heard calling, "Stand by the weather main braces!"

They went aft to the braces, and when the second mate noticed all hands were there, he advanced to ask why the watch below were on deck. For answer he was knocked down by a blow from a capstan bar, and quickly bound hand and foot.

Then they rushed upon the captain who shot the foremost through the shoulder; but the revolver was knocked away, and his throat clutched, by the fingers of a burly stevedore, whose hand was raised to stab him.

At this crisis there was heard a shriek so loud and unexpected that the astonished ruffians remained motionless for an instant. A white form with long blonde hair streaming in the wind, bounded through the cabin door, and, rushing upon the captain's assailant, caught the knife before it could descend.

Terror-stricken, the superstitious men fell back. Before the surprise was over the other officers ran up from below, and the mutineers were soon cowed and driven off the quarterdeck.

The woman was the captain's wife. The men didn't know that she was on board: so her sudden appearance and brave defence of her husband had made them waver at the time when success depended on immediate action.

After this there were no more open acts of mutiny: but the crew worked with a sullenness which showed that the fire of discontent was not quenched, but smouldering. One trifling cause served to foment the bitter feeling between the men and officers, which, under different circumstances, would have been considered only a joke.

The mate had a parrot, which was given the freedom of the decks when the ship had run down into warm weather. During the previous homeward voyage this bird had learned to repeat some of the most common orders. Until the new crew learned to distinguish the officers' voices from the imitation, they were frequently sent aloft to loose sail, or called aft to the braces by the mischievous bird, much to the annoyance of the mates and the anger of the men. Finally, just as the master had made up his mind to have the parrot kept below decks, it disappeared. The mate never discovered how; but, of course, he believed that the men had killed and thrown it overboard.

The man whom the captain wounded recovered slowly from the wound, having for some time a high fever. He was taken aft and treated with great kindness by the captain and his wife, despite the fact that he had been the leader in the mutiny. When he retired to his bunk he had been completely won by the treatment he had received from the man he had sought to kill. He therefore exerted his influence in the interest of peace, but the breach between the men and officers had been constantly widening during his illness, and was now too great to be closed by any ordinary measures.

The master was well aware of the insubordination among the crew, and began to consider the wisdom of abandoning his gentle measures and putting the ringleaders in irons. He enjoined upon his officers extra watchfulness and firmness, but distinctly forbade any bullying or hazing.

This was just before the ship crossed the line.

One evening the ship was struck by a "white squall"—one of those marine tornadoes which causes the loss of many a ship.

The night had the supassing beauty which makes the tropics so delightful. Sky and sea were nearly the same shade of clear, soft blue, separated by white, filmy haze hiding the horizon. The stars of the southern hemisphere shone overhead with a brilliancy seldom seen in northern latitudes. The crests of the waves gleamed with phosphorescent light against the dark background of the sea. Rising in quick succession they made running leaps up the side of the ship, falling back again with musical murmur, down over the copper-sheeting.

The breeze was only fresh enough to gently incline the deck of the ship, and the officer of the watch leaned against the taffrail, looking at the swelling canvass towering above him in three snowy pyramids, crossed at intervals by the black yards which stuck out from the taut weather-leeches of the sails, like spines in the dorsalphin of a fish; or, dropping his eyes, he watched the jelly fish floating by, glowing with phosphorescent light—red, blue, yellow and green—in such numbers that he amused himself by fancying the mermaids were having a dance by the light of Chinese lanterns.

Presently a little rattle of the canvass recalled him from his thoughts, and raising his head with a warning "No higher!" to the helmsman, he noticed a white haze on the weather horizon was slowly spreading upward

The low stars grew gradually paler, then vanished; and the bottom of the haze, instead of merging gradually into the deep blue of the sea, had changed to a distinct white line, which needed but a little watching to show it was rapidly coming nearer.

The practiced eye of the officer took in the situation at a glance, and, running to the brake of the quarter-deck, he shouted:

"Clew up the royals! Haul down the staysails and jib topsails! Call the watch below!"

The men sprang to the clew-lines and down-hauls. The tops of the three pyramids of sails faded away, giving a few indignant slaps, and the staysails ran down with a hoarse rattle of the iron honks. Before gear could be hauled home, the squall struck the ship with a force that almost made her reel, throwing her almost upon her beam ends, and half burying her amid the swirling foam.

"Let go everything!" yelled the master, as he scrambled up from his cabin, and rushed to the wheel to put the ship before the wind.

Away went sheets and halyards. The canvass bellied and collapsed, caught full again, and jerked away from the yards in streaming tatters, with a roar like a broadside of heavy guns. The helm was useless, for the ship was pressed down upon the water and held motionless, except for a quiver like that seen in a frightened horse, caused by the springing and bending of her pliant spars. Her lee yard-arms were buried in the water, and the crew, finding it impossible to stay upon the almost perpendicular deck, had crawled over the weather-bulwarks to the outside of the ship, where they clung to the channels.

Captain White worked his way along to one of the cabin air ports, and smashing it in with his boot, called to his wife:

"We are knocked down, Mary! Reach up your hands. You are small enough to be pulled through the window."

"Never mind me, John! Look to your ship!" she answered.

"But if the sea gets up we shall founder."

"Look to your ship, John! I can come when I get the log-book and chronometer. Look to your ship!"

He turned, and motioning to the crew to follow, crawled forward to the forecastle. By working half under water they succeeded in letting go the lee anchor, and the chain, having no stopper but a spun-yard lashing, ran out to the bitter end, and hung from the bows straight up and down in the water, one hundred and twenty fathoms long.

The effect was immediate. Pressed by the squall, the ship swung round, as if pivoted on the chain, and when the under side of the spars and remnants of the sails caught the gale, she righted slowly to an even keel, and lay head to wind, the torn canvas and broken spars aloft, slatting and hanging.

It was just in time, for the first violence of the storm, which had kept the water flat, was now abated, and the waves began to rise rapidly. They came with a rush that showed force enough to have soon wrenched off the hatches and sunk the ship, had she remained upon her beam ends.

When a semblance of order was restored aloft, and the vessel placed under command again, the captain went below to tell his wife that all danger was past. In a few moments his excited voice was heard calling:

"Send the carpenter aft!"

Chips obeyed the summons; and when he entered the cabin, was astonished to find the captain's wife jammed by a heavy chest against a splintered lee bulkhead and half covered with broken crockery from the shelves of the steward's locker.

When the ship went over she had jumped from her bed to run on deck, but the chest broke away from its lashings on the weather side, and sliding across the floor, knocked her down and half through the thin pine paling, holding her there, bruised, bleeding, and unable to move.

She knew if her husband left the deck to come to her assistance the few moments in which he might right the ship would be lost. When he called through the broken port she said nothing of her situation, feeling sure if advised of it his first thoughts would be of her. She purposely misled him by her feigned solicitude for the safety of the log-book, and forgeting her own danger, admonished him to look to his ship.

If the vessel had gone down she would have been drowned like a helpless animal in a trap; but she ran the risk, in order that the crew on deck might not be diverted from their efforts to save the ship. With this end in view, she made no outcry when the heaving of the ship moved the chest back and forth, grinding her against the sharp splinters.

She had fainted from pain when the captain found her. Part of the bulkhead had to be cut away to release her without further laceration from the ragged edges of the woodwork.

When the carpenter went forward, he told what he had seen in the cabin; and the man who had been at the wheel related the conversation that had passed between the captain and his wife through the window.

The crew were impressed. Sailors are especially quick to recognize true womanhood, and are outspoken admirers of that high moral courage which often nerves delicate ladies, in times of great danger, to a heroism seldom equalled by the sterner sex.

After breakfast, the next Sunday morning, Mrs. White appeared on deck for the first time since the squall. She was seated in an easy chair on the quarter-deck, her arm in a sling, and a bandage round her forehead. The officers were saddenly startled by seeing the crew coming aft in a body; and remembering their former experience, immediately assumed a defensive attitude.

One of the men reassured them by advancing as spokesman, and saying, with much rude eloquence, that they wished to thank Mrs. White for her brave and unselfish action, both in defending her husband, and for indirectly saving the ship when struck by the squall, as they knew well that, had she been released first the ship could not have been released afterwards. They had been so determined that a show of force by the officers would not have sufficed to make them work the vessel to Montevideo; but the courage and kindness of the weakest member of the ship's company had done more than all the powder and ball in the arm chest could have accomplished; namely, induced them to give up their intention to mutiny again, and run the ship ashore near Pernambuco.

They all felt that she should be credited with the prevention of mutiny and bloodshed, the safety of the ship and the lives of the officers. Presenting their respects to Mrs. White, they assured her and the officers that they would be peaceable and subordinate for the rest of the voyage.

The man who had been wounded during the mutiny brought aft a hammock which he had made of codline to Mrs. White, and when he had slung it in the shade of a sail, she was placed in it, well pleased at the influence a good woman could have over sixteen lawless and desperate men.

After the "Sunderland" reached port the incidents of the voyage were made the subject of much comment by the press; and the captain's wife received every mark of respect and attention from the masters of the vessels then lying in the harbor of Montevideo.—Argonaut.

Men of One Idea.

Some of our Judges are men of one idea. A short time ago a learned Judge had never heard the name of one of the most popular actors of the day, and another has asked: "What is baccarat?" which had been mentioned in the course of a case heard before him. At length, however, there are signs that their lordships are becoming conscious of what is going on in the world, and they occasionally glance through a newspaper. When one of the counsel in a recent case called Mr. J. L. Toole, and said, "You are known as Mr. J. L. Toole, the lessee of Toole's Theatre," the Lord Chief-Justice triumphantly exclaimed: "We all know that." This is certainly a hopeful sign.—*Chamber's Journal.*

Cardinal Newman's "Lead, Kindly Light."

In reply to the question whether his celebrated hymn, "Lead, kindly Light," consists originally and authentically of three or four verses, Cardinal Newman writes from the Oratory, Birmingham, to the editor of the *Cambrian* newspaper at Swansea, as follows:—"I feel the compliment paid me in the insertion of a translation (into Welsh) of my verses, 'Lead, kindly Light.' In answer to your question, I can but say that it consists of three, not four stanzas, and the fourth (published in Hymnal Companion) is, to use your words, not authentic, but an unwarranted addendum by another pen. Excuse my bad writing.—Your faithful servant, J. H. Cardinal Newman."

A horse frequently wins a race on the spur of the moment.

The Island in Autumn.

Autumn is the season of the year which most tends to make men and women reflective, especially men and women of the class of people who do not win their daily bread by the sweat of their brows. In the pleasant country places the farmers are garnering the fruits of the earth; they have labored well and been rewarded for the patient work. Nature has helped them generously, as she helps us all when we ask it of her, and come to her with the simple faith of child to mother. They have harrowed the ground, sown their seed, watched and tended the crops with a steadfast belief that their toil will be requited. All their talk is of their crops, whether the past summer has been more favorable to corn or oats, vegetables or fruit. How much my neighbor the farmer has accomplished; his fields, which I have idly watched since they first grew green in springtime, have been clothed with lines of grain which overtopped the gray stone walls in midsummer, and are now gathered and stored away in barn and rick. The calves in his barnyard, which I greeted in their earliest days, are now grown tall, awkward and handsome. The litter of pinky white piglets, which in the July days were wont to follow their mother on her incursions, upon our vegetable gardens, are grown to be great strapping porkers, and are being fattened, poor creatures, against that dire day, the 2d of November I think it is, set apart in Rhode Island for the slaughter of the innocent pig. My neighbor does not torture himself with self-questionings as to whether he has made the most of the precious summer months, as so many of us do. He has risen at dawn and worked till dark every day since April began, and he knows that he has done the best that he knew how to do. To be sure, in our last chat together he did express his doubts about the wisdom of letting the big four-acre lot raise no better crop than hay, and "reckoned" that next season he would give it a try with seed corn.

"And that thar orchard," he continued, "that's no more good to me than if it were your'n; them old apple trees don't bear nothin' 'cept what's fit for the hogs to eat, and the roots of 'em goes out so far that nothin' will grow near 'em." The beautiful old trees, they are only so many encumbrances to him, though photographers have come all the way from town to make their likenesses, and their gray gnarled trunks and twisted boughs are at once the delight and despair of every painter who sees them. Truly it is a wise life, the farmer's, and I think that those sons of Adam who go back to the first profession of man are the most sensible of the descendants of "the grand old farmer and his wife."

The oaks still wear their thick green dresses, though they begin to look a little shabby, and the maples have touches of brown and scarlet here and there in their leaves.

High in the branches of the old nut tree, the very nimblest of child climbers—he who converted me to Darwinism by many adventures in the tree tops, which no boy merely descended from a two-legged man could ever have achieved—found and brought me a woodland treasure. It lies beside me on my table, a marvel of cunning skill. From a little distance it looks like a small branch of a tree, with a rather large knot upon it. Closer examination shows the knot to be a perfect humming bird's nest. The tiny thing is lined with the softest wool, and covered with that gray lichen moss which grows on all old trees, and which is so nicely matched to the moss on the little branch, that it is impossible to tell where the moss that grew on the branch ends, and that which was added by the little artificer begins.—*M. H. in Boston Transcript.*

The Sovereign.

The British sovereign, or pound sterling, is a legal tender to unlimited amount, and contains 113 grains of fine gold, alloyed with 2 grains of copper to every 22 grains fine. Under the act of 1816, when our silver standard was abolished, the gold pound was made to constitute the sole unit and standard of value of our monetary system. Coins of gold first came into use in the reign of Edward III., his "noble" being valued at 6s. 8d., but as it gradually increased in value until it became 10s. Edward VI. replaced the former coin by an "angel," which continued till the Commonwealth. The "mark" was a "double angel," valued at 13s. 4d. The name sovereign was first given to the "double royal" stamped with the figure of Henry VII., and was made current for 20s.; Henry VIII. called it a "unit," and stamped it with the Roman numerals XX.; Charles I. called it a guinea, because the gold emanated from the Guinea coast. Guineas were first coined in 1663; later this coin fluctuated in value from 20s. to 21s., until George I. declared it a representative of 21s. After this we had a double standard, until in 1816 the sovereign in its present form was again made identical with the pound sterling, and the silver coins became mere tokens, deriving their value from the pound, as at present. The half sovereign was the "noble" of Edward III. and the "royal" of Henry VII.—*Longman's Magazine.*

An Esquimau Dog with a History.

Wolf, the nigh leader of the dog team that drew the sledges in the famous Greely Artic expedition, is now a resident of Oakland, having spent the summer there for his health. He may be seen at the home of John W. McNeil, a painter, living at 819 Lydia street, where he is kept at the expense of Gen. Sherman, his owner. Wolf has a history. He is the only dog ever enlisted in the United States navy, and after the close of the expedition Wolf was given his regular papers of honorable discharge from the Government employ. Lieut. Greely, in whose possession Wolf fell, presented him to Gen. Sherman, who has ever since kept him. The hot Eastern summers have been very trying on Wolf's cold blood, and this summer he was sent to California that he might escape the heat. He was sent consigned to George H. King, of San Francisco, who had a brother-in-law in the expedition. Mr. King placed him in the care of Mr. McNeil. Wolf is a large animal with long gray silky hair and possesses superior intelligence.

Soon after the death of the poet Wordsworth, a man met a farmer of the neighbourhood, and said to him, "You heve had a great loss. You have lost the great poet." "Ou, ay," replied the farmer, "he is dead; but I hae no doubt the wife will carry on the business, and make it as profitable as ivver it was."

Edith: "Ma that new maid is dreadfully stupid." Mamma: "What has she done?" "Why, I want to practice a little, so I sent her to the music-room for 'The Lost Chord.'" "Well?" "She brought me the clothes-line."

"Jennie," said a young lady, turning away from the mirror, and addressing a companion, "what would you do if you had a moustache on your lip?"—"If I liked him I would keep quiet," was the demure reply.

ANTOINETTE SOMES'S ROMANCE.

She Runs Away to Marry Her Lover and Returns the Wife of a Future Baron.

Several days ago a handsome lady, accompanied by a bright pale-faced boy of some five years, registered at the Troy House as "Mrs. I. Maitland and son, Shanghai, China." There is quite a romance connected with Mrs. Maitland's life. Some twenty years back, Mrs. Maitland lived with her parents on North Third street. She was a romantic school girl of some fifteen summers, and was then known as Antoinette Somes. In some inconceivable way the girl formed an attachment for a young man living out of town. The Somes people were of the stern Quaker blood, and, hearing of their daughter's clandestine meetings with the young man from out of town, Antoinette was forbidden to keep further company with her lover. But where is the young school girl that reasons at the age of guileless 15? The parents meant well, but the daughter looked at their opposition as merciless persecution. The girl accordingly made arrangements with her lover to leave the city. An elopement was the result, and Antoinette was renounced by her watchful sire.

Everything went well with the young and romantic couple. They were married and settled in California. After a few years of married bliss Antoinette lost her husband. Some friends were going to China, and they persuaded the young woman to accompany them. So in far-off China the Troy girl found a home. Her parents lost all trace of her whereabouts for many years. The young woman seemed to possess a lucky star. She was courted and flattered by the gay colony of Americans at Shanghai, and reigned a belle for years. One day she was taken sick and her life hung by a thread for many weeks. She was advised to visit a health resort in China, and accordingly did as she was bidden. While the invalid was slowly regaining strength she formed the acquaintance of a wealthy Scotch merchant named I. Maitland, the eldest son of Sir John Maitland, a Scotch Baron, who possesses many acres in the land of Caledonia. Mr. Maitland fell in love with the Troy girl, and to make a long story short, married her. This is our Troy girl's romance. Mrs. Maitland was advised some months since to leave her home at Shanghai, China, owing to the poor health of her son.

A trip to America was recommended, and accordingly Mrs. Maitland started with her boy for the far-off home she had left so many years ago. A great many changes had occured in Troy since Mrs. Maitland so suddenly departed. Her father had died, but her mother, Mrs. Maria Somes, and a sister still lived at the old home on North Third Street. It is needless to say that the wanderer was received with open arms by the delighted relatives, and that the foolish little escapade of Mrs. Maitland's girlhood was entirely overlooked. Mrs. Maitland is now visiting with friends on the Albany road. She intends to remain in Troy until spring, and possibly longer if her son's health does not improve. The boy, John Maitland, is the future heir to the estate and dignity of his Scotch grandfather, Sir John Maitland.—*Troy Press.*

At an evening sociable a musical young lady played and sang a piece called "Sylvan Sounds," in which the singing and notes of the linnet and the lark were imitated. "Did not that young lady's singing remind you of the singing of birds? You might have thought she was really a bird." "Yes, but I never saw a bird sit down at a table after it got through singing and hide away three or four cups of tea, half a ham, and enough cake and ice cream to founder a mule. You never saw a lark or a linnet do that, did you?"

A very richly dressed woman, alighted from an elegant carriage, and, entering a furniture shop, asked to be shown some lounges. "What kind of a lounge shall I show you?" asked the shopman. "Oh, la me! I don't know," was the reply. "I just want something I can flop down on when I'm give out. I've got half a dozen divans and sofas in my house now: but when it comes to flopping down and taking it easy, there ain't none of 'em of any account."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Combines, in a manner peculiar to itself, the best blood-purifying and strengthening remedies of the vegetable kingdom. You will find this wonderful remedy effective where other medicines have failed. Try it now. It will purify your blood, regulate the digestion, and give new life and vigor to the entire body.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla did me great good. I was tired out from overwork, and it toned me up." MRS G. E. SIMMONS, Cohoes, N. Y.

"I suffered three years from blood poison. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and think I am cured." MRS. M. J. DAVIS, Brockport, N. Y.

Purifies the Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the *combination* of remedial agents; 2d, the *proportion*; 3d, the *process* of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. P. THOMPSON, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. BARRINGTON, 130 Bank Street, New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

SEASIDE MARKET,

292 THAMES., Near Post Office.

W. S. LAWTON, - - - Proprietor.

DEALER IN

Choice Meats, Poultry, Game,

Tongues, Lard, Hams, Bacon, Eggs, Butter, Vegetables, and everything for a First-Class Table. Families Supplied and Orders called for Daily by Responsible Men. Goods promptly delivered. Agent for J. & J. Darlington Philadelphia Butter. Connected by Telephone.

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

COAL Coal & Wood,

PERRY MILL Wf., 341 THAMES ST

COTTRELL,

144 Thames Street.

Sells all sorts of reliable Shoes from the Genuine Waukenphast at $9, to the best $2.50 Shoe in the market.

ASK FOR THE **P. COX SHOE** —FOR— BOYS, YOUTHS, LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN.

We are Agents for the Celebrated P. COX Shoe for Ladies, Misses and Children.

A full line of Children's Shoes, Heel and Spring Heel, in Lace and Button at COTTRELL'S, 144 THAMES STREET.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY, WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP, THAT THE

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y

By reason of its central position, close relation to principal lines East of Chicago and continuous lines at terminal points West, Northwest and Southwest—is the only true middle-link in that transcontinental system which invites and facilitates travel and traffic in either direction between the Atlantic and Pacific.

The Rock Island main line and branches include Chicago, Joliet, Ottawa, La Salle, Peoria, Geneseo, Moline and Rock Island, in Illinois; Davenport, Muscatine, Washington, Fairfield, Ottumwa, Oskaloosa, West Liberty, Iowa City, Des Moines, Indianola, Winterset, Atlantic, Knoxville, Audubon, Harlan, Guthrie Centre and Council Bluffs, in Iowa; Gallatin, Trenton, St. Joseph, Cameron and Kansas City, in Missouri; Leavenworth and Atchison, in Kansas; Albert Lea, Minneapolis and St. Paul, in Minnesota; Watertown in Dakota, and hundreds of intermediate cities, towns and villages.

THE GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

Guarantees Speed, Comfort and Safety to those who travel over it. Its roadbed is thoroughly ballasted. Its track is of heavy steel. Its bridges are solid structures of stone and iron. Its rolling stock is perfect as human skill can make it. It has all the safety appliances that mechanical genius has invented and experience proved valuable. Its practical operation is conservative and methodical—its discipline strict and exacting. The luxury of its passenger accommodations is unequaled in the West—unsurpassed in the world.

ALL EXPRESS TRAINS between Chicago and the Missouri River consist of comfortable DAY COACHES, magnificent PULLMAN PALACE PARLOR and SLEEPING CARS, elegant DINING CARS providing excellent meals, and —between Chicago, St. Joseph, Atchison and Kansas City—restful RECLINING CHAIR CARS.

THE FAMOUS ALBERT LEA ROUTE

Is the direct, favorite line between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul. Over this route solid Fast Express Trains run daily to the summer resorts, picturesque localities and hunting and fishing grounds of Iowa and Minnesota. The rich wheat fields and grazing lands of interior Dakota are reached via Watertown.

A short desirable route, via Seneca and Kankakee, offers superior inducements to travelers between Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Lafayette and Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Minneapolis, St. Paul and intermediate points.

All classes of patrons, especially families, ladies and children, receive from officials and employes of Rock Island trains protection, respectful courtesy and kindly attention.

For Tickets, Maps, Folders—obtainable at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada—or any desired information, address,

R. R. CABLE, Pres't & Gen'l M'g'r, Chicago. E. ST. JOHN, Ass't Gen'l M'g'r, Chicago. E. A. HOLBROOK, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt., Chicago.

Something New!

I have just received the finest assortment of Gold Banner Stands, Plaque Holders, Cup and Saucer Easels, Cabinet Easels, Table Easels, etc., etc., ever shown in this city. Fine

MOULDINGS,

of every description. Wholesale and retail or joined into frames at shortest notice. Old frames regilded. Mats and passepartouts made at

W. H. Arnold's,

12 Broadway.

WM. H. ASHLEY & Co.,

Reliable, One Price Clothiers of Fall River are showing large lines of Men's, Young Men's, Boys' and Children's

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING,

At prices generally lower than can be found elsewhere. Pleased to have you visit us,

WM. H. ASHLEY & CO.,

No 20 South Main Street,

51 Second Street, Borden's Block

Fall River, Mass.

Traveler's Directory.

Fall River Line

FARES REDUCED.

New York $2.00 For Special Limited Tickets.

Reduction To All Other Points.

Steamers Pilgrim and Bristol in commission. Leave Newport week days at 9 P. M. Sundays at 10 P. M. Due in New York at about 7.30 A. M. Connection by annex boat for Brooklyn and Jersey City on arrival.

RETURNING leave New York from Pier 28 North River, foot of Murray St., at 5 P. M. daily, Sundays included, touching at Newport at about 3.30 A. M.

EASTBOUND PASSENGERS not desiring to leave the steamer at Newport should purchase tickets via Fall River and take parlor car from steamer wharf at 8.10 A. M., due at Newport at 9 A. M. Fare $2.50. Seats in PARLOR CAR FREE to holders of New York tickets via Fall River. Steam heat in staterooms. An orchestra on each steamer.

J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager, Boston.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen. Pass. Agt., Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

Carrying United States Mail.

Direct Route from Newport

—TO—

New York & Providence.

FALL ARRANGEMENT.

Steamer Eolus

Will commence Monday, October 1, 1887, leaving Newport four times daily (Sundays 10.30 P. M.)

7.30 A. M.—For Providence and Boston, due in Providence at 9.15 A. M., Boston 10.50 A. M., also for Kingston, Westerly, Stonington, New London, New Haven and New York, due in New York at 3.30 P. M.

*11.40 A. M.—For New York by Newport Special Express, with Drawing Room Cars from Wickford Landing, stopping at Kingston, Stonington, New London, Saybrook, New Haven, Bridgeport, Norwalk and Stamford. Due in New York at 5.05 P. M. Also due in Providence at 1.42 P. M., and Boston at 3.00 P. M.

2.45 P. M.—For Providence and Boston, due in Providence at 5.35 P. M., Boston 7.05 P. M., also for Kingston, Westerly, Stonington, New London, Norwich, New Haven and New York, due in New York at 10.30 P. M.

10.30 P. M.—For New York, connecting with Night Mail train from Providence at 12.25 A. M., and due in New York at 7.00 A. M.

Leaving Wickford Landing. Connects with Trains from New York and Providence, as follows:

8.00 A. M.—From New York, Boston Express with Drawing Room Cars to Wickford Junction, arriving in Newport at 9.20 P. M.

*2.00 P. M.—From New York by Newport Special Express, with Drawing Room Cars to Wickford Landing, arriving at Newport at 6.15 P. M.

5.30 P. M.—From Providence for Newport (Wickford Special) arrive at Wickford at 6.20 P. M. and Newport at 6.15 P. M.

11.00 P. M.—From New York (Night Mail train) due in Newport at 6.15 A. M.

Connection from Newport for Providence and Boston, as follows: 7.30 and 11.40 A. M., 2.45 and 10.30 P. M., and from Providence for Newport at 8.00, A. M., 12.20 and 5.30 P. M., and 12.25 A. M.

*Express trains to and from New York will not stop at Bellevile or Wickford unless flagged.

Sleeping Cars to and from Wickford Landing on and after July 1.

Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points South and West.

J. B. GARDINER, Supt., Providence.
C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

Old Colony Railroad.

WEEK-DAY TRAINS.

ON and after Monday, June 6th, 1887, trains will leave Newport, week days, for Boston 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M; RETURN, 5.50, 8.30, 11.40, A. M., 3.40, 4.45, *6.00 P. M. Trains from Boston are due at Newport at 9.00, 11.15 A. M., 2.25, 5.50, 8.15 P. M. For Portsmouth Grove, 7.25, †10.20, A. M., 12.55 P. M. RETURN, 18.47, †11.02 A. M., 12.12, 16.55, 17.52 P. M. For Coal Mines, 7.25, 10.20 A. M., 2.55 P. M. RETURN, 8.43, 10.55, A. M., 2.07, 5.55, 7.42 P. M. Bristol Ferry, 7.25, 10.20 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN, 8.39, 10.55 A. M., 2.02, 5.46, 7.29, P. M. Tiverton, 7.25, 7.50, 10.20 A. M. 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN, 8.31, 10.18 A. M., 1.56 6.30, 5.41, 7.15, P. M. Fall River, 7.25, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55 5.15 P. M. RETURN, (Ferry Street) 8.25, 10.38 A. M., 1.46, 5.20, 5.25, 6.53 P. M. Taunton, 7.25, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN, (Central Station) 7.20, 9.50 A. M., 1.00, 6.05, *5.56 P. M.; (Dean Street), 4.43 P. M. Middleboro, 7.50, 10.20 A. M. 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN, 6.30, 9.31 A. M., 1.01, 3.35, *6.02 P. M. Cape Cod, 7.50 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Plymouth, 2.55 P. M. New Bedford, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M.: Return [Pearl Street] 4.50, 9.00, 10.56 A. M., 3.35, *5.35 P. M. Fitchburg, and stations on Northern Division, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Lowell, 7.50 A. M. 2.55 P. M. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 7.50 A. M. Nantucket, 7.50 A. M. Providence, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 5.15 P. M. RETURN 7.30, 9.35 A. M., 12.10, 4.15, P. M.

Sunday trains leave Newport for Tiverton Fall River, Taunton, No. Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, So. Braintree and Boston at 6.30 P. M. Leaves Boston at 4.45 A. M.

*Boat from Fall River.
†Will stop to leave passengers or when flagged.

J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager.
J. H. FRENCH, Div. Sup't. Boston
J. H. JORDAN, Ag't Newport.

On and After Monday, Oct. 3d, 1887,

Str. CONANICUT

Will run as follows:

LEAVE JAMESTOWN	LEAVE NEWPORT
6.15 A. M.	6.45 A. M.
8.15 "	9.30 "
10.45 "	12.00 M.
1.30 P. M.	2.45 P. M.
3.30 "	4.15 "
5.30 "	6.30 "
SUNDAYS.	
9.45 A. M.	10.15 A. M.
4.00 P. M.	4.30 P. M.

A NEW LINE OF

CARPETS

—AT—

M. Cottrell's.

NEW STYLES IN

CHAMBER FURNITURE!

NEW LINE OF

PAPER HANGINGS.

Furniture of all Descriptions, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings.

M. COTTRELL,
COTTRELL BLOCK,
11-16 Next to the Post Office.

For Sale.

An extra lot of Hardy Trees Cheap. Spruces, Abor Vitas and Maples.

H. M. WILSON.

Cor. Forest-ave. & West Main Road.
9-17-2m

CHASE'S RENOVATING COMPOUND FOR DISEASES OF POULTRY.

AT the solicitation of many people who have used this remedy for their poultry the discoverer has put it in the market.

JOHN H. CHASE, Proprietor,
General Agency at Taylor's Pharmacy, 104 Thames street. 9-26

Miscellaneous.

P. J. MURPHY,

Practical Plumber

SUCCESSOR TO C. GREASON,

AT THE OLD STAND.

161 SPRING STREET,

(1 door north of Mill St.)

SANITARY PLUMBING and VENTILATION

A specialty, and will receive prompt and personal attention. First class work solicited, and references furnished on application. Connected by telephone

Eddy's Refrigerators

ARE THE

-B*E*S*T-

A large assortment of all sizes and styles now in store and for sale at reasonable prices by the manufacturer's SOLE AGENT for Newport,

W. K. COVELL, Jr.,

163 Thames St.

Dealer in choice Housefurnishing goods.

NEW BOOKS

—AT—

CLARKE'S

A Desperate Chance, by J. D. J. KELLY. 50c.
Red Spider, by C. BARING GOULD, 50c.
Mr. Barnes of New York, 50c.
The Bag of Diamonds, by GEO. MANVILLE FENN, 25c.
Us in a Looking Glass, by F. C. PHILIPS, 25c.

For sale at

Clarke's News Depot

FRENCH'S HOTEL.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

Opposite City Hall, Court House, Post Office, and adjoining Brooklyn Bridge, N. Y.

Rooms, $1 per day and upwards.

Ladies' Dining Room and Gentlemen's Cafe with unexcelled service.

THOS. J. FRENCH, Prop.

6 OF THE HANDSOMEST

-P-O-N-I-E-S-

In New England, suitable for both ladies and children.

For Sale or To Let by the Season.

Call and examine them at

GEORGE P. LAWTON'S, Park Stables,

(Cor. Spring and Touro Streets).

CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
Wall Papers,
WINDOW SHADES,
CURTAIN POLES,
DRAPERY MATERIALS,

—AND—

FURNITURE COVERINGS

Also a large line of

ENGLISH WOODSTOCK CARPETS

—AND—

RUGS and MATS.

W. C. Cozzens & Co.,

138 Thames St.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted absolutely pure Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

FALL and WINTER

SUITINGS,

Overcoatings and Trouserings.

A large assortment just received by

WILLIAM C. LANGLEY & SON,

Cor. Mary & Thames St.

SCRATCHED 28 YEARS.

A Scaly, Itching, Skin Disease with Endless Suffering Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

If I had known of the CUTICURA REMEDIES twenty-eight years ago it would have saved me $200 (two hundred dollars) and an immense amount of suffering. My disease (Psoriasis) commenced on my hand in a spot not larger than a cent. It spread rapidly all over my body and got under my nails. The scales would drop off of me all the time, and my suffering was endless, and without relief. One thousand dollars would not tempt me to have this disease over again. I am a poor man, but feel rich to be relieved of what some of the doctors said was leprosy, some ring-worm, psoriasis, etc. I took .... and .... Sarsaparillas over one year and a half, but no cure. I went to two or three doctors and no cure. I cannot praise the CUTICURA REMEDIES too much.—They have made my skin as clear and free from scales as a baby's. All I used of them was three boxes of CUTICURA, and three bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and two cakes of CUTICURA SOAP. If you had been here and said you would have cured me for $200 you would have had the money. I looked like the picture in your book of Psoriasis, picture number two, "How to Cure Skin Diseases," but now I am as clear as any person ever was.—Through force of habit I rub my hands over my arms and legs to scratch once in a while, but to no purpose. I am all well. I scratched twenty-eight years, and it got to be a kind of second nature to me. I thank you a thousand times. Anything more that you want to know write me, or any one who reads this may write to me and I will answer it.

DENNIS DOWNING.

Waterbury, Vt., Jan. 20th, 1887.

Psoriasis, Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Lichen, Pruritus, Scald Head, Milk Crust, Dandruff, Barbers', Bakers', Grocers' and Washerwoman's Itch, and every species of Itching, Burning, Scaly, Pimply Humors of the Skin and Scalp and Blood, with Loss of Hair, are positively cured by CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier internally, when physicians and all other remedies fail.

Sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cents; CUTICURA SOAP, 25 cents; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, $1.00. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

Catarrhal Dangers.

To be freed from the dangers of suffocation while lying down; to breathe freely, sleep soundly and undisturbed; to rise refreshed, head clear, brain active and free from pain or ache; to know that no poisonous, putrid matter defiles the breath and rots away the delicate machinery of smell, taste and hearing; to feel that the system does not, through its veins and arteries, suck up the poison that is sure to undermine and destroy, is indeed a blessing beyond all other human enjoyments. To purchase immunity from such a fate should be the object of all afflicted. But those who have tried many remedies and physicians despair of relief or cure.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE meets every phase of Catarrh, from a simple head cold to the most loathsome and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional. Instant in relieving, permanent in curing, safe, economical and never-failing.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE consists of one bottle of the RADICAL CURE, one box CATARRHAL SOLVENT, and one IMPROVED INHALER, all wrapped in one package, with treatise and directions, and sold by all druggists for $1.00.

POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

No Rheumatiz About Me.

IN ONE MINUTE.

The Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves Rheumatic, Sciatic, Sudden, Sharp and Nervous Pains, Strains and Weaknesses. The first and only pain-killing plaster. New, original, instantaneous, infallible, safe. A marvellous Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness. Utterly unlike and vastly superior to all other plasters. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for $1.00; or, postage free, of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

HAY-FEVER TRY the CURE.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50c. at druggists; by mail registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 235 Greenwich St., New York.

—AT—

HAZARD & HORTON'S, 42 Church St.,

You can find a nice line of Draperies, Furniture Coverings, Piazza and other Furniture, Brass Andirons and a fine line of

IRON Fire-Irons,

viz: Shovel and Tongs, Andirons and Umbrella Stands. They make fine furniture to order; also Hair Mattresses and Feather Pillows of the finest quality. Re-upholster and re-cover, repair and re-finish furniture, and do general jobbing at short notice.

HENRY D. SPOONER

(Successor to Gould & Son)

Merchant Tailor,

Chambers, Gas Building

179 THAMES STREET

Will carry on the TAILORING BUSINESS with a carefully selected stock of

Fashionable & Seasonable Goods.

By close attention to business and an exact execution of orders, he hopes to obtain a share of the public patronage.

James U. Cooper,

PAINTER AND GLAZIER.

3 MILL STREET.

PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL & SIGN PAINTING GLAZING and GRAINING. SPECIAL ATTENTION given to KALSOMINING.

NEWPORT HARD WAX POLISH.

Orders left for W. E. B. Hayman, artist and decorator, will receive prompt attention.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men.

KNOW THYSELF.

More Than One Million Copies Sold.

It treats upon Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, Exhausted Vitality, Lost Manhood, Impaired Vigor and Impurities of the Blood, and the untold miseries consequent thereon. Contains 300 pages, substantial embossed binding, full gilt. Warranted the best popular medical treatise published in the English language. Price only $1 by mail, postpaid, and concealed in a plain wrapper. Illustrative sample free if you send now.

PUBLISHED by the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. W. H. PARKER, M. D., Consulting Physician, to whom all orders should be addressed.

Good Bye.

BY HARRY T. WILSON.

A poor fond heart, O days so dark and dreary,
The world with its fair joys, has passed me by,
The sunshine, in my path has changed to shadow
To all things sweet, in life I've bid good bye.

The starred page is filled with love's disasters
Of ill starred Heloise, and Abelard,
Of Antony and green eyed Cleopatra,
So fast, so fast, within love's thraldom barred.

But ah, alas the worm within the rosebud
And ah alas beneath the smile a sigh
For lovers lips with kisses fresh upon them
Have said,—will say that weary word good bye,

The night winds wuthering 'gainst my turret casement
In wanton fury shrieks its wild arrest—
As if a spirit, lost—, this now its mission
To wend a'er sins in life long unconfessed.

Wrongs to make right, to give the friendless succor
This to have done ere he had come to die,
Then sinking soft among the leafless branches
It wailspered sweet and low, Good Bye, Good Bye.

O poor fond heart, O days, O nights so dreary
Is rest so sure perturbed spirit when we die?
O my lost love!—my fairest dream of women
Mary, Queen of Hearts Good Bye—Good Bye.

The Infant Medusa.

BY POSEIDON.

I loved Medusa when she was a child,
Her rich brown tresses heaped in crispy curl,
Where now those locks with reptile passion whirl,
By hate into disheveled serpents coiled;
I loved Medusa when her eyes were mild
Whose glances, venomed now, perdition hurl,
As her self-tangled hairs their mass unfurl,
Bristling the way she turns with hissings wild.

Her mouth I kissed when curved with amorous spell,
Now shaped to the unuttered curse of hell,
With open for death's orbs to freeze upon;
Her eyes I loved are glazed in icy stare,
Ere mortals, lured into their ruthless glare,
She shriveled in her gaze to pulseless stone.

THOMAS GORDON HAKE.

—*The Academy.*

Mary Queen of Scots.

Mary had about her a full measure of that indefinable charm which was the heirloom of her unfortunate race, set off by that fatal gift of rare personal beauty which contributed so much to the sorrows as well as the successes of her life. But we are inquiring, be it remembered, into her claims, not as a heroine of romance, but as a canonized saint, well qualified, according to the *Univers*, to take rank with the brightest examples of Christian zeal and devotion in the early ages of martyrdom. And in view of such an inquiry we are compelled to remark that she was openly charged with atrocious crimes, and that to this day the charges, though they have never been proved, have not been refuted. We say that they are not proved; we do not even undertake to affirm that they may not at some future period be disproved, though after three centuries of searching investigations by critics both hostile and friendly with no decisive result this must appear highly improbable; but we feel sure that a pontiff of so keenly historical a mind as Leo XIII. would allow at once that a verdict of "not proven" is the most favorable that can as yet be pronounced. Mary may not have been the guilty paramour of Rizzio or Chastelard; she may have been the victim and tool, not the accomplice of Bothwell, and have had no cognizance of the plot against the life of her worthless husband. She may have been equally guiltless, as she protested on the scaffold, of any complicity in the conspiracies against the life of Elizabeth, and some excuse might plausibly be urged for her under the circumstances of her cruel lot, and in the perverse state of opinion then prevalent and sanctioned by the highest authorities on the lawfulness of tyrannicide, if she did eventually give her assent to them. But after conceding all this, and even supposing her innocence of all the charges against her were ever to be established, we should still be a long way from any evidence of "heroic virtue" or indeed of any special piety or unworldliness of life. It is one thing to absolve her from the heavy indictment which at present lies upon her memory, neither proved nor disproved, but in general estimation much nearer proof than disproof; quite another thing to show that she was a saint. When the process for canonizing Bellarmine was under discussion, one of the Cardinals who opposed it observed that "the new saints made him suspicious of the old ones." We are afraid the canonization of Mary Stuart might suggest a similar observation to many others besides the Cardinals immediately concerned.—[*The Saturday Review.*

A Good Story.

Some years ago Frederick W. Seward, in a conversation with a gentleman connected with "*The Albany Journal*," inquired if "Jake" Winne was still foreman of the composing-room of that newspaper. On being told that Jake still held the fort, Mr. Seward related this reminiscence of the famous Presidential campaign of 1860: "I was left in charge of "*The Albany Journal*" in 1860, while Thurlow Weed and George Dawson were absent at the Republican National Convention. The convention was to nominate my father for the Presidency. We were so sure of it that we had the 'Journal's' editorial on the nomination in type and a large quantity of gorgeous fireworks all ready to be touched off stored in a loft above the office. Well, the day the balloting was to begin Weed telegraphed me not to go to press until I got the Seward nomination, adding that he thought the convention would make it early enough to admit of the paper appearing at the usual time. That was the situation when along came a telegram bearing the news that Mr. Lincoln had been nominated. Whether or not I was taken aback I need not say. However, the instinct of the journalist was stronger than anything else, and I at once fell to writing a leader on the choice of the convention. Before doing so I scratched off the legend: 'For President, Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois,' and sent it up to Jake Winne with directions to have it set for the head of the editorial column. I had written a sentence or two of my editorial when I was signalled to come to the tube which connected the sanctum with the composing-room I recognized the voice of Winne.

"'Hallo, Jake,' I called up the tube, 'what's wanted?' 'Well, I want to know," replied Jake, 'what d—n name this is that you're sending up for President.'"

One of our school teachers was endeavoring to explain to a small boy in her class the meaning of the word "collision." She said: "Suppose two boys running on the street should come together real hard. What would there be?" "A fight," responded the little fellow loudly and with astonishing promptness, and the teacher gave it up.

Uncle Jack returns from a long walk, and, being somewhat thirsty, drinks from a tumbler he finds on the table. Enters his little niece, Alice, who sets up a yell of despair. Uncle Jack—What's the matter Allie? Alice (weeping)—You've drinked up my aquarium, and swallowed my free pollywogs.—Howls with anguish.

October Magazines.

The Century in the October issue completes another volume, No. XII of the new series, and the publishers may well be congratulated on the success of this ever popular magazine, which, since November 1880, has made the enormous gain of 28,000 copies an issue over that of the previous year. The historical department, of course, has contributed materially to this gain, yet comparing the present number of the magazine with its early numbers, we perceive a steady advance, not only in its make up pictorially and typographically, but in reading matter as well, the contributors forming a long list of the most eminent men and women of letters of the day. Abraham Lincoln, by John G. Nicolay and John Hay, abates not one jot in interest as the long story rolls on. The Secession Movement, the subject of the present instalment of the history, is one of the most thrilling subjects of this most momentous time. The War Papers this month relate the stirring story of the march through Georgia; Capt. Daniel Oakey contributing "Marching Through Georgia and the Carolinas;" Gen. H. W. Slocum, "Sherman's March from Savannah to Bentonville:" and Gen. Wade Hampton, "The Battle of Bentonville." The frontispiece is graced by a fine portrait of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, and an article on "Mrs. Stowe's 'Uncle Tom' at Home in Kentucky" is given by James Lane Allen. Joel Chandler Harris concludes Azalia; and The Hundredth Man, by Frank Stockton, has reached its last issue. Among other articles are contributions by Julia C. R. Dorr, Sarah M. B. Piatt, and Edmund C. Stedman.

Wide Awake can never be dull or stupid, otherwise this ever welcome magazine would belie its name. The present number is not one whit behind the times, yet the promise of the good things coming does make the mouth water, and the eyes take on a greedy look. The Christmas number is to contain such a feast of good things that there may be cause of fear lest the more temporal things, like roast turkey and plum pudding, be completely supplemented. There is to be a complete serial story by Mr. H. Rider Haggard, author of King Solomon's Mines, entitled A Tale of Three Lions. A serial for boys is to be begun by Sidney Luska, called My Uncle Florimond. Other eminent writers are to contribute short stories, ballads, etc. The promise is for a most magnificent number. In this current issue, the Prince (?) of story writers, Charles Egbert Craddock, brings to an end the thrilling story of Keedon Bluffs. Mary Hartwell Catherwood continues The Secrets at Boseladlus, and Lizzie W. Champney still has her valiant young hero searching for The Lost Medicine of the Utes. An Indian Corn Talk, by Amanda B. Harris, and A Catskill Bear Story, by Henry Tyrrell, are both most entertaining. Alice E. Freeman, of Wellesley College, is the subject of the present paper on Some Successful Women. Margaret Sidney continues her delightful talk about Concord, Her Highways and Byways. A Lament, by M. E. B., will reach the heart of many a sorrowful wanderer in the mazes of Orthography, and boys seeking after light upon the great national game will study the article on Football, by Elbridge S. Brooks, with avidity.

Harper's Magazine for the current month is replete with good things.—Many a summer pilgrim will feel perfectly competent to furnish bits of experience fully equal to that given in "Our Summer's Outing," by Kate Field, and perhaps have arrived at the same conclusion to which Uncle Sam and Aunt Fanny came, that if you wish to spend a summer comfortably, healthfully and economically, it had best be at home. An entertaining paper on "The Smallest of American Republics," is contributed by Wm. Eleroy Curtis. Costa Rico being a country most of us never expect to see, and about which we know very little, we are greatly pleased with the very clever sketches the author gives us. John F. Hurst, D. D., contributes "A Dead Portuguese City in India," both instructive and interesting. Kathleen O'Meara gives Part X of Narka, and Rebecca Harding Davis the fourth instalment of "Here and There in the South." Wm. Dean Howells, at Part IX, in "April Hopes," still leaves the reader to wonder how long the misery is to continue, and Blanche Willis Howard concludes "Tony, the Maid." A short story is also contributed by Constance Fenimore Woolson, "At the Chateau of Corinne." Henry James gives a very pleasing sketch of the work of John S. Sargent, finely illustrated from paintings of this gifted young artist, whom, we are pleased to learn, we have a fine opportunity of claiming as a countryman.

St. Nicholas, for October, brings to an end the delightful serials in whose characters the young people have an interest as warm and personal as in their every day acquaintances. Juan and Juanita have retired to private life, happy with their own dear mamma, and no more is to be heard from them, after all the kindly sympathy expressed for their sufferings while with the Indians, and in their romantic and not wholly unhappy wanderings in the wilderness, after their escape, in search of their long lost home. Fiddle John's family have found a happy home with their kind friend and protector, Mr. Tenny, at his country residence among the Berkshire Hills, and it is hoped that more may yet be heard from these dear, quaint Norse friends, as all are left eagerly striving to make a place for themselves, in their adopted American country. Louisa Alcott has contributed to the present number a lovely little story entitled An Ivy Spray. Frank Stockton continues his Personally Conducted Series in an interesting trip to the Low Countries and the Rhine: the article is profusely and beautifully illustrated. The story of General Grant at Vicksburg, is graphically told by Gen. Adam Badeau: and Wm. H. Rideing writes interestingly of The Boyhood of John Greenleaf Whittier. The current number of the magazine completes part two of volume fourteen, and is an exceptionally fine number.

A Conditional Appointment.

A traveling doctor who is holding forth in Indiana has his bills read: "If not hung by a mob I shall reach this place about —."

"Now, young lady, you may stand forward," said the lawyer in a case in one of the justices' courts the other day. "Yes, sir," she replied with a beaming smile. "That does me up," whispered a man on one of the benches, "I'm her husband, and she's forty-nine years old, but the sugar on that lawyer's tongue will cost me $20 for millinery before the end of August."

"How old are you, my son?" asked an old gentleman of a "tot" who was celebrating his birthday. "I'm four," was the reply, "and I'm mighty glad of it; I was getting very tired of being three all the time."

At the restaurant.—"I say, waiter, this beefsteak is at least three weeks old." "Can't say, I'm sure; only been here a fortnight."

The Christine Nilsson of To-day.

Nilsson since her marriage to the Count Casa Miranda has set up an establishment in London and entertains a great deal. Her husband was said to be the handsomest man in Spain when he married the first time, but if so he has changed more completely than Dr. Jekyll did when he turned into Mr. Hyde. At present he looks more like a German of the Lunette type, and the only handsome features one sees now are his big black eyes and two rows of very white teeth under a bristling, grizzled moustache. The Swedish songstress does not dress well, and makes none of those skilful attempts by which a clever woman with the aid of her hairdresser and dressmaker can conceal the ravages of time. For the Countess begins to be decidedly passée; she has grown quite stout, and all the mysterious sadness of her shadowy eyes has given place to commonplace good nature and placidity. As for her stepdaughter for whom she has had an almost romantic affection, and who was largely instrumental in making the marriage with her father, she is a pretty Spanish girl who is dressed charmingly by French modists. Their drawing-room is always crowded with the best company in London, including not only titles but men and women who bear the proudest titles in the aristocracy of art, letters and music. Nilsson sings herself very frequently at her musicals and receptions, and her voice is as delicious as it ever was. She collects about her such women as Florence Rice Knox, Mlle. Decca and Hope Glenn, and the four manage to make very good music for those who are fortunate enough to be asked there. In spite of the large sums of money Nilsson's first husband lost and his people cheated her out of, she still has a large fortune and lives in beautiful style. Of course she "collects"—every-one collects something—and her two passions are tapestry and fans. Most of the former she has picked up for herself, and she has some rare bits, but the fans are mostly gifts. Wherever she went, people who were moved to enthusiasm by her marvellous silvery notes gave her a fan. She has them from every country in which she has ever sung. One of them was given to her in St. Petersburg by a Russian Prince, and is a copy of the famous fan of the Queen of Oude. It is white silk embroidered with pearls and emeralds, the stick of gold and ivory set with small rubies, and the monograms in diamonds. The Empress Eugénie gave her a fan that once belonged to Mme. Dubarry and was painted by Boucher, the wrought pearl sticks of which are studded with sky-blue turquoise. The Venetians gave her a fan of silver filagree and the most exquisite of old Venetian point lace. One of the Indian Princes who attended the jubilee, Thakori of Morvi, it is said, heard her sing and saw her fans, adding subsequently the most splendid and costly one in the whole collection in the shape of a gold-handled fan crusted with gems and made of feathers of gorgeous East India birds.

The Favorite Office Liar.

The Listener remembers that earnest and conscientious liar, formerly known in a certain newspaper office as Lying Footville, or George Washington Footville as the fancy served. Footville could not open his mouth without lying, either by direct statement or implication or suppression, or in some other way. He was innocent about it; he never seemed to lie for a purpose, never with malice aforethought; the truth simply was not in him, and he lied from a necessity of his being. He had charge of a certain department of work where his lying propensity had no opportunity to find reflection in the paper, but which was an important department of semi-mechanical work. The autocrat of the establishment mistrusted him and criticised his work, but held on to him, as he did to everybody else. Regularly every day the autocrat called him into his private office, and loud words would be heard within. Presently Footville would come out, radiant and triumphant.

"Ah, boys," he would say, "you should have heard the blessing I gave the old man! I told him some plain truths about the way he is running things, and gave it to him hot and heavy."

Footville's abuse of the autocrat was a nine-days' wonder in the office, until one day one of the "boy's" managed to get the door of the private office open—Footville always closed it carefully when he went in—and there was an eaves-dropping party organized, "for the good of the service," at the door to hear Footville "go for the old man." The dialogue began with an emphatic complaint from the autocrat about something that had been done in Footville's department. Footville made a weak and shuffling explanation, and the autocrat came in with a denunciatory rejoinder. The more Footville shuffled and extenuated the softer and more apologetic his voice became, while the autocrat's rose to tones of thunder, and terms of abuse were used which no other man in the office would have submitted to. Poor Footville, his excuses completely riddled, could only falter out—

"I'll try to do better sir."

Then the doors was softly closed from without. The boys had heard enough. But when Footville came out he was radiant as ever.

"Did you hear me cussin' the old man, boys?" he asked triumphantly. "Oh, I gave him particular fits to-day!"

Have You A Poodles.

Yes? Ah, well, then, everything precious brings with it its obligations, and you must not neglect yours. Having a poodle you must see that he is properly prepared to go into the street, or how can he face other dogs and retain his self-respect? First, then, he must be shaved by an artist, who will see to it that only a little hair is left upon his shoulders and haunches, a bunch on each hind leg and two on each fore leg. So says the latest Parisian authority, which further goes on to prescribe that your monogram in hair may be left in relief on the poodle's side. It seems as if an initial would do quite as well, and that no matter what your real name may be, as if an "F" would be the proper letter, either in English or French, put this is neither here nor there. After the dear doggy is shaved, tie up his forelock with a bow of ribbon, but on his collar with its fringe of little bells, and fasten his bracelet between the two bunches of hair on his right fore leg, and he is done, and a pretty spectacle he will be! But he will be after the latest Parisian style.

Keeping Up Its Reputation.

Thirty million of cucumbers for pickles are raised in Fredicksburg, Virginia. Fredericksburg got a reputation for being an unhealthy spot about twenty-five years ago.

Exasperated purchaser: "Didn't you guarantee that this parrot would repeat every word he heard?" Bird dealer: "Certainly." "But he don't repeat a single word." "He repeats every word he hears, but he never hears any. He is as deaf as a post."

RECOLLECTIONS

—OF—

Olden * Times,

—WITH A HISTORY OF THE—

Robinson, Hazard and Sweet Families, of Rhode Island.

We have a few more copies left. The work is now out of print, and since the death of the distinguished author, Thomas R. Hazard (Shepherd Tom) of Vaucluse, the demand for the work has increased.

We have a few copies left which we will send to any address, postage free, on receipt of the price, $2.00.

JOHN P. SANBORN,

MERCURY OFFICE.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

—FOR—

GENTLEMEN.

SMOKING SETS,
CIGAR CASES,
MEERSCHAUM PIPES,
CIGAR TUBES,

SMALL BOXES OF

HAVANA AND DOMESTIC

Cigars,

Suitable for presents. Call and examine.

J. D. Richardson & Co.

306 Thames Street.

Opp. Post Office.

PROV. BLANK BOOK MANF'Y

REAR OF POST OFFICE.

37 Custom House St.

Blank Books.

Wholesale or Retail, on hand or made to any desired Pattern.

Book Binding, Paper Ruling, Edge Gilding, Gilt Lettering, Machine Perforating And Paper Cutting.

H. M COOMBS AND CO.,

BINDERS TO THE STATE.

"SET A THIEF!

TO CATCH A THIEF!"

Writes, from the depths of his grateful heart a parent at Clarendon Hills, Ills., and he adds, "If there *is* a poison in

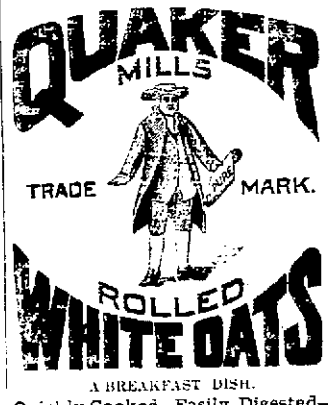
DR. CAMPBELL'S SAFE ARSENIC COMPLEXION WAFERS!

well, it just caught the poison in my Susie's blood and *carried it all* away—the two destroyed each other—and left her strong and healthy."—While DR. CYRUS EDSON, of the N. Y. BOARD OF HEALTH, says of *Arsenic*:—"Understandingly administered internally, it is literally a 'LIFE RENEWER!' It CLEARS the skin, adds BRILLIANCY to the eyes, DEVELOPES the form and is one of the MOST VALUABLE medicines known. It enters into the composition of what is commonly known as *Love* powders.

"It is not only used in FATTENING the human body, but it is also applied frequently to horses for putting them in condition.

"It is commonly used in Fever and Ague Cures, and when prudently employed is a valuable agent in MALARIA. *The abuse of the drug is entirely an individual matter, for which the person himself is chiefly responsible.*"

DR. JAS. P. CAMPBELL'S SAFE ARSENIC COMPLEXION WAFERS are sold by all reputable druggists, or sent by mail from the depot, 146 West 16th street, N. Y. Price $1 per box.



A BREAKFAST DISH.

Quickly Cooked—Easily Digested—Delicious and Popular.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

Quaker Mill Co., Ravenna, Ohio.

WOOD'S LADIES

BLACKING

A HARMLESS SHOE DRESSING.

Gold Medal received for superiority over all other dressings. Will not crack or harden the leather. Bottle contains double the quantity other dressings. 25c. Your Shoe Dealer has it

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

The Mercury.

JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor and Proprietor

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1887.

The American Encyclopedia is a good thing. According to the New York Sun the President carries one with him and makes his speeches from it "while swinging round the circle."

Robert T. Lincoln is constantly looming up as a Presidential candidate. At the meeting of the Grand Army at St. Louis he was by far the most popular candidate.

The New York World says that since 1882 the third party prohibition vote has given the state of New York to the Democratic party. How much, we would respectfully ask, has the cause of prohibition gained by this action.

The Massachusetts mugwumps now want to nominate a separate ticket for State officers. That would be a good scheme. There are just about enough of them to fill each office. They would be like Artemas Ward's regiment—all brigadier generals.

The Democrats of Providence are preparing for a lively city campaign this fall. They propose to elect the Mayor and other city officers and also largely increase their representation in the City Council. Providence is now a Democratic city and will probably remain so for some years to come.

The Providence Journal's man Friday, who writes political slush for the Boston Sunday Herald, from Providence, says the "Journal does not care a sou marque for the Republican party." Probably the party can reciprocate. The day when the Journal can do harm to any party is passed.

The only truly good Democratic papers in New York city just now are the New York Herald and the New York Evening Post. The Post, like some of our Rhode Island papers, is such a thick-and-thin admirer of the President that it can see nothing but good in all his actions. The World and Sun, once the true standard bearers of Democracy, will soon be read out of the Cleveland party, if they do not look out.

The Daily News says: "Another prominent leader, the president of the Democratic city convention in Baltimore, has joined the reformers." This coming from the Daily News is good. The aforesaid Democrat has simply left his party and announced that he shall support the Republican ticket. The News calls this joining the reformers. That is right and we are glad the News, though perhaps inadvertently on its part, has at last acknowledged that joining the reformers is equivalent to going into the Republican party.

The Pawtuxet Valley Gleaner and the Pawtucket Record contain each week many columns of good advice to the voters of the Western Congressional district and much caution to the innocent citizen to beware of the wicked politician whom they see looming up in the distance. Both papers are dead sure the Republicans can carry the district, and they are equally sure that unless their man is nominated the party is destined to merited defeat. The Gleaner is wedded to Enos Lapham and the Record to William W. Blodgett. Now as only one of these men can be nominated, and most probably neither will be, according to these papers the party is destined to sure defeat. In our opinion the party stands more than an even chance of defeat with the best candidate and it certainly would court defeat if it nominated either of the gentlemen above named.

The Great Moral Reformers.

The Mugwump papers like the New York Post, Harpers Weekly and the Newport Daily News still believe the President to be perfection, and you will search their columns in vain for one word of criticism of any of his acts. His own party papers, however, are more honest and his support of Gorman, Higgins & Co. in Baltimore, is more than many of them can stand. The New York World of Thursday contains a two column article showing the iniquities of the President's ring in that city. It shows that there are now thirty-seven criminals holding prominent national and state offices in that city who are now managing the affairs of the Democratic party. The World gives the names of each, from Higgins down, and shows the crimes that they have committed. The World says editorially: "The politics of Baltimore have been dominated by a gang of protected bullies, who have been backed up by weak registration and election laws. Thirty seven criminals to-day practically control the elections of that city. They carry upon their registration lists 30,000 false names. They stuff ballot-boxes, count out candidates and defy public opinion. Some of the best citizens of Baltimore are now engaged in the effort to secure an honest expression of sentiment—to break up, if possible, the reign of the Plug Uglies. They deserve the support of honest Baltimore voters, and no party tie should be permitted to swerve any lover of our system so long as the corrupters of the ballot have either the protection of the courts or the countenance of party leaders."

This is a terrible arraignment from the leading Democratic paper in the land. Yet the Democratic President is actively supporting and aiding this crowd by appointing the leaders to fat offices and these servile Mugwump papers make no protest.

The World condemns the Democratic platform of that state for supporting the unjust election laws, and says: "On the other hand the Republican platform comes out clearly and unequivocally in behalf of reform."

BANCROFT

Celebrates His 87th Birthday—Brief Sketch of His Long and Useful Life—The History of the Presidency of James K. Polk—His Latest Work.

Monday last being the 87th anniversary of our distinguished citizen and world-famed scholar, Hon. George Bancroft, "Rose Cliff," his palatial summer home, was all day thronged with callers and the mails teemed with "many happy returns" and congratulations from all parts of America and Europe. The old gentleman received his visitors with the same heartiness and warmth that have made these periods in his life memorable to so many in the past, and nothing of the decrepit old man was visible either in his movements or conversation.

Last year, it will be remembered, Bancroft enjoyed a birthday dinner, given in his honor by Mrs. William Astor, but this year he preferred to surround himself with a few intimate personal friends at his own board, and gave a dinner in the evening to the following ladies and gentlemen: Mr. and Mrs. W. Waldorf Astor, Dr. and Mrs. S. Weir Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Wales, Colonel and Mrs. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, Miss Dresser, Hon. Theodore A. Havemeyer and Susanne Bancroft, grandchild of the host.

Of all the distinguished personages who assemble in Newport during the summer months Bancroft is by far the most conspicuous. Everybody knows him—great and small, old and young—and his name and life have formed an interesting subject of conversation at all the most brilliant social gatherings here for many seasons. It matters not how shallow and frivolous a person may be, or how ignorant on general literary or political subjects, he knows Bancroft, and when brought tete-a-tete with those whose conversational powers extend beyond the narrow confines of society chit-chat and gossip, he invariably turns to the "eminent historian, statesman and scholar" as a shield to his ignorance.

Born in Worcester, Mass., a son of Rev. Adams Bancroft, on Oct. 3, 1800, the boyhood days of George Bancroft were surrounded by the very best of Christian influences and he was early made to see the benefits of education and refinement. At the early age of 13 years, having completed his preparatory studies at Exeter, N. H., he entered Harvard College, where he was graduated with high honors four years later. He then went to Germany, where he continued his studies under such learned professors as Eichhorn, Heeren, Dissen and Blumenbach until 1820, when he received the degree of doctor of philosophy. In 1821 he began a tour of Germany and other parts of Europe. He made a pedestrian tour through Switzland, spent a month in England and eight months in Italy, returning to America in 1822. He was then appointed professor of Greek at Harvard, remaining in the position for one year. In 1823 he and Dr. J. G. Cogswell established the Round Hill School at Northampton. About this time he began his collections of materials for his history of the United States, the first volume of which was published in 1834. He was elected to the Massachusetts Legislature in 1830 without his knowledge, but declined to accept. A year later he refused a nomination to the State Senate.

In 1838 President Van Buren appointed him collector of the port of Boston, and at the expiration of his term every bond taken by him had been paid up, and his collections amounted to a large part of the entire revenue of the United States. While secretary of the navy under President Polk he designed and carried into effect the establishment of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, and has since been styled the father of the United States navy. He was also secretary of war pro tem for a month, and gave the first order for troops to march into Texas.

In 1844 he was nominated by the Democratic party for governor of Massachusetts, and, though not elected, received more votes than any candidate had received, previous to that time, on a purely Democratic ticket. He was appointed minister plenipotentiary to Great Britain in 1846, and did not return to this country until 1849. He then devoted himself to his history until 1867, when he became minister to Prussia. In the next year he was accredited to the North German confederation, and in 1871 to the German empire. The tenth and last volume of his history of the United States was published in 1868.

During the past 10 or 12 years Mr. Bancroft has busied himself with literary work of a miscellaneous character only, and has thus given the impression that his pen had, to all intents and purposes, become idle.

But this is not so, and even now this eminent and venerable historian is engaged upon what must prove one of his greatest works—the life of James Knox Polk, the eleventh president of the United States, of whose cabinet Mr. Bancroft was a member.

Mr. Bancroft was prompted to this last work through his respect for the memory of President Polk and a strong desire to show his esteem for a friend to whom in his opinion justice had not been done, and all last winter was busying himself with collecting and arranging the matter. It seems that Polk kept a diary during his presidential term, and this important record is now in the possession of Bancroft, who has had it copied the work keeping eight young lady copiests busy all last winter. It makes 2000 pages of type-writing.

M. C. York, Mr. Bancroft's private secretary, is a permanent fixture in the historian's household, and has made many warm friends in Newport as well as at the capital. He has been with Bancroft since Jan. 15, 1878, with the exception of a couple of years which he spent in the department of Justice. Another fixture at the Bancroft mansion is Hermann, who has been valet to Bancroft for the past 13 years, having joined him in Berlin in 1864.

George Bancroft, to quote his own words, is "not yet old enough to give up work," and he enters upon his 88th year one of the busiest literary workers in this country.

The Rhode Island Institute of Instruction.

The annual Convention of the state teachers' association, the Rhode Island Institute of Instruction, will be held in Music Hall, Providence, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 27, 28 and 29. Mr. Geo. A. Littlefield of this city is the President and he is arranging an exceedingly interesting programme for those three days. The list of speakers, including those invited to lead in discussion, already numbers the following, and others are yet to be heard from: His Excellency Governor Davis, Dr. Scott, Head Master of Philips Exeter Academy, Mr. Huling of New Bedford, Mr. Winship of the Journal of Education, Mr. Burgess of Newport, Commissioner Stockwell, Miss Gardner of Providence, President Hall of American Institute of Instruction, Mr. Willard, of Westerly, Mr. Ackley of the State Board of Education, Dr. Morgan and Prof. Wilson, of the State Normal School, Mr. Butler, of Warren, Supt. Pease, of Pawtucket, Mrs. Mary H. Hunt, of Boston, Col. Sheffield, of Newport, Supt. Tarbell, of Providence, Mr. Luther, of the Providence Journal, Dr. Balliet, of Reading, Pa., President Robinson, of Brown University, and Supt. MacAllister, of Philadelphia. Mr. Matteson, of Providence, and Prof. Churchill, of Andover, will give select readings, and there will be music at intervals both vocal and instrumental.

Obituary.

Capt. Thomas J. Corey, who died in Rehoboth, Mass., on Sunday last, was, with but a single exception, the last survivor of the once quite numerous native Newport whaling captains. Capt. Corey was born in Newport, in 1806, and when a young man he went to New Bedford, where he learned the trade of cooper, of the late John Easton, a famous cooper of that day. Becoming of age he shipped as cooper of a whaling vessel, and worked his way through all the grades until he reached the highest, that of captain. His first voyage in that capacity was made in the ship Mary of New Bedford, sailing thence June 10, 1844; and arriving home April 10, 1847, with 300 bbls. sperm, 1500 bbls. whale oil, and 7000 lbs. bone. He sailed again in the same ship July 21, 1847, and arrived home April 8, 1850, with 411 bbls. sperm, 772 bbls. whale oil, and 2500 lbs. bone. His next voyage was as master of the ship Mechanic, of Newport, sailing from here August 16, 1851, and arriving home April 7, 1855, with 22 bbls. sperm, 1180 bbls. whale, 3818 lbs. bone. He then purchased an interest in the ship, which was rebuilt, and sailed again Nov. 12, 1855 and arrived home April 12, 1860, with 36 bbls. sperm, 530 bbls. whale, and the usual proportion of bone. Soon after this he abandoned a sea-life and entered the Government service as keeper of the Sandy Point light on Prudence Island, where he remained for several years, until he tired of it, and resigned the position, purchased a farm in Rehoboth, Mass., where he removed with his family, and remained until the final call came on Sunday last.

On Wednesday the remains were brought to Newport, and the funeral services were held in the beautiful "Belmont Memorial Chapel," Rev. O. W. Scott, pastor of the Thames Street M. E. Church, officiating, with a large attendance. Capt. Corey was most highly esteemed by all who knew him, and leaves two sons, and two daughters to mourn their loss. His remains rest in the City Cemetery, Long Lane.

The Providence Journal says: The rumors of the lease of the Boston and Providence Railroad by the Old Colony, although still denied by some of the officials, are assuming definite shape and encourage the hope that a more enlightened policy will soon direct the affairs of one of the most important connections that Providence possesses with the outside world.

The Boston & Maine Railroad Company has won in its fight in the New Hampshire Legislature. There are ugly rumors afloat that they succeeded by wholesale bribery. These rumors are now being investigated by them.

October! "I always write that word with delight," says Longfellow. "The pen seems to take pleasure in it. It is the most poetical month of all." There has been but little poetry about this October thus far. Perhaps, however, better days are coming.

It is pleasant to note that there are some slight difficulties in the way of a defaulter, a notorious corruptionist and an ignoramus getting admission into the Rhode Island bar.

Such are the terms of endearment that the Providence Journal applies to Gen. Brayton.

It is claimed by the London Telegraph that out of 550 Peers now entitled to aid in making laws for Great Britain only 113 are really capable and worthy. Evidently the House of Lords is a useless luxury.

Gov. Church, while in Fargo, was treated like a gentleman.—[Fargo Argus. Is that a new way of treating governors out West?

Bonds enough have been purchased by the Government in the past two weeks to save Uncle Sam four millions yearly in interest.

Ex-Gov. Washburne, of Massachusetts, dropped dead on Tuesday at the meeting of the American Board at Springfield.

Bellows Falls landlords say they cannot make a living without selling liquor and as the law will not let them sell liquor they propose to close.

The American Board of Foreign Missions have held very large and interesting meetings in Springfield this week.

The Scotch Thistle is advertised for sale.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The President travels in Princely Style.—The President's Counselors.—Can more Bonds be legally Purchased?—The Fish Commission.—Civil Service Commissioner Oberley's Sensation.—He tells his Democratic Associates some plain truth which they do not relish.—The City of Conventions.

[*Correspondence of the Mercury.*]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4, 1887.

The sensation of the day in the Capital last week was the departure of the President's party for the West in their palatial train, which was the cynosure of all eyes and an object of universal admiration to all who had the coveted privilege of inspecting the splendid special, as it stood at the Baltimore and Potomac depot awaiting the arrival of its honored passengers, who were accompanied thither by several members of the Cabinet, while hundreds of citizens had gathered near to take a farewell look at the President and his wife. The three coaches constituting the train are a marvel of magnificence and artistic genius, and cost the princely sum of $200,000. Everything that could contribute to the comfort and convenience of the party was provided and arranged in the most elegant style, even to lighting the cars with electricity and heating them with steam.

And just here, I will make the pertinent inquiry why do the railway corporations of the country furnish the President with these safeguards against a terrible and violent death, while the general public are still exposed to the peril of being roasted or scalded to death? It occurs to your correspondent that here is an object lesson to our national legislators if they really wish to regulate railway affairs, in the interest of the people.

A day before leaving the President summoned his Counselors to a very important state council to consider the state of the finances, and to appoint Commissioners to arbitrate the existing difference with Canada and Newfound land in regard to the fisheries question.

There being a diversity of views as to the legality of a further purchase of bonds by the Secretary of the Treasury, in the event that the financial exigencies of the country demand such a course, it was concluded, should such an exigency occur, to refer the matter to the decision of the Attorney General.

The other matter was disposed of by the appointment of a commission, consisting of Secretary Bayard and Messrs. Wm. L. Putnam, of Maine, and James B. Angell, of Michigan, and as all three gentlemen are profoundly versed in the arts and wiles of diplomacy, it is believed by many that their deliberations with the Canadian Commissioners will reach a successful issue.

The Capital is indebted to Civil Service Commissioner Oberley for its latest political sensation, which came about in this way. The Illinois Democratic Association, which, as its name implies, is a political, as well as a semi-social organization, invited the Commissioner to deliver an address to them, whereupon that gentleman wrote a lengthy communication, declining the proffered honor, and at the same time informing the Illinoisans that it is a violation of the civil service law for Federal employes in the classified service to belong to such societies—the offenders being subject to dismissal, fine, and imprisonment for such uncivil conduct. There are about eight such State associations in this city, and as you may believe the Oberley manifesto fell like a dynamite bomb in their ranks, producing, however, no immediately fatal results. But the Virginia Association is an exception, and defies Commissioner Oberley to do his worst—heaping multiplied maledictions upon his devoted head, and among other dreadful things, charging him with political treachery of the deepest dye.

Washington is so rapidly growing in popular favor in that respect that at no distant day it may be known as the City of Conventions. The latest body to meet here was the International Medical Congress, and the next will be the American Section of the Evangelical Alliance, composed of 2000 delegates and constituting one of the most important and influential religious organizations in the world. The Alliance will meet early in December next, and it is hoped will be an occasion of spiritual growth and blessing and of pleasant social intercourse. In a few weeks 50,000 programmes of the meeting will be printed and distributed throughout the United States. N. Y. Z.

Mr. J. T. Stoddard's Lectures.

Mr. W. H. Westcott, the treasurer of the Opera House, has succeeded once more in obtaining the services of Mr. J. L. Stoddard, of Boston, for a course of illustrated lectures this winter.

Mr. Stoddard left this country early in May last, sailing direct for England. In England his visits were confined chiefly to the sections made famous by the life and writings of Lord Byron, the poet, and one of the lectures of the new course bears the title, "Lord Byron." Mr. S. passed much time about Newstead Abby and Annesley Hall, securing the most faithful and beautiful views of important situations remains and institutions there, and storing material of every kind to be worked into the fabric of this lecture. The lecture on Byron will include reference to every part of his career, and to every interesting particular of his life, the charges of Mrs. Stowe receiving due attention. The illustrations are of his English, Italian and Grecian homes and haunts, and are extremely rich and varied.

Mr. Stoddard has for years had in contemplation, and, in fact, has been long at work upon, a lecture upon Julius Cæsar; and one of the titles of the new course will be found to be "Julius Cæsar." An hitherto seemingly insurmountable objection to the presentation of such a lecture has been the obtaining of suitable illustrations. During this summer's travels abroad the lecturer has completely removed this difficulty, and now has in possession as fine a collection of art pictures for the illustration of this subject as for any lecture in his repertoire. Among the pictures selected is a copy of the now famous "Assassination of Cæsar," awarded the first prize at the Paris Salon recently. Also "Marc Antony's Speech Over the Body of Cæsar," another winner at the Salon. These with the Rubicon, local Roman views, Pompey's Pillar, etc., will be found to leave nothing desired for the completion of this feature of the course.

"Travels in sunny Spain" is a lecture which all the lecturer's audiences will remember with pleasure; and this pleasure will be enhanced in anticipation when it is announced that another lecture in the new course bears the title, "Spain Revisited." The historic significance of this lecture is found in the fact that the lines of travel follow the footsteps of the Moors as an historic people, and even those persons least informed in relation to Spain and her affairs during these centuries will not need to be reminded that the subject thus treated must result in presenting a lecture affording peculiar satisfaction and interest. All the illustrations for this lecture are new, and nearly all the subjects never before appearing in the Stoddard lectures. Many of the most beautiful sections and localities of that wondrously beautiful country are depicted with incidents or persons related.

Passing into France, after sojourning and studying in Spain and the Mediterranean countries, Mr. Stoddard visited the region of the Pyrenees, exploring their passes and resorts on the French side, and moving about among the valleys and exquisite scenery of those localities. Here the lecturer remained for considerable time, for "writing and enjoyment," as he describes the object of his visit. The lecture growing out of this visitation is entitled "The Pyrenees, the Switzerland of France." The title is significant of what may be expected under it, and one may be sure that the views used in connection with this lecture will be worthy of all the attention that can be given them while they are in place.

The National Rubber Works, of Bristol, are in financial trouble. Several weeks ago some of their employés stopped work because of overdue wages, thus making it necessary to shut down the mills. Immediately creditors of the concern began to make moves against it, until two New York creditors levied attachments on the goods in that city, and last week United States Marshal Blaisdell attached the mills in Bristol in a suit brought by another New Yorker. It is not known just what the company will do, but it is understood that an attempt is being made to increase its capital, and thus bridge over its difficulties.

Quite an exciting row took place at the lower end of Thames street Thursday night in which Officer Crowley was forced to use his revolver. James E. Kelley was finally arrested and yesterday morning he was fined $10 and costs for assaulting the officer.

The Boston Advertiser says: There seems to be little doubt that the combination of democrats, liquor dealers, and third-party prohibitionists against republican control in the state senate is more threatening this year than it has been in a long time.

Mr. L. A. Smith, of the Boston Journal, and a son of Congressman Dingley, of Maine, have gone to Kansas City to show those Westerners how to run a newspaper.

Mr. James Gordon Bennett will publish a newspaper in Paris, to be known as the European Herald. It will be modeled after the New York Herald.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall street, N. Y.

DON'T

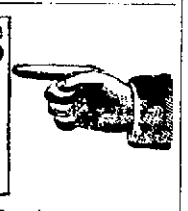
Allow your Clothing, Paint, or Woodwork, washed in the old rubbing, twisting, wrecking way. Join that large army of sensible, economical people, who from experience have learned that James Pyle's Pearline, used as directed on each package, saves time, labor, rubbing, wear and tear.

Your Clothes are worn out more by washing than wearing. It is to your advantage to try Pearline.

JAMES PYLE, New York.

Sold Everywhere.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

WARREN & WOOD

Desire to call attention to an unusually fine selection of

Superior Silver Plated Ware ! ! !

Our Silver Room is replete with choice specimens of these goods in

TEA SETS, WATER SETS, CAKE BASKETS, CASTERS, PICKLES, BAKING DISHES, CARD RECEIVERS, ETC., KNIVES, FORKS AND SPOONS,

Of the LATEST PATTERNS and at the LOWEST PRICES.

AN ELEGANT LINE OF GORHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S STERLING SILVER.

WARREN & WOOD,

287 & 289 WESTMINSTER ST.,

HOPPIN HOMESTEAD BUILDING.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

T T T T T

Fine English Breakfast Tea,

50c. A LB., 2½ LBS. FOR $1.00.

FANCY FORMOSA TEA,

50c. A LB., 2½ LBS. FOR $1.00.

Extra Choice New Japan Tea,

50c. A LB., 2½ LBS. FOR $1.00.

—AT—

WILCOX & BARLOW'S,

145 THAMES ST.

FOUR DOORS NORTH OF BOSTON STORE.

T T T T T T

OPENING

—AT—

SCHREIER'S

Queen Anne Millinery Establishment

143 THAMES STREET.

OUR GRAND MILLINERY OPENING OF THE FALL AND WINTER SEASON

WILL TAKE PLACE ON

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Oct. 3d, 4th, 5th,

To which we invite the ladies of Newport and vicinity. We will exhibit a choice variety of

Pattern Hats and Bonnets,

And all the latest novelties in the millinery line. None should fail to call on th above dates and see the elegant display, at

—Schreier's—

Queen Anne Millinery Establishment,

143 Thames Street.

NEW YORK STORE.

COMPLETE GROCERY AND MEAT FURNISHERS.

HAMS! HAMS! HAMS!

We have in stock and on exhibition what we confidently believe is the larges and finest line of SMOKED HAMS, SHOULDERS, BACON, etc., ever shown in Newport. Having taken advantage of an unusual chance of buying these goods at remarkably low figures, we have bought in large quantities and are selling at prices that will please the thinnest pocket book. Send a delegate from every house to examine the brilliant and attractive display of FIRST CLASS GOODS all at low prices.

NEW YORK STORE,

Complete Grocery and Meat Furnishers,

201 THAMES ST.

News In Brief.

The report of the commissioner of education shows need of appropriations for the Alaskan schools.

Rev. Dr. Parker of London preached in Plymouth pulpit Sunday.

The public debt was reduced $14,247,-960 in September. The cash in the treasury aggregates $478,896,512.

The President's train arrived in St. Louis at midnight on Saturday, its progress having been attended by exhibitions of enthusiasm in Indiana. Sunday they went to church and then to ride.

Gen. Paine has accepted Mayor O'Brien's invitation to a public reception in Faneuil Hall.

Hon. J. B. Finch, a well-known temperance orator of Kansas, died suddenly in the Eastern station Monday night.

A force of 6000 men has been sent to Morocco to protect the interests of Spain in case of local anarchy.

The New York Yacht Club has voted to give a dinner to Gen. Paine and to contribute $500 to a national testimonial to Mr. Burgess.

Arrivals at Provincetown from the fishing banks report great damage from the September gales.

The Crow Indians in Montana are in a defiant attitude, owing chiefly to their success at stealing from the Piegans, and troops have been asked for by the agent.

Two schooners and a propeller have been lost on Lake Michigan, with some 20 lives.

The annual session of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions began Tuesday in Springfield, Rev. Dr. Noble, of Chicago, and Rev. Dr. Taylor, of New York, preaching the opening sermons.

The President's entertainment in St. Louis Monday consisted of a ride to the fair grounds, a visit (with speech) to the Merchants' Exchange, and an afternoon reception at the Lindell, where he shook hands with 9000 people—Col. Lamont's count.

Secretary Bayard says that he shall take no action with reference to the seizure of Samoa by the Germans.

An international military encampment was opened in Chicago Monday.

It is reported that young Choate, the victim of hazing at Williams College, has become crazy in consequence. Students and faculty, however, deny that there was any hazing whatsoever.

The united labor party has nominated Rev. H. O. Pentecost, for Mayor of Newark.

President Cleveland was welcomed in grand style at Chicago, Wednesbay, being escorted from the railway station by a procession 30,000 strong. He made a speech to the assemblage and later in the day gave two receptions.

The steam yacht built for the use of the Marquis of Lorne has just been disposed of in Montreal by a raffle. When vice-royalty thus gets down to the lottery grade there is a partial eclipse of the splendor which in state papers and novels besets a throne and its surroundings.

There are now twenty-seven vessels engaged in missionary work in different parts of the world under the auspices of sixteen societies; of these missionary vessels sixteen are running on the coasts or rivers of Africa and six among the islands of the Pacific Ocean.

For Sale Cheap.

Parties desiring a small, but stoutly built craft, which can be used as a wharf boat or for canal purposes, will find it to their advantage to address the captain of the Thistle, New York. Terms cheap.—[*New York Sun.*

Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb's Winter Trips to California.

The first of Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb's California tourist parties in the winter series of 1887-88 will leave Boston, Thursday, November 10, in a new and magnificent train of vestibuled Pullman palace cars, which will include a palatial dining car. These new appointments of travel leave nothing to be desired. Everything will be of the most luxurious character. This party will arrive at Pasadena, Saturday, November 19, shortly after the opening at the Raymond. Los Angeles and other Southern Californian points will be reached the same day. Many new features will be introduced into these excursions the coming season. There will be twelve outward trips with a choice of three different routes, and nineteen trips returning, with a choice of five different routes. The hotel list includes the Raymond at East Pasadena, the new Hotel del Monte at Monterey, the Palace Hotel in San Francisco, the Arlington at Santa Barbara, the new Hotel del Coronado at San Diego, and a dozen other famous Pacific coast resorts. Independent tickets are sold, which include every incidental expense of the journey out and back, and permit the traveler to exercise his own preferences regarding time and place of sojourn in California, and the time of his return. The return tickets are good on all trains through the winter, spring and early summer. A handsome descriptive circular of 192 pages has been issued, and may be obtained of W. Raymond, 296 Washington street, opposite School street, Boston.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

Silver Plated Ware.

Messrs. Warren & Wood, the favorably known dealers in china, crockery ware, etc., at Nos. 287 and 289 Westminster street, Providence, invite attention to their rare stock of superior silver plated ware. They offer excellent opportunities, not only to supply household necessities in this line, but to purchasers of presentation pieces, in tea sets, water sets, cake baskets, in fact, everything in silver plated and solid silver ware, china, crockery, bric-a-brac, etc. Their advertisement is always conspicuously displayed in our columns.

For many forms of kidney difficulty, a tea made of peach leaves is a sure cure.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

New Books.

LIFE NOTES, OR FIFTY YEARS AGO—William Hague, D. D. Lee & Shepard.

An educated man, who has gone through life with his eyes open, is always able to interest those of a younger generation with tales of his youth.—And so in the case of Dr. Hague, an octogenarian, dying, in the full possession of his faculties, suddenly in the midst of his labors, who has left an account of boyhood days and school life in old New York, of forms, voices, movements of many pertaining to contemporary surroundings, really delightful. Though but six years of age he remembers the proclamation of peace with England that, "to the many living veterans of '76, was as the finishing up of the war of independence, establishing the work of their hands." He says, "a brilliant scene signalized the beginning of our life in New York; namely, the extemporized illumination called forth so magically by the arrival of the 'Favorite,' on the evening of Feb. 11, 1815, bringing the news of the treaty of peace. At once the whole city seemed to glow in electrical light. Despite the wet and slush all emotions fused into one pervading sentiment of joy." In the last quarter of the year 1816, the Hagues removed to a "residence more convenient in regard to advanced schooling," the new home being near Chatham square, where was "the best school in the city" under the direction of Eber Wheaton. At one time this school exhibited "an array of four hundred scholars from the choicest patronage of a wide area." "I now look back to my academic life in New York, where I was in the way of seeing Col. (Aaron) Burr, for successive years, twice or thrice every week. It seems to myself quite noteworthy that I, so young, should have been so thoroughly captivated as by the spell of his genius for winning social sympathy; admiring him as the realization of an heroic ideal. His physique, air, style of movement, realize a boy's highest ideal of the soldier and the gentleman; while his keen glance and sunny smile, expressive of a personal interest as real as if I had been a Senator, awaken a feeling quickly responsive." This impression of Col. Burr throws no discredit upon the fascinating protaiture, given him by his biographer, James Parton. Chapters upon old Boston, Garrison and Thompson, Aspects of Rhode Island Life, are especially interesting. The stories of this long period of years is so simply and unaffectedly told, and yet so ably, that we only regret that their number is so few. For sale by C. E. Hammett, $1.50.

BRIDGE DISASTERS IN AMERICA—By George L. Vose. Lee & Shepard.

The traveling public would like an assurance of an increase of vigilance on the part of railroad officials. Disasters are becoming deplorably frequent. We are told by the author of this little work that not less than forty bridges fall in the United States every year, and that there are now hundreds standing simply because they have never received the load which may come upon them at any moment. This little manual was prepared to awaken interest and discussion upon the cause of these many disasters, and to attempt to discover a remedy, some system of public control which shall secure the public safety. It is a book well worthy of perusal, and one to arouse in every thoughtful mind a sense of the injustice "on the part of the government, in not demanding inspection and approval by a corps of competent engineers" of every bridge built, before its use by the public. Price 50c.

HOW SHALL MY CHILD BE TAUGHT?—Louisa P. Hopkins. Lee & Shepard.

All interested in the instruction of children, whether mothers or salaried teachers, should desire the rapid advancement of the pupil, so far as compatible with health. In this work we have the experience of an educator with a class of young girls, fresh from the training of a well conducted kindergarten. The method of the first year's work is fully described, wherein these girls of from eight to fourteen years of age, became acquainted with United States History, also of Greek and Roman Mythology, Grammar, Arithmetic, Botany, French, German and Drawing, "with very little out-of-school study, and great enjoyment." Comment upon the amount of work done by these children for one year, resulted in an essay in explanation by Col. Higginson, who attributed these phenominal results of a year's work by these young girls, to the experience and training of a teacher "who has happily escaped the 'ruts' of our public school system."

Let all interested in schools and school work avail themselves of the opportunity of studying Mrs. Hopkins method with her pupils, which is fully exemplified in her book. Lee & Shepard.

THE STORY OF METLAKAHTLA—By Henry S. Welcome. Saxon & Co.

A story that reads like a romance, is that of the civilization and conversion of the Tsimshean Indians, on the coast of the North Pacific, by Mr. Wm. Duncan, an Englishman, who for this purpose forsook a lucrative business in his native country. On his arrival at Vancouvre Island, the Governor used his utmost endeavors to persuade him to give up his mad project of attempting to civilize these murderous tribes, persisting that it would be a vain sacrifice of his life. But Mr. Duncan persisted in his determination, and proceeded to Fort Simpson, a trading post of the Hudson's Bay Company, where he became an eye witness of scenes of the most revolting cruelty. Without a moment's hesitation, he secured the services of an intelligent Tsimshean native Celah, and began the study of their language, which no white man had ever yet mastered. After several months work, he succeeded in so mastering the language as to be able to prepare a simple address, explanatory of his mission among them. The Indians meanwhile had heard through Celah, that a white man had come, not for the sake of barter or trade, but to tell them of the white man's God, so that when, in spite of the warnings of the post officers, he at last ventured among them, he was warmly welcomed.

The author continues the story of Mr. Duncan's wonderful work, fearlessly prosecuted in face of the menaces of the medicine men, many times narrowly escaping assassination. At the end of four years, Mr. Duncan was able to count a fair number of sincere converts, and finally resolved to establish a model community, isolated from the pernicious influences brought to bear upon them by those opposed to his good work, and selected the site of an old Tsimshean Village, called Metlakahtla, for this purpose. A set of rules were formed to be signed by all those who removed to the new location. An era of prosperity followed, termed by the author "Halcyon Days," and again trouble, but this time not with the Indians, but with those of his own color and faith, who "held not as paramount to forms and ceremonies the rescue of the human soul." The tale of oppression by state and church is graphically told, and how they now are looking for freedom and justice under a new government, that of the United States, in Alaska. In his introduction Mr. Welcome says "I have no interest to serve, but that of humanity" and whatever net profit may result in the sale of this book is to go to the public fund of the Metlakahtlan community. We hope everyone interested in the cause of humanity may avail themselves of the book.

"Now, Gen'ral, you're posted; come! give us your views.
In a brush at the front, what's the powder to use?"
He winked at a star as he puffed his cigar,
And slowly replied, "*In a brush at the front* I never use powder, but—SOZODONT."

Go Where You Will

You'll find SOZODONT in vogue. People have thrown away their tooth powders and washes, and placed this odoriferous preservative of the teeth on the toilet table in its place. It keeps the teeth in splendid order and spices the breath.

"Spalding's Glue" always up to the sticking point.

Do not suffer from sick headache a moment longer. It is not necessary. Carter's Little Liver Pills will cure you. Dose, one little pill. All druggists sell them.

If a monkey is a noxious animal, what is a cat? That is a what nox-us.

Palpitation of the heart, nervousness, tremblings, nervous headache, cold hands and feet, pain in the back, and other forms of weakness are relieved by Carter's Iron Pills, made specially for the blood, nerves and complexion.

"New"—mismatic study—The double florin.

Carter's Little Liver Pills will positively cure sick headache and prevent its return. This is not talk, but truth. One pill a dose. To be had of all druggists. See advertisement.

Why do nurses accompany the army? Because the soldiers must be constantly in arms.

HORSES

—AND—

CARRIAGES

At lower prices than ever sold for before.

30 Horses,
Of all kinds and prices.

75 Carriages,
New and second-hand.

40 Harnesses,
For little money.

Having more stock than I wish to winter, I will make prices so low that anyone can buy.

BUGGIES,
$35, $40, $50, $55, $60, $80, $100, $125, $150, $200.

CARRYALLS AND CANOPY-TOPS,
$50, $75, $100, $125, $150, $200 each.

Carts,
$50, $75, $100, $125, $150 each.

HARNESSES,
$5, $7, $8, $10, $12, $15, $20, $25, $30 each.

Hay, Straw and Grain taken in Exchange at Market Value.

☞ These goods must be sold, for I want the room.

Call and see me at

LAWTON'S, cor. Touro and Spring streets.

HATS!!

Just Received from Topping, Maynard & Hobson, the Fall Block and Colors in Stiff Hats

JAMES P. TAYLOR,

189 THAMES STREET.

SEABURY,

214 THAMES STREET,

Has a complete stock of

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

Suitable for the season.

D. TOY,

Tailor and Importer,

11 Charles-st., Boston.

Agent for WINCHESTER'S SON & FLOWERS, London, W.

9-3-3m

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Thomas C. Clarke, of Newport in Rhode Island, has this day made an assignment to the undersigned, of all his goods, chattels, debts, effects and other estate for the benefit of those creditors of said assignors who shall exhibit; and prove their respective claims within six months from the date hereof; and shall within the same time execute and deliver a release under seal of their said claims.

All creditors of said assignor are hereby requested to present their claims; and all persons indebted to him to make payment to the undersigned.

PHINEAS C. CLARKE, Assignee.

Newport, R. I., August 16th, 1887.

A. C. Titus & Co's Column

A. C. TITUS & CO.

Invite inspection of their

STOVE

—AND—

FURNACE DEPARTMENT.

We are fully equipped the cold season with an elegant line of

ROUND

—AND—

SQUARE

PARLORS,

A new line of

OPEN--FRONT GRATES,

And a superb line of

Cooking Ranges.

Inspect our goods and see the latest things.

A. C. TITUS & CO.,

The Housefurnishers,

225 to 229 Thames St.

Miscellaneous.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed, made and executed by John Sinnott and Mary A. Sinnott, wife of said John Sinnott, both of Newport in the State of Rhode Island, to Edward C. Schaefer, of the City, County and State of New York, dated the twenty-eighth day of December, A. D. 1885, and recorded in Volume 18 of Mortgages Land Evidence of said Newport, at pages 590 and 591.

The undersigned will sell at public auction upon the premises hereinafter described, on **Wednesday, June 15th, A. D. 1887, at 11.30 o'clock A. M.** (the conditions of said mortgage having been broken) all the right, title and interest which the said John Sinnott and Mary A. Sinnott had at the time of the execution of said mortgage deed in and to the premises, and in and to the goods and chattels hereinafter described, to wit; that certain lot or parcel of land in said Newport, with all the buildings and improvements thereupon, bounded and described as follows: Northerly, on a way leading down Newman's wharf; easterly, on land formerly of Charles Bickerton; southerly on land formerly of George Bowen, deceased; and westerly on land of William P. Sheffield; and two express wagons, one roan horse, one gray horse, and all the store and office fixtures and furniture in the store numbered twenty-six Market Square, in said Newport, and two sets of harness. And the undersigned hereby gives notice that he intends to bid upon said premises and said goods and chattels at said sale thereof.

EDWARD C. SCHAEFER, Mortgagee.

5-21

Newport, June 15, 1887

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to **Friday, July 15, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

6-18

Newport, July 15, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned until the **20th day of July**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

7-16

Newport, July 29, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned until the **5th day of August, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

7-30

Newport, Aug. 5, 1887.

The above sale has this day, on the premises, adjourned to **Wednesday, August 10, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

8-6

Newport, Aug. 10, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to **Friday, August 19, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

8-13

Newport, Aug. 19, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to **Friday, August 26, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

8-20

Newport, August 26, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to **Friday, September 2, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

8-27

Newport, September 2, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to **Friday, September 9, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

9-3

Newport, Sept. 9, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to **Friday, September 16, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

9 10

Newport, Sept. 16, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to **Friday, September 23, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

9-17

Newport, Sept. 23, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to **Friday, October 7, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

Newport, Oct. 7, 1887.

The above sale was this day, on the premises, adjourned to **Friday, October 14, 1887**, at the same time and place.

By order of the Mortgagee,
FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auctioneer.

10-8

For Sale.

A very desirable Portsmouth farm in the town of South Portsmouth, near the post office, known St. Mary's church and posting buildings, the Peleg Almy farm, comprising well walled, 82 acres of smooth land, farm. For further views, and a first class particulars, apply to

GEO. V. WILBUR, Real Estate Broker, 20 Bellevue avenue.

9-21-3w

Sacque! Sacques!

SEAL SACQUES,

Plush Sacques,

AND FUR LINED

CIRCULARS,

Furnished at short notice, at the very lowest prices.

We make a special business of Recoloring, Repairing, and altering Seal Sacques, also Fur Lined Circulars, turned, repaired and put in order, on the most

Reasonable Terms.

It is a good time to have your garments repaired before the season commences.

J. E. Seabury,

218 & 220 Thames-st.

Miscellaneous.

E. F. COOPER,

195 THAMES STREET,

PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO,

where all kinds of Photographs, Crayon, India Ink, Pastel, Oil and Water Colors can be had. Call and examine specimens of work.

Re-Opening of Lopez Wharf Lumber Yard.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having purchased the stock of Lumber and Building Materials belonging to the estate of the late James B Finch, hereby gives notice that he will continue the

Lumber Business

on Lopez wharf, lately occupied by Mr. Finch, and will be glad to receive the same generous consideration and patronage which the public has accorded to him at the old business stand.

ALEX. N. BARKER.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 1, 1887. tf

UPHOLSTERING

Furniture and Mattresses Repaired Upholstered. Made over. Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to at lowest prices.

UPHOLSTERING * GOODS

LATEST PATTERNS

Now is your time to have your Furniture Repaired and Re-covered, as I have a full line of Upholstering Goods, Curtains of all kinds, and Furniture Trimmings, which I am selling at a low price. Call and examine at

H. J. JONES, 14 and 18 Mill Street

Sayer Bros.,

—DEALERS IN—

FANCY AND STAPLE

GROCERIES,

CIGARS, &c.

283 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT, R. I.

Connected by telephone.

LIGHTNING

Preserve Jars.

TRY THEM.

are the Best, Easiest Sealed or ...ned. Warranted Air Tight, Best Glass and Low Price.

—AT—

Geo. Weaver's,

19 & 2[illegible] BROADWAY.

MARTIN BENNETT,

159 THAMES ST.

FALL OVERCOATS,

$6.00 to $2[illegible]

New Fall Shapes in [illegible]s.

Underwear and a general line of Furnishing Goods, [illegible]

BENNETT

Miscellaneous.

KIRK'S WHITE RUSSIAN

The only brand of Laundry Soap awarded a first class medal at the New Orleans Exposition. Guaranteed absolutely pure, and for general household purposes is the very best

SOAP.

The Light Running Domestic,

The most reliable Machine made.

F. S. WAITE

Agent, 293 Thames street.

Butterick's Patterns for October.

F. S. WAITE, Agent, 293 Thames St.

AGENCY

Lewando's French Dye House.

F. S. WAITE, 293 Thames st.

DRY AND FANCY GOODS,

F. S. WAITE,

293 * Thames * St.

INSURANCE NOTICE!

AGENCY OF A. S. SHERMAN,

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES heretofore represented in Newport by Mr. Job T. Langley, deceased, having been transferred to me, policies and renewals in the same will be written at this office, where transfers and endorsements can be made:—

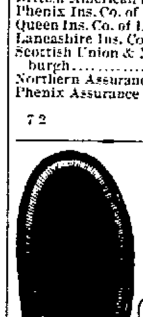
Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn.
Queen Ins. Co. of London.
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester.
Scottish Union & National of Edinburgh and London.
Northern Assurance Co., of London.

The above companies in addition to those already represented by me, enable me to write for any amount desired at the lowest rates and the high standing and character of the companies offer the strongest indemnity against fire.

Niagara Ins. Co. of N. Y.	$2,080,260
American Ins. Co. of Philadelphia	2,301,358
Fire Association of Philadelphia	4,260,564
Phenix Ins. Co. of Hartford	4,769,228
Imperial Ins. Co. of London	6,725,000
Guardian Ins. Co. of London	7,555,196
Providence Washington Ins. Co. of Providence	360,429
British American Ins. Co. of Toronto	592,443
Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn	5,337,171
Queen Ins. Co. of London	7,976,093
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester	6,436,187
Scottish Union & Nat'l Ins. Co of Edinburgh	5,332,650
Northern Assurance Co. of London	5,388,676
Phenix Assurance Co. of London	7,387,175

A. S. SHERMAN, Office Merchants' Bank.

7 2



NEW LINE

—OF—

—MEN'S—

CALF * SHOES,

—FOR—

$3.00,

In narrow toe, medium and Waukenphast, the best line yet made for the above price.

Rubbers. Rubbers.

A full line in stock at the lowest cash prices.

[illegible]RMAN, 160 THAMES-ST.

RHODE ISLAND Hospital Trust Co.

Office 60 South Main Street.

Open from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

CAPITAL $1,000,000.

PAYS interest on DEPOSITS, subject to [illegible].

MONEYS loaned on REAL ESTATE or other satisfactory security.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND LETTERS OF CREDIT furnished available in all parts of the world.

All business transacted by Trust Companies attended to by this Company.

All safeguards furnished at this Company's office.

The TRUST COMPANY is by law empowered to act as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, or Receiver, in the settlement of estates, and Probate Courts are authorized to appoint it in these capacities.

Executors, Administrators, Receivers, &c. who deposit their funds with the Company, are exempted by law from all personal responsibility.

Directors.—Amos C. Barstow, Zechariah Chafee, Christopher Lippitt, Samuel M. Noyes, Royal C. Taft, Robert H. I. Goddard, G. W. R. Matteson, S. S. Sprague, William D. Ely, Robert I. Gammell, William Binney, William B. Weeden, Rowland Hazard, Edward D. Pearce, Jr., Henry J. Steere, Horatio N. Campbell, Robert Knight, John W. Danielson, Herbert J. Wells, and John C. Pegram.

HERBERT J. WELLS, President.
W. H. LATHAM, Vice President.
E. S. CLARK, Secretary.

Farm and Family

Barn Cleaning Time.

It is now a seasonable time to prepare the barns for winter use. Housewives go a through a regular annual house-cleaning, and in this respect are an example to the husbandman who suffer their barns to become buried in filth in which vermin gather and harbor in myriads. It is barns so buried in filth that swarm with rats, mice, weevils, and other pests which destroy a large part of the crops, and in which disease lurks, and when favorable opportunities are presented seize upon the the live stock lodged in them. A general cleaning up should now be made before the winter occupation. Whitewash with 2 per cent. of carbolic acid in it, should be liberally applied in the stables, and especially in the granaries where the grain moths and weevils harbor. Cobwebs, which harbor lice and fleas, should be swept down, all repairs made, stout hinges and fastenings fixed to the doors, and broken windows repaired. In short, a general overhauling of buildings, furniture, tools and machinery should be made and everything put in the very best order.

It is very advisable that all buildings on the farm should be raised at least a foot from the ground, and set upon posts or stone pillars. The large infiltration of unwholesome matter which gathers under close buildings decays slowly, and the vapors rise through the floor to poison the animals which breathe them. They can find no other outlet. The ground is always damp, and this encourages decomposition. A pestiferous atmosphere, heavy with the germs of disease and loaded with poison, fills such buildings, and gives rise to such fatal disorders as now and then kill off hundreds of horses, as is now happening in parts of New Jersey. This is avoided by having an open space under the building through which air can pass and carry off these deleterious vapors, or wholly prevent them. Dogs and cats can go in and out as they please in search of their prey, and, as vermin hate the light of day, and seek dark and filthy places, these make themselves scarce or wholly disappear.

Selecting a Family Horse.

Among the good points to be noticed in the selection of the family horse, docility and gentleness must be kept well in front. If the women and children are to share in the use and care of the horse, nothing vicious should be tolerated. If sound and previously well cared for, a horse eight, ten or even twelve years old, may be bought with no fear of disability on account of old age. Mr. John Russell, who recently delivered a series of lectures in Boston on the care of the horse, said that "old wine, old friends and old horses"—and by that meaning those from eight to fourteen—"should always be preferred to young ones." The horse does not come to maturity as early as some think, as the record of the trotting horse of America shows. A horse ten years old, that has no defect of body or limb, is practically safe from the ordinary horse diseases. So far as outward appearance, color, etc., are concerned, no general directions can be given, but if the buyer is inexperienced, it is better to go to some reliable dealer, stating what is desired, and the amount of money to be given. An honest horse jockey in some people's minds is an anomaly, but many such may be found. —[American Agriculturist.

Dishorning Cattle.

Considerable opposition is made in various quarters to the practice of dishorning cattle. A recent objection worthy of notice because of the high position of the objector is made by Prof. T. Walley, of Edinburgh, Scotland, who thinks the practice is often followed by very bad results. No explanation of what the bad results are is given, nor does the English National Veterinary Association in its formal support of Prof. Walley go into these particulars. Generalities are subject to many very erroneous deductions. If the dishorning referred to by Prof. Walley is the quite frequent practice of knocking off the horns of Irish cattle by means of clubs wielded by brutal Irish drovers, that is a kind every humane person would reprobate. But the safe and almost painless extirpation of the embryo horns of young calves is quite another thing, having no evil results and being not half so serious or one-tenth as painful as emasculation, which is practiced without an objection. And yet this is done for the saving of a few paltry dollars, while dishorning saves human lives and avoids constant risks of most serious injury to the owners and attendants of cattle as well as to cattle exposed to attacks.—[N. Y. Times.

Land Cultivation.

The introduction of a bill into the English Parliament by which it was proposed to compel owners of land to keep their property under productive cultivation, under penalty of confiscation, is a straw which shows the present drift of opinion in England in favor of large holdings of land in an idle and useless condition. It is an extreme measure which affects interests of which few Americans have any true conception, and which would be wholly inapplicable here. It grows, however, out of the pressing necessity of English people for foreign grown goods for their support, and jealousy of the large land owners, who keep many thousand acres uncultivated and for the breeding of game. Here, where land is practically evenly divided and every man can have a farm for the taking and using of it, there is no place or excuse for such a proposition, but, on the contrary, there is a growing belief that a large portion of the land should be thrown out of cultivation and planted with timber as a means of favorably affecting the remainder of the land. By reducing the acreage under grain cultivation, too, the price of products might possibly be advanced by bringing the supply more nearly to the demands of consumers, and so improve the condition of the agricultural interest. —[New York Times.

Fertilize the Fall Crops.

The application of some active fertilizer to the young fall grain crops is indispensable to a vigorous growth and safety through the winter. No doubt that the injury to the crops through the winter months by reason of the weakness of the plant for want of nutriment causes a loss of 50 per cent. of the possible yield. This makes all the difference between profit and loss on the crop. A strong, healthy, vigorous plant resists the attacks of insect pests, the destructive Hessian fly in particular, and the frosts and thaws of the season, by the strength of root and abundant tillering. This of course makes and secures the crop. It is wise, then, that the farmer should now without delay feed his growing crop and push it forward before the season of hardship begins. Two hundred or 300 pounds of the artificial fall grain top-dressing or which contains every element of barn manure, would go far to secure a remunerative crop and carry the plant safely through the winter. No crop of rye or wheat can be held to be safe for the winter unless the land is wholly covered with a dense mat of herbage and quite hidden from view.

How to Feed a Horse.

It is about as difficult for a man to find out how to feed a horse to the best advantage as it is to find out how to feed himself. How many men know just what to eat and how much? Their own feelings may be a warning. In feeding a horse we have no such reminders. It is all judgment, and half of this is guess work. Oats are the natural grain food of the horse; he wants a reasonable allowance of good hay, clover or timothy, or the two combined. Oat straw is good when the oats are cut before the stalk has lost all of its green hue. Wheat would be found a nourishing food for the horse, and not so dear as it would at first seem. But it is a very concentrated food, and all such must be fed with great care, and in connection with coarser food of some kind. If oats are crushed, or just coarsely ground, they will prove more nourishing. In England they are passed between rollers. But if a horse's teeth are good it will generally grind its oats pretty well. Whatever grain you feed do not let the horse drink immediately after. If you do, much of the grain will be washed out of the stomach without being digested. Corn is not the best food for the horse. It is too carbonaceous, or heating and fattening. Fat is not a sign of the best health in either man or horse.

Agricultural Notes and Hints.

Use pressed tin pails and pans in the dairy. There will then be no crevice for dirt and fungi to flourish, which may occur with jointed and scalded pans, even with scrupulous care.

Cut onions into small pieces and see how greedily the fowls will devour them. They are one of the best delicacies you can give fowls, and they will keep off disease.

The most convenient way to prepare a rolling place for fowls is to lay a rough floor of old boards on the ground, fasten board one foot high all around the sides, and fill the apartment with ten or twenty bushels of dry loam, road dust or coal ashes.

The popular idea that a hog cannot hurt itself by overfeeding is erroneous. Even if fattening, it is better to give only what can be eaten up clean at one time and at regular intervals. If the feeding occurs at stated times each day the hogs will lie down and sleep in the intervals, and this will fatten them faster and be more healthful than keeping food before the animals all the time.

It is a bad thing to get lice into a horse stable, because of the difficulty of getting rid of them and the mischief they do by worrying the horses. For this reason no fowls should be kept in or near a horse stable, as they cannot then be kept free from the lice and fleas. To clear the stable of the lice it must be cleaned out and whitewashed in a thorough manner. Every crack and crevice where the lice may hide should be brushed with a mixture of linseed and kerosene oils in equal parts, and repeat it daily till the lice disappear. The mane is to be particularly well dressed with this.

How to Whip Cream.

Cream should be thirty-six hours old in cold weather, twenty-four in summer, and it should be thoroughly chilled before it is whipped. In hot weather the bowl should be set in ice while it is whipped. Under these conditions cream will beat as solid as white of eggs, without any milky remainder. Do not remove the froth as it rises, but beat steady for fifteen minutes, or thereabouts. You will find then that your cream is solid.

Recipes for the Table.

PRESERVED GINGER.—Select young and tender roots; scrape off the outer skin and boil in syrup. The best ginger is hot and biting to the taste and of aromatic odor.

TOMATOES AND ONIONS.—Prick the small ripe tomato skins and lay them in layers, cover with small onions and sprinkle with salt, let it stand a week, drain off salt water, put the tomatoes in a jar and cover with strong vinegar. Boil a pint of vinegar with red pepper, horseradish, spices and mustard, add to the pickles.

PLUM PRESERVES.—Allow equal quantities of sugar and fruit; add water to make a rich syrup; boil and pour over the plums; let stand over night; drain off the syrup and boil half an hour; pour over the plums and put in glass jars.

PEAR PRESERVES.—Peel, cut in halves, core and weigh; allow three-quarters of a pound of sugar to a pound of fruit; make syrup and add to the fruit; when done skim out the fruit and put in glass jars. Boil the syrup low, pour over and seal.

CRAB APPLE PRESERVES.—Put crab apples in the kettle and keep scalding hot for an hour, add a small lump of alum. Take the fruit up and skin, bu[t] leave on the stem. Add a pound [of] sugar to every pint of juice and boil a syrup, pour over the fruit and put [in] glass jars.

GRAPE PRESERVES.—Pick g[rapes] from the stem, skin and put in a [pan], cook until the seeds are loose, [then] strain, weigh with the skins, [and] for every pound allow a pound of [sugar]. Put the grapes in the kettle [sl]owly boiling add the sugar and co[ok] until done.

STUFFED PEPPERS.—Slit [the pe]ppers, stuff with cabbage shredde[d] fine [and] equal [parts] and English mustard s[eed] and ... parts. Put a small whi[te onion] firmly up two cloves in each. Tie. The cabbage and put into cold vin[egar]. ... salt and ... bage should be sprinkle[d] ... day before it is hung up in a bag to d[rain] ... fore it is used.

TO CAN GRAPES.—... them carefully from the stem[, taking] care not to tear the skins ... ut them in a porcelain kettle ... little water; only enough to stir them carefu[lly] ... re well heated make sure that [th]em in the cans. through; the[y] ... whole, and the The pulp will ... nd skins. sauce not all ...

COLD CAT[SUP]—Half a peck of ripe tomatoes p[...] drained through a colander t[...] four hours, then made fine. Put ... n one small teacupful of salt, o[ne ounce of m]ustard seed, one gill of nasturtium ... white m[ustard,] four tablespoonfuls of ... t[w]o dozen stalks of celery horserad[ish] ... or half an ounce of chopp[ed] ... one tablespoonful of cayenne ... celery, one quart of good vinegar ... must not be boiled. Stir well ... for use. This sauce is ready ... and ... iate use.

... PEACHES.—Get the finest ... free from all spots and bruis[es] ... peaches are best—mix ten ... of powdered sugar in every ... of French white brandy; let your sugar melt, stir it well; now scald your peaches in a stewpan of water, take them out while soft and put in a large tablecloth four or five double; then put your peaches into glass jars and pour your brandy over them; cover them close with air-tight covers, and be sure to keep the jar well filled with brandy.

Household Hints.

Milk that stands too long makes bitter butter.

Rusty flatirons should be rubbed over with beeswax and lard.

A little soda water will relive sick headaches caused by indigestion.

Mortar and paint may be removed from window glass with hot, sharp vinegar.

A little borax put in the water in which scarlet napkins and red bordered towels are to be washed will prevent them fading.

When a fish-hook has entered any part of the body cut off the line, file off the flattened end and pass the hook on through the flesh as you would a needle in sewing.

When you are through with your paint brushes, clean them thoroughly in turpentine, then work them in a little sweet oil to prevent them drying hard.

To polish zinc.—Take one part of muriatic acid to two parts of water, scour the zinc well with this mixture and fine sand, then dry carefully and give a thin coating of oil.

Borax soap.—Cut an ordinary bar of soap in small pieces; put it in one quart of boiling water and add one ounce of borax. Let it all melt, but not boil. When cold, cut in pieces, and use like common soap.

To clean marble, etc.—To clean old marble or alabaster, immerse the object for two or three days in water to soften the dirt, lime, etc. Then take them out and clean them with a brush. When cleaned in this way as well as possible put them in a mixture of one part of concentrated muriatic acid and three parts of water, until they appear perfectly clean. Soak the articles in water until they are free from acid. The appearance may be improved by rubbing them with almond oil.

Fashion Fancies.

Colored pearls are much esteemed for elegant jewels.

Belts made entirely of gilt braid are stylish and are worn with white costumes.

The tournure is narrower, but hardly perceptibly smaller in the early fall styles.

Fancy hairpins are generally worn and continue to be ornamental and elaborate.

Violet wood is used in a variety of articles for the toilet, and also for the handles of fans.

The gilt and silk braid trimmings form an attractive garniture for tailor made costumes.

Brier stitching, as well as feather stitch, is used on children's clothing, both dresses and jackets.

Large buttons enter into the trimmings of many fall costumes, and are of very beautiful workmanship.

The soft, warm knitted silk und[er]wear promises to take the place of ... Jersey weaves, as it is healthful.

The sailor jacket with a blouse ... st ... ar underneath is a favorite model to ... with a kilted skirt.

The morning costume, to be ... fish, ... med is in white chuddah cloth, ... ow is with bright colored velvet. ... stylish.

There is nothing more att[racti]ve than the bedroom wraps of so[ft] ... w silk, which have taken the plac[e of] the Angora wools.

The prophecy is tha[t le]ss jewelry will be worn on undress ... sions than ever. Only with full ... s will diamonds be permitted.

The prettiest foot ... are the slippers of dull kid in d[ull] shades. They have a moliere bue ... nd large bow of satin.

The most be[c]o[min]g plaids are the Scotch tarltans [f]or fall wear. The fabrics import[ed] ... lain fabric. corsage will be ... velvet at the foot of

A wide ban[d o]f the most attractive the dress is [tr]im[m]ing for fall, and prominent models of t[his] ... ar again. ises to be ... son or fall styles are not

The mi[n]eral from those which unlike i[n th]e past season notable for have m[a]sterfulness. grace a ...

... ather tips and foxings are Pat[ent], and will continue to be still [in] the present season. Lace boots thro[ugh] the favor of young people. still ...

A Good Old Age.

[An]other year bids us remember that [we a]re growing older. It may be many [year]s before old age comes to us. Some [ma]y never reach it, but all should pre[pa]re for it. If we are prepared for a [p]eaceful and happy old age we shall be well fitted for the duties of life, and for death whenever it may come. Many think that the only preparation needful for old age is that which can be made by gathering wealth, and, pressed by the fear of poverty in later years, they toil unremittingly, and perhaps pinch both mind and body in the effort to lay aside treasure for a time of need. Too often with this effort comes the love of money for its own sake, and this unchristian greed dries up the soul, and stints the affections, and dwarfs all the nobler powers, and prevents the enjoyment of the comforts and amenities of life. Such persons are not preparing for a happy old age, but are spending labor for that which satisfieth not.—They are turning the juices of life into sour wine, which will make them crabbed, and complaining, and unhappy, and suspicious in their old age. An old man who is rich and nothing more is sadly off, for gold cannot buy contentment, or love, nor the assurance of immortal youth in a better world. If a man is cold and hard and unlovely in old age, it is often because he bartered the strength and passion of his youth for gold, and though his hands are full his heart is withered and empty. How much better to provide for advancing years that wealth of love to others which attracts them to your presence and makes them happiest when with you; that sweetness of disposition which will draw friends and children to the home as bees swarm to a honey-stored hive; that true piety which makes counsels valuable, and the words of wisdom and love which fall from the lips like "apples of gold in baskets of silver!" This provision for old age is the wisest and best thing, and we can all make it.—[New York Observer.

If Henry M. Stanley is really dead several portrait engravers ought to be held as accessories before the fact.

Some Noted People.

Miss Lucy Salmon, the new Professor of History at Vassar, is a fine-looking blonde with a clear, open face.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, the authoress, who is journeying in France, is filling her note-book with continental scenes for a new novel.

Queen Victoria has made such a progress in Hindostani that she is able to give orders in that language to the two Indian servants in her service.

Miss Ada Leigh, who successfully founded a home for American girls in Paris, is endeavoring to establishd a similar home for young men. It is to be regretted that not a few of the latter need it.

Mark Twain sent to Caroline B. Le Row, the teacher who collected the examples given in the book "English as She is Taught," the check for $250 paid him by the *Century* Company for his reviewing article.

The proportion of men to women in the medical profession is 35 to 1. There are now 2,500 women holding first-class diplomas from duly incorporated medical colleges. This is what has been accomplished since 1850.

Miss Charlotte Morrill, who has been spoken of in various quarters as a possible successor to Miss Freeman as president of Wellesley, is secretary of the Adelphi Academy, of Brooklyn, a preparatory school of high standing.

Admiral Luce, who was a midshipman under Commodore Jacob Jones, paid a very pretty compliment, at Bar Harbor, where he sent the band of the flagship Richmond to play at the reception given by Mrs. Musgrave, who is a descendant of Commodore Jones.

Mrs. George Barnard, a wealthy lady of Boston, went to Mattapoiset fifteen years ago and bought all of i[t] and several of its streets, [at] an average price of $500 per acre, [in]cluding the houses. What she [h]as since sold has been at the rate of $500 per acre, not including the house[s].

There is living on the Welsh [hi]lls at Tymnen a venerable widow, M[rs.] Frances, who is 107 years old, ha[vin]g been born on August 15, 1780. [S]he is in excellent health and can [r]ead her needle without using her g[la]sses. She moves about with ease, a[nd] is enabled to attend to domestic du[ties].

A new departure in t[he] way of women is the formation o[f a] fire brigade. According to the Lo[nd]on *Fireman* this has been done by 1,0[00] girls employed in a Liverpool ciga[r f]actory. They are well officered and [d]rilled, and at a recent blaze in the fact[ory] turned out and did most effectual w[or]k in subduing the flames.

Nov[el]ties in Gems.

Ladies' g[old] ... e buttoners are extensively worn.

The m[ost] beautiful work this season is show[n in] enamel goods.

Ena[mel] lace pins are exhibited in bouq[uets] and sprays of small flowers.

A ... t's scarfpin is a daisy—enamel leaf ... gold bulb and diamond petal.

... e blue enamel traversed with wire ... is seen in ladies' cuff buttons.

... chaste gentlemen's scarfpin is of [wh]ite enamel representing a snowball.

Gentlemen's link cuff-buttons in com[b]ination of gold and silver are made in bars and buttons.

The marquise finger ring, a row of sapphires surrounded by diamonds, is very much admired.

For gentlemen's wear a gold and platina locket is handsomely set off with a ruby, sapphire and diamonds.

Line rings, or, as the French call them, "lennet," are shown in every possible variety, and with marquise and cluster rings lead the style.

The double or English violet is beautifully enameled and resting on its outer leaf a diamond represents a drop of dew. It makes an exquisite ladies' pin.

The link bracelet now so popular is exquisitely chased and adorned with diamonds, rubies, sapphires, either arranged in combination or collectively.

In gentlemen's lockets, gold and platina front with plain gold back is supposed to be the leading style this season. Some are set off by a single brilliant.

Umbrellas and canes are made with plain and crooked handles in chased gold and oxidized silver. The trade is increasing at a rapid rate, the crook handle taking the lead.

A life-size lizard, composed entirely of brilliants, with the exception of two emeralds set to represent eyes, is exposed in a Maiden lane window. It is somewhat aged.

One of the neatest lace pins is a miniature cravat composed of yellow gold, one end being crossbarred in pink, green and drab. Through the centre of the cravat runs a small ruby pin.

Great Cities.

Cities with 1,000,000 inhabitants and upward have never been plentiful in any age of the world, and their number is very limited now. There are four such cities in Europe, three or four in Asia, and but one on this continent. The doubt in regard to the number in Asia arises from the fact that it is difficult to determine whether the claim of Nanking to 1,000,000 inhabitants is correct or not. Assuming it, however, to be just, the rank of the very great cities of the world, based on the censuses of 1880 and 1881, would stand as follows: London, 4,766,661; Paris, 2,269,023; Canton, 1,000,000; New York, 1,206,590; Tokio, 1,140,588; Berlin, 1,122,360; Vienna, 1,103,857; Peking, 1,000,000; Nanking, 1,000,000. The round numbers given as representing the population of the three Chinese cities named have a very suspicious look, and perhaps they ought to be thrown out of the account entirely. Certainly, Chinese or Japanese estimates or partial enumerations are not to be placed beside a properly taken census. A singular illustration of the folly of estimates was furnished by the case of Tokio, which was once believed to be the most populous city in the world, and to have 5,000,000 inhabitants. When a census came to be taken, the population of the city was found to be as stated above, and this number includes the suburbs. The population of the city proper was but 811,510. In the figures given for Vienna the suburbs are also included. As London is not a city, in the proper sense of the term, but an aggregation of municipalities, the population given is that of the metropolitan and city police districts, which cover a very large area, about 20 square miles. A similar area about New York would take in all Kings County, half of Queens, Westchester, and Richmond Counties, as well as Jersey City, Newark, and numerous small towns in New Jersey, with an aggregate population at the last census of at least 2,250,000, and, of course, a much larger population now. —*The Epoch.*

Sore Eyes

The eyes are always in sympathy with the body, and afford an excellent index of its condition. When the eyes become weak, and the lids inflamed and sore, it is an evidence that the system has become disordered by Scrofula, for which Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best known remedy.

Scrofula, which produced a painful inflammation in my eyes, caused me much suffering for a number of years. By the advice of a physician I commenced taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. After using this medicine a short time I was completely

Cured

My eyes are now in a splendid condition, and I am as well and strong as ever.—Mrs. William Gage, Concord, N. H.

For a number of years I was troubled with a humor in my eyes, and was unable to obtain any relief until I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine has effected a complete cure, and I believe it to be the best of blood purifiers.—C. E. Upton, Nashua, N. H.

From childhood, and until within a few months, I have been afflicted with Weak and Sore Eyes. I have used for these complaints, with beneficial results, Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and consider it a great blood purifier.—Mrs. C. Phillips, Glover, Vt.

I suffered for a year with inflammation in my left eye. Three ulcers formed on the ball, depriving me of sight, and causing great pain. After trying many other medicines, to no purpose, I was finally induced to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and,

By Taking

three bottles of this medicine, have been entirely cured. My sight has been restored, and there is no sign of inflammation, sore, or ulcer in my eye.—Kendal T. Bowen, Sugar Tree Ridge, Ohio.

My daughter, ten years old, was afflicted with Scrofulous Sore Eyes. During the last two years she never saw light of any kind. Physicians of the highest standing exerted their skill, but with no permanent success. On the recommendation of a friend I purchased a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which my daughter commenced taking. Before she had used the third bottle her sight was restored, and she can now look steadily at a brilliant light without pain. Her cure is complete.—W. E. Sutherland, Evangelist, Shelby City, Ky.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills

PURELY VEGETABLE AND STRICTLY RELIABLE.

They act DIRECTLY and PROMPTLY on the Liver and Stomach, restoring the constipated organs to healthy activity, and are a positive and perfectly safe cure for Constipation, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all other diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach. They are the only reliable vegetable Liver Pill sold.

They are Perfectly HARMLESS. They are PURELY VEGETABLE. TRY THEM.

For Sale by all Druggists. Price 25 cts. per box; 3 boxes for 65 cts.; or sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philad'a.

NOTICE!

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS repaired and re-covered. Samples of all kinds of coverings on hand. Also all the new styles of sticks furnished. Keys of all kinds, including Yale lock keys, fitted and locks furnished and repaired. All kinds of tools sharpened and polished. Orders promptly attended to. Umbrellas and Parasols for sale.

ROCCO BARONE, 7 Kinsley's Wharf.

Banking and Insurance.

PROVIDENCE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

[*Incorporated A. D. 1800.*]

Office: 45 WESTMINSTER ST., PROVIDENCE R. I.

THE oldest Mutual Fire Insurance Company in New England. Has had eighty-four years of uninterrupted success. Is noted for the liberal form of its policy and for its fairness in settling losses. It has always paid losses by lightning.

H. R. BARKER, President.
H. C. WATERS, Secretary.
HENRY BULL Jr., Agent.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A good second-hand square piano. Apply to

JOHN VARS,

Teacher, Tuner and Dealer, No. 8 Sherman street.

Prepared Coke.

An excellent Summer fuel,
Kindles quickly and
Makes an intense fire,
Especially good for open grates.
Cleanly, convenient and economical
Delivered anywhere within the compact part of the city.

Leave orders at either office

181 THAMES ST.

—OR—

557 THAMES ST.

THIS IS THE SEASON

When you can secure especial bargains in the common or unprepared coke when taken in quantities of one hundred bushels or upwards at the Works. For terms, apply at either office.

THE NEWPORT

Gas Light Co.

COCKLE'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

For Liver, Bile, Indigestion, etc. Free from Mercury; contains only Pure Vegetable Ingredients. Agent: C. N. CRITTENTON, New York.

Business Cards.

SLOCUM & BLUCK, CITY MARKET,

14 Thames Street, - - - - - Newport, R.I.

—DEALERS IN—

Meats, Poultry, Game, Vegetables and Fruit, AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES!

S. P. SLOCUM. JOHN BLUCK

M. COTTRELL, Furnishing Undertaker,

3 DOORS SOUTH OF POST OFFICE.

Residence, No. 79 Thames Street.

R. C. COTTRELL, Residence, 104 Mill-st. NEWPORT.

JOSEPH M. LYON,

Plumber, Brass Founder and Coppersmith.

No. 236 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

Has constantly on hand a variety of Force and Lift Pumps, which he warrants. Also, Water Closets, Wash Bowls, Faucets, and every description of Plumbing Materials, as cheap as can be bought elsewhere. Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead on hand, also all kinds of Brass and Composition Castings made to order. Ship Castings of all kinds on hand and made to order at short notice.

Furniture Repairing, Upholstering, Chair Seating

—BY—

George B. Smith,

Rear of 46 Broadway.

JOHN ALDERSON, MERCHANT TAILOR, Franklin Street,

ONE DOOR ABOVE THAMES STREET.

Ladies' Cloaks, Ulsters and Walking Coats a specialty.

Liveries of every description made to order.

A NEW LINE OF

Seasonable Goods

JUST RECEIVED. 1-23

REMOVAL.

LAW OFFICES

PECKHAM & TYLER,

Counsellors at Law, Removed to

68-71 Trinity Building (3d floor), 111 Broadway, New York City.

WM. G. PECKHAM, E. W. TYLER, WM. H. KLENKE, J. W. MASON.

Commissioner for R. I. in N. Y.

Do You Want

a SOFA, LOUNGE, EASY CHAIR or any Upholstered Furniture?

—CALL AT—

28 JOHN St.,

and have it made at your own price, upon a guarantee of being perfectly satisfactory.

Furniture Repairing, Mattresses Made Over. Window Shades Put Up, Carpets Made and Laid, &c., &c.

GEO. NASON.

10-3

ASTHMA CURED!

A SINGLE TRIAL convinces the most skeptical.

GERMAN ASTHMA CURE Instantly relieves the most violent attack; insures comfortable sleep; effects cures where all other remedies fail. No waiting for results. Its action is immediate, direct and certain, and a cure is effected in all CURABLE CASES.

"It permanently cured me. Refer to me at any time." *Hon. R. Lott, St. Paul, Minn.*

"I am entirely restored to health by German Asthma Cure." *Thos. Fitton, Hamilton, Ohio.*

"German Asthma Cure is all you claim for it. It never fails." *Prof. E. Von Fingerlin, Greenville, S. C.*

"My physician recommended German Asthma Cure. It cured me." *Mrs. N. L. Tetrick, Londonderry, Ohio.*

Thousands of similar Letters on file. Ask any druggist about it.

German Asthma Cure is sold by all druggists at 50c. and $1, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Trial package free to any address for stamp. R. SCHIFFMAN, M.D., St. Paul, Minn.

MEDICAL ECONOMY.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS

Dr. Lewis is always successful.

THE GLORY OF A MAN IS IN HIS STRENGTH.

Nerve or Physical Force when Lost Quickly Regained by Consulting

Dr. C. J. Lewis,

WHO after intense study and deep research has lately discovered a new, extraordinary, quick, certain and inexpensive cure for all cases of the Brain and Spinal Cord, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Fluid Escapes, Impotency, and Deranged Functions of the Nervous and Generative Systems. THIS NEW AND MARVELLOUS MEDICAL TREATMENT has cured the most desperate forms of Nervous disorders in both young and old. To debilitated youth it bestows the vigor of manhood, and in advanced age it establishes the vigor of youth without the possibility of failure. URINARY COMPLAINTS, Acute or Chronic Discharges, Stricture, Retention of Urine, Gravel, Kidney or Bladder Disorders, Syphilis, Secondary Symptoms, Eruptions, Skin Diseases, are all absolutely cured without the use of mercury, copiva or injections. No restriction in diet or hindrance from business. RECENT CASES CURED IN THREE OR FOUR DAYS. Patients whose cases have been neglected, badly treated, or pronounced incurable, are particularly invited to visit Dr. Lewis. A written guarantee of cure given in all cases arranged for. In practice 30 years.

☞Dr. Lewis is frequently consulted by many who have been completely discouraged of ever being cured after having experimented with various advertised nostrums, Electric Belts, etc., which invariably do more harm than good. Every phase of disease demands different and special treatment. To those who may have been disappointed, Dr. Lewis would say consult him and he will restore the disappointed one to all the duties of life, whether they be physical or mental, pertaining to married life or "single blessedness."

CONSULTATIONS, MEDICINES, &C., $5.
WORKING CLASSES, $2.50.

DR. LEWIS is permanently located at

129 Friendship Street, Providence, R. I.

One door from Richmond street (off Broad-street). Office hours all the year round from 9 to 2 and 5 to 9: Sundays, 10 to 2, not later except by appointment, letter or telegram.

Rheumatism Effectually Cured. Female Complaints Skillfully Treated.

Notice to Country Patients.

DR. LEWIS will, on full description of case, with fee enclosed, immediately send a supply of his valuable medicines, accompanied with instructions and advice, for the cure of the above distressing complaints.

JUST PUBLISHED.

FOURTH EDITION

Medical Minutes.

With additional colored illustrations a PORTRAIT OF THE AUTHOR, AND A LIST OF COMPLAINTS. An exceptional treatise on the speedy cure of above subjects sexual diseases, etc. Price 35c. by mail to any address, from the author,

DR. C. J. LEWIS.

Agent for Newport, J. W. McELROY, Franklin News Depot.

Carry Brothers!

Wholesale and retail dealers in

FISH, FRUIT, and EARLY PRODUCE

257 and 259 THAMES ST.,

I. J. CARRY, Newport, R. I

For Sale or To Let.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

A fine villa, barn and land on Broadway, commanding a fine view of the river, ocean and surrounding country, only fifty-three cents a foot, land including buildings. Apply at the OFFICE OF THE MERCURY.

FOR SALE.

A small and desirable lot on Farewell street.
A house and lot on Spruce street, at a bargain.
Large farm near Hanging Rocks, overlooking Second Beach and East River; buildings in good order; excellent location for a stock farm.

TO LET.

Land at Easton's Point and vicinity.
A boarding house on Annandale Road.
Cottage of 9 rooms.
Coe estate 192 Thames street.
Two cottages on Broadway.
A small unfurnished house on Whitfield court.
A desirable stable on Prison street.

A. P. BAKER.

Russell Forsyth,

Real Estate Agent

30 Bellevue Ave.

NEWPORT, R. I.,

FURNISHED COTTAGES TO RENT.

FOR SALE—Desirable pieces of improved and unimproved properties.

3-14-1y

JAMESTOWN, CONANICUT ISLAND!!!

TO LET—Furnished cottages from $150 to $1000 for the season. Beautiful views, good bathing, boating and fishing.

A Large and Picturesque Map

of this island will be sent, post-paid, to any address upon receipt of 50 cents, showing points of interest on the island and bay, some of which are Old Fort Dumpling, Steamboat Landing, Bay View and Gardner Hotel, Lime Rock, the home of Ida Lewis, Fort Adams and other illustrations.

Daniel Watson,

235 Thames Street,

Newport, R. I.

EDWARD A. CROCKER, REAL ESTATE BROKER,

Bellevue Ave., Newport, R. I

I. W. Briskham Jackson PORTRAIT and Landscape Photographer,

No. 6 Equality Park,

NEWPORT, R. I.

PIANOS TO RENT For the Season.

A Large Stock to Select from.

FINE STATIONERY,

FINE LINEN PAPER,

CREAM WOVE AND LAID, AT

30c. PER LB.

Agency for the Mason & Hamlin Organs.

John Rogers,

210 THAMES ST.

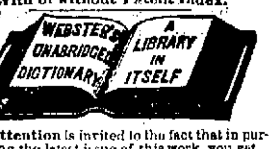
TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

You'll find it good to regulate
The organs of both small and great,
It checks *Sick Headache*, and the woe
That sad Dyspeptics ever know.
Besides 'tis pleasant to the taste,
So none need gulp it down in haste.

WANTED.—LADIES for our Fall and Christmas Trade, to take light, pleasant work at their own homes. $1 to $3 per day can be quietly made. Work sent by mail any distance. Particulars free. No canvassing. Address at once, CRESCENT ART CO., 147 Milk street, Boston, Mass. Box 5170

WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED

With or without Patent Index.



Your Attention is invited to the fact that in purchasing the latest issue of this work, you get

A Dictionary

containing 3000 more words and nearly 2000 more Illustrations than any other American Dictionary.

A Gazetteer of the World

containing over 25,000 Titles, with their pronunciation and a vast amount of other information, (recently added,) and

A Biographical Dictionary

giving pronunciation of names and brief facts concerning nearly 10,000 Noted Persons; also various tables giving valuable information.

All in One Book.

Webster's Unabridged Dictionary is recommended by the State Superintendents of Schools in 36 States, and by leading College Presidents of the United States and Canada. It is **Standard Authority** with the United States Supreme Court, and in the Government Printing Office. It has been selected in every case where State Purchases have been made for Schools, and is the Dictionary upon which nearly all the school books are based.

Get the Latest and Best.

It is an invaluable companion in every School, and at every Fireside. Specimen pages and testimonials sent prepaid on application.

Published by G. & C. MERRIAM & CO., Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

A. L. Burdick's Column.

FOR SALE LOW

FOR CASH,

OR—

Good Notes Which Will Be

Paid When Due.

2 New Dennett Jump Seat Carryalls.

3 New Extension Top Carryalls,

Set low to the ground and extra lined. Warranted in every way.

6 New Phaeton Top Buggies.

4 New Side Bar Top Buggies,

WHITECHAPEL & HARPER'S.

2 New Side Bar Box Top Buggies.

4 New Democrat Wagons,

Extra Make and Warranted.

2 New Standing Top Carryalls,

Handsome and Light.

1 Very Nice Light Victoria,

New Last Season.

1 Very Nice Victoria,

Painted black. Cost $800. Will sell the same for $300.

2 Single Canopy Phaetons, 2d-Hand.

1 Double Straw Seat Phaeton with Canopy,

Made by DURHAM & WINTER, in good order.

4 2d-Hand Top Buggies.

3 2d-Hand Extension Top Carryalls.

3 2d-Hand 6-Seated Double Carriage.

1 2d-Hand Pony or Children's Carriage,

Will carry six children and can use a very small horse. The carriage is lined wih Corderoy, all ready to use and cheap.

Also several other carriages which I will sell cheap. Anyone in want it will pay them to look over my stock before purchasing as I want very much to reduce stock.

A.L. Burdick,

PAINT SHOP

382 SPRING STREET,

CARRIAGE SHOP,

Weaver Avenue

East of OCEAN HOUSE.

Druggists.

ESTABLISHED 1780.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

1121 Broadway & 578 Fifth Ave, NEW YORK.

6 Casino Building & 237 Thames street, NEWPORT, R. I.

CASWELL'S

Nutritive Wine Of Coca

Contains Coca, Extract Beef, finest Malaga Wine—a nerve tonic and stimulant recommended for

MALARIA, DYSPEPSIA, HEADAHCE, &c.

Prescribed by leading physicians.

RUM AND QUININE

FOR THE HAIR

Prevents the Hair from Falling, Cleansing and Invigorating to the Scalp, Tonic and Stimulating to the Growth of the Hair, Cools the Head, and as a Dressing, Soft and Brilliant in Effect!

—PREPARED BY—

CASWELL, MASSEY & CO.,

Family and Dispensing Chemists,

Gum Camphor

For packing away your Furs and Woolen Goods.

COLE'S PHARMACY,

302 THAMES ST.

JUST NORTH OF POST OFFICE.

Jas. T. Wright, Ph. G.

REGISTERED PHARMACIST.

SUCCESSOR TO

W. S. N. ALLAN.

All kinds of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals and Fancy Goods.

Particular attention paid to Physicians' prescriptions. 7-4

WITCH-HAZEL-TAR SUPPOSITORIES,

A Sure and Reliable Remedy for Piles. Price, 50 cents per box. Sent to any address on receipt of Price and five cents in stamps for postage. Manufactured only by **Anglo-American Suppository Co., Office 104 Thames Street, Newport, R. I. P. O. Box 495.**

KIDDER'S

DIGESTYLIN

—FOR—

INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.

A CERTAIN REMEDY FOR

Indigestion, Acute and Atonic Dyspepsia, Chronic and Gastro-Intestinal Catarrh, Vomiting in Pregnancy, Cholera Infantum, and in convalescence from Acute Diseases.

Over 5000 physicians have sent to us the most flattering opinions upon Digestylin as a remedy for all diseases arising from improper digestion.

It is not a secret remedy but a scientific preparation, the formula of which is plainly printed on each bottle. Its great DIGESTIVE POWER is created by a careful and proper treatment of the ferments in manufacture. It is very agreeable to the taste, and acceptable to the most delicate stomach.

It will positively CURE CHOLERA INFANTUM, Summer Complaints, and CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, all of which are direct results of imperfect digestion. Give your children Digestylin. One bottle may save a life. Not one case of death reported for the past year from above diseases where the patient had taken Digestylin. Ask your Druggist for it. Price $1.00. Large bottles. If he does not keep it, send one dollar to us and we will send you a bottle. Express prepaid.

WM. F. KIDDER & CO.,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,
83 John St., N. Y.

2-12

CENTRAL MARKET.

Is always provided with the very best quality o

Fresh and Salt Beef, Pork, Veal Mutton, Lamb, Poultry, Ham, Pigs' Feet, Tripe, Etc., and Vegetables of all kinds in their Season.

George M. Hazard, Proprietor.

92 BROADWAY,

STAFFORD BRYER,

DEALER IN

FURNITURE, WALL PAPER and HOUSEHOLD DECORATIONS.

SEE THE

GOLD PAPERS FOR 25C.

156 Thames Street,

NEWPORT, R. I.

PATENTS

Obtained, and all other business in the U. S. Patent Office attended to for MODERATE FEES.

Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain patents in less time than those remote from WASHINGTON.

Send MODEL OR DRAWING. We advise as to patentability free of charge; and we MAKE NO CHARGE UNLESS WE OBTAIN PATENT.

We refer here to the Postmaster, the Supt. of Money Order Div. and to officials of U. S. Patent Office. For circular, advice, terms and references to actual clients in your own State or County, write to

C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

7% SAFEST OF ALL INVESTMENTS. 8%

W. B. CLARK & CO., of MINNEAPOLIS offer *First Mortgages* on *Farms* in *Minnesota and Dakota* in amounts of $300 and upwards; interest from 7 to 8 per cent. *Mortgages on Minneapolis City Property*, interest 7 per cent. Fifteen years' experience.

Send to Boston office for Pamphlet and references before you invest elsewhere.

GEORGE WALLACE, Agent, 19 Milk Street, Room 46, Boston.

Medicine.

The Appetite

May be increased, the Digestive organs strengthened, and the Bowels regulated, by taking Ayer's Pills. These Pills are purely vegetable in their composition. They contain neither calomel nor any other dangerous drug, and may be taken with perfect safety by persons of all ages.

I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia and Constipation. I had no appetite, became greatly debilitated, and was constantly afflicted with Headache and Dizziness. I consulted our family doctor, who prescribed for me, at various times, without affording more than temporary relief. I finally commenced taking Ayer's Pills. In a short time my digestion and appetite

IMPROVED

my bowels were regulated, and, by the time I finished two boxes of these Pills my tendency to headaches had disappeared, and I became strong and well.—Darius M. Logan, Wilmington, Del.

I was troubled, for over a year, with Loss of Appetite, and General Debility. I commenced taking Ayer's Pills, and, before finishing half a box of this medicine, my appetite and strength were restored. —C. O. Clark, Danbury, Conn.

Ayer's Pills are the best medicine known to me for regulating the bowels, and for all diseases caused by a disordered Stomach and Liver. I suffered for over three years with Headache, Indigestion, and Constipation. I had no appetite, and was weak and nervous most of the time.

BY USING

three boxes of Ayer's Pills, and, at the same time dieting myself, I was completely cured. My digestive organs are now in good order, and I am in perfect health.—Philip Lockwood, Topeka, Kans.

Ayer's Pills have benefited me wonderfully. For months I suffered from Indigestion and Headache, was restless at night, and had a bad taste in my mouth every morning. After taking one box of Ayer's Pills, all these troubles disappeared, my food digested well, and my sleep was refreshing.—Henry C. Hemmenway, Rockport, Mass.

I was cured of the Piles by the use of Ayer's Pills. They not only relieved me of that painful disorder, but gave me increased vigor, and restored my health.—John Lazarus, St. John, N. B.

Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

NOTICE.

The undersigned having opened at

No. 56 Thames Street

A NEW

FISH MARKET

would announce to the citizens of Newport and vicinity that he has on hand and will continue to keep at all times all kinds of

Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Clams,

and all else usually found in a first class fish market, and would respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

THOMAS W. STEVENS,
No. 56 Thames street.

7-4-tf

HESPERUS!

A chemical compound which instantly removes all oxides, and polishes

GOLD, SILVER, NICKEL, BRASS, PLATE GLASS, MIRRORS, SILVER-PLATED WARE.

No acid. No rubbing required. Time and Labor saved. No wear to the articles on which it is used. Ask for HESPERUS. Take no other. One trial will convince the most sceptical. Prepared by

Thos. J. Weaver, 289 Broadway,

NEWPORT, R. I.

2-26

ASTHMA CURED

GERMAN ASTHMA CURE

Instantly relieves the most violent attack, and insures comfortable sleep. NO WAITING for RESULTS. Being used by inhalation, its action is immediate, direct and **certain**, and a cure is the result in all curable cases. A single trial convinces the most skeptical. Price 50c. and $1.00 of any druggist, or by mail. Sample **Free** for stamp. **Dr. R. SCHIFFMANN, St. Paul, Minn.**

ENGRAVED VISITING CARDS BY MAIL during June, July and August only. Engraved plate and 50 cards for $1, including postage. Plate good for 10,000 impressions. Satisfaction guaranteed. Remit by postal note. Send for sample sheet. W. W. DAVIS & CO., Wedding Stationers, 43 West street, Boston. 5-28-3m

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.

This Great German Medicine is the cheapest and best. 128 doses of SULPHUR BITTERS for $1.00,—less than one cent a dose. It will cure the worst cases of Skin Disease, from a common pimple on the face to that awful disease Scrofula. SULPHUR BITTERS is the best medicine to use in all cases of such stubborn and deep-seated diseases. Do not ever take **BLUE PILLS** or mercury, they are deadly. Place your trust in SULPHUR BITTERS, the purest and best medicine ever made.

DON'T WAIT! Your Kidneys are out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS.

Is Your Tongue Coated with a yellow, sticky substance? Is your breath foul and offensive? Your stomach is out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS immediately.

If you are sick, no matter what ails you, use **Sulphur Bitters!**

Is your Urine thick, ropy, cloudy, or high-colored?

Don't wait until you are unable to walk, or are flat on your back, but get some at once; it will cure you. SULPHUR BITTERS is

THE INVALID'S FRIEND!

The young, the aged and tottering are soon made well by its use. Remember what you read here. It may save your life; it has saved hundreds. Don't wait until to-morrow.

TRY A BOTTLE TO-DAY!

Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & CO., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published.

Mrs. Potter in the Park.

A recent letter from London says: "I saw Mrs. James Brown Potter driving through the Park the other day in a dog cart, on her way to rehearsal. She wore a charming little black lace frock that looked eminently French, a London cover-coat and a wide black hat covered with thick, curling feathers, that made a charming background for her Titian head. She really looked extremely pretty. Her skin has grown greatly in transparency and brilliancy while living in this English atmosphere, and her improvement in dress is equally great. You know she always had a 'dressed with a pitchfork' expression even in her grandest gowns, but *tire au quatre épingles* is the new order since she set up a London maid. She had a prompt book open in her lap as she rode and was studying hard, but she saw us, stopped the cart, and was very chatty and amiable. She said she was living down at Richmond, but was in town a great deal of the time for rehearsals. Her whole mind seemed to be on the American appearance, about which she declared herself very confident. She thought she would have her country people with her, and they would be gentle with the faults she had been trying so hard to overcome and generous to what merit she had. She said that her experience with New York audiences as an amateur gave her more courage to appear before them than she ever felt on the English stage—which, of course, was all very pretty and proper and just what her manager would wish her to say. All the reporters will get a stereotyped version of that when she gets to the other side, and no doubt she was having a little premature and experimental rehearsal of it on us. We went to see her in "Loyal Love," and during the first two acts we had to ask each other conundrums to keep awake. She and Kyrle Bellew, when they threw themselves into stained glass attitudes and began the 'Shakespeare Tilt,' would have been funny if they hadn't been tiresome. The most impressive actor in those two first acts was the blue satin throne which, attached to concealed wires, made the most astonishingly industrious and energetic entrances and exits. Indeed, it was so vigorous we looked on the bills to see if it hadn't a place in the list of dramatis persone. But Mrs. P. did herself infinite credit in the last act. We were really quite moved. I think she has the making of an emotional actress of some merit. She is exactly the opposite of Mrs. Langtry, who is excellent in composed scenes, when she presents the picture of a well-bred, self-contained woman of the world, but stiff and cold in the climaxes. Mrs. Potter is terribly awkward and 'slouchy' in the scenes where the Lily is at her best, but whenever the action of the play calls for fire and emotion she rises at once to its demands. That is very natural with Southern women, I think, and you know Cora is from New Orleans. Those women from the South are indolent and careless about ordinary matters, but they always shine at a crisis. There was some talk about Mrs. Potter and the Princess not being on good terms, but she has been asked to Sandringham during the summer, so there can't be any truth in it. She is also said to have made a little money lately since she has been succeeding better, which must be true, as her gowns are something superb."

A Japanese Theatre.

There are two tiers of boxes, the lower of which is provided with sliding paper doors, forming small rooms like bathing machines. The pit is divided by low cross-bars into squares, reminding one of the cattle pens in old Smithfield, each capable of holding four persons comfortably. A Japanese family, bent upon enjoyment, engages a compartment for the day, in a position suited to the purse—in the middle of the house, if well to do, nearer to the stage or to the back, according to the scarcity of coin—and, having deposited clogs in the yestiaire, take up a position with cushions, kettle, tea things, smoking tray, and never move till midnight, except to pay visits to friends. A Japanese theatrical performance commences generally at early dawn and lasts a dozen hours. The stage occupies the end of the building from wall to wall. Oddly, the actors do not make their appearance from the side or back, (there are no wings), but strut along a narrow platform over the heads of the pit by means of just such a boarded footway as is used by European conjurors. Faithful to the canon of no illusion, the performers stand ready dressed in an open place off the entrance lobby, where all who come in may see them; and when they hear their cue they push through a knot of loiterers and march to the stage along the platform, acting as they go. Indeed, important portions of a scene which demands a rapid exit are frequently gone through upon this narrow footway and not on the stage at all; and the effect is apt to be unintentionally comic, when a small Tarquin is seen staggering along under a full-blown Lucrece, while the stationary chorus from their distant corner are entreating him to respect her virtue.—*Murray's Magazine.*

How a Boy Got Off.

A boy named by the monitor was ordered to "stand out." He took his place clear of the desks in the gangway of the school, and, with the certainty of punishment hanging over him, had to wait there until a file of talkers had been collected. When the row of the condemned had become somewhat long, and when there was a pause in the occupation of the autocrat, the chastening began. For this offense the sentence mostly took effect on the palms of the hands, and the two strings, one of culprits coming up to the ordeal, the other of victims with quivering hands tucked under their arms, and howling, groaning, or with difficulty repressing their emotion as they wound their way back to their seats, might possibly have been objects replete with interest to a student of human nature, but were too common to excite much attention among us. There was one little imp, as I remember, who used skillfully to skip across from the advancing to the retreating column, hug his hands, and howl as if he had been smitten, and so to get back unscathed to his place. It was a dangerous trick, the penalty of which, if it had been detected, I dare not contemplate. I know but of this one boy who tried it.—*Blackwood's Magazine.*

A Wise Business Man.

"To what do you attribute the curative properties of your spring?" asked a visitor at a health resort. "Well, answered the proprietor, thoughtfully. "I guess the advertising I've done has had something to do with it."

And Even They were Little Real Help.

Col. Tom Ochiltree was requested by an educational journal to fill out a list of "Books That Have Helped Me." His list was confined to "Hoyle's Games" and "Schenck on Poker."

To Our Beer Drinkers.

You think this is little harm; nay, healthful? Doctors say so! Can they prove it? Will it give you any good? I trow it worketh in you evil, and that continually. One quart of beer contains an ounce and a half of alcohol, two spoonfuls of decayed barley, a few particles of hop, and 1¼ pints of water 1¼ lbs. of good barley used for making it. It gives one cent's worth of nutriment. To be sure, it has less alcohol and more water than most liquor, but the malt that is to give you the health and flesh, is disease itself; so pickled with the alcohol that it prevents its being digested or assimilated. Thus the blood becomes impure, because of the impure chyle thus formed, and deposits fatty tissues in the brain and body, in the place of firm, healthy tissues. So, while it appears healthful, it creates impurity and disease. A man of long study and observation declares that "seven-tenths of the suicides are beer drinkers, while it is beyond doubt one of the most prolific sources of insanity." Alcohol, we know, cannot be digested and works constant poison to the nerves and tissues of the body. It irritates and paralyzes the surface of the veins and cells, so that the blood cannot circulate properly, and the poor heart—because the nerves have lost their power of control—must do extra work, equal to lifting a half a pound nearly 1500 times an hour, just for two ounces of alcohol a day, thus (and far more) wearing and debilitating the system. We all so admire Horatius and his two friends who "kept the bridge." We can be—with God—as brave and "keep the bridge" against the vast and powerful enemy. What a robber of health, of beauty, of peace, of joy, of "whatsoever things are lovely, whatsoever things are pure," creating vileness, debauchery, corruption, the incarnation of hell. Ah! strong men and women whom the enemy hath not foiled, in the name of God and humanity, stand! work! and fight! for the enforcement of our Prohibitory law.—[W. C. T. U., Middletown.

She Knew a Magnet.

Some years ago a Miss H— was teaching school in Dixon, Ill. One day in the reading class they came across the word "magnet." The teacher asked how many in the class knew what a magnet was, and requested those who knew to hold up their right hands.

All the class was motionless for a moment, and then one little girl rose and put up her hand, "Well, my dear," said the teacher, "what is a magnet?" "I don't know," said the little girl, "as I know what it is, but I have seen 'em at home in mother's cheese."—[American Magazine.

Ikey, who has recently returned from a misconducted trip to Paris, is never tired of relating his wonderful adventures to his dotting but somewhat suspicious mamma. "You'd hardly believe it," said Ikey; "but all the boys and girls in Paris, speak French as easy as I speak English." "And who teaches them?" said the old lady, flushing ominously. "I thought the French were bad linguishers?" "I don't know," stid Ikey; "but it is still more funny to hear all the French dogs bark in English."

Be Your Own Doctor.

It won't cost you half as much. Do not delay. Send three 2-cent stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaufman's great work, fine colored plates, from life, on disease, its causes and home cure. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

The stupid son of a stupid father is a chip of the old blockhead.

Many forget that the hair and scalp need cleansing. Extensive use of Ayer's Hair Vigor has proven that it is the best cleansing agent for the hair—that it prevents dandruff and stimulates the hair to renewed growth.

Fortune gives too much to many, but to none enough.

The liver and kidneys must be kept in good condition. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a great remedy for regulating these organs.

When hope is disappointed and blasted, submission should be a virtue, not a necessity.

Dr. R. D. Smith says; "'Digestylin' was taken by my wife who was suffering from indigestion and its use has been beneficial to her."

Sold by all druggists, $1 per bottle, or W. F. Kidder & Co., Manufacturing Chemists, 83 John street, N. Y.

The sweetest of all pleasures, and one that will never decay, is to cherish the heart that loves you.

The Youth's Companion wants to know, "Why is Pond's Extract like Time?" and truly answers "because it heals many a wound."

A couplet of verse, a period of prose may cling to the rock of ages as a shell that survives a deluge.

"For years I suffered from loss of appetite and indigestion, but failed to find relief until I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine entirely cured me. My appetite and digestion are now perfect."—Fred G. Bower, 496 Seventh street, South Boston, Mass.

When a woman is sewing she is in reality not what she seams.

No Woman

is beautiful with a bad skin, covered with pimples, freckles, moth or tan. I have been asked many times what will remove these unsightly blemishes. No face paints and powders will remove them, as they are caused by impure blood. The only sure remedy I have ever seen is Sulphur Bitters, and in hundreds of cases I have never known them to fail.—*Editress Fashion Gazette.*

Large revolvers—the earth and the moon.

House Cleaning. The best thing ever produced for this and all kindred purposes is JAMES PYLE'S PEARLINE. It makes the housekeeper do the work more satisfactorily in less than half the usual time without the aid of soap, or anything else, and its great value in the kitchen and laundry is attracting widespread attention. Sold by Grocers everywhere, but beware of vile imitations with names that sound like Pearline.

Home-Maid—The domestic girl.

I have been a sufferer from catarrh for the past eight years. Having tried a number of remedies advertised as "sure cures" without obtaining any relief, I had resolved never to take any other patent medicines, when a friend advised me to try Ely's Cream Balm. I did so with great reluctance, but can now testify with pleasure that after using it six weeks I believe myself cured. It is a most agreeable remedy—an invaluable Balm.—Joseph Stewart, 624 Grand Ave., Brooklyn.

To find out how old a lady is—Ask some other lady.

Children Starving To Death

On account of their inability to digest food, will find a most marvelous food and remedy in Scott's Emulsion. Very palatable and easily digested. Dr. S. W. Cohen, of Waco, Texas, says: "I have used your Emulsion in Infantile wasting. It not only restores wasted tissues, but gives strength, and increases the appetite."

If the standing collars get much higher, some of the young men will get collar blind.

We are willing to bear personal testimony to the efficacy and value of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which we have been advertising some years in our paper, having used it for blood impurities with great success. It is a preparation of standard merit, made of perfectly pure ingredients, and thoroughly effective in cleansing and purifying the system. For eruptions, boils, etc., it can be relied upon every time. Our own experience with it has been most gratifying, and we are glad to give it this endorsement.—*Athol (Mass.) Transcript.*

"I can give you a good point," said the mosquito softly, in the ear of the sleeping editor, "for insertion on your outside."

"Tired Out."

"Just tired out," the neighbor said,
Turning from the squalid bed,
Where the weary woman lay,
Panting life's last hours away.
Save that sound of sobbing breath,
All was still as coming death;
For the frightened children cowered,
Where, with heavy brows that lowered,
'Neath the long enduring strain,
The mute husband bore his pain.

Just tired out—far down below
Waves were fretting on the flow;
And the full, recurrent roar
Echoed upward from the shore,
Fainter grew the pulses' beat
As the worn hands plucked the sheet
And the death-damps gathered, where
Ruffled all the tangled hair.
Said the watcher at her side,
"She is waiting for the tide."

When the waves had ebbed anew,
The tired life was over too;
Gone from want, and care and ill,
Very peacefully and still.
After all she bore and wept,
Hard-worked wife and mother slept;
Very fair she looked, and meek,
Long dark lashes swept her cheek,
Worn hands crossed upon her breast,
For the "weary was at rest."

—*All the Year Round.*

Varieties.

Action speaks louder than words, especially when the manipulator of a bass drum is contesting an audience with a rural orator.

It is a strange thing to hear actors at an hotel complain about the flies, when all people know that they are never so much at home as when among them.

A Presbyterian clergyman was asked recently if he thought dancing a sin. "Yes," responded the worthy rector; "yes, a great sin—if you don't dance well."

No, gentle reader, an actress's "farewell tour" does not mean her last tour, but one in which she hopes to fare well.

Blobson: "What makes you look so cheerful to-day, Dumpsey?" Dumpsey: "My daughter left the window open during the thunderstorm yesterday, and our piano was struck by lightning. You can't imagine what a relief it is."

They had been at the masquerade, where she had recognised him at once. "Was it the loud beating of my heart, my darling, that told you I was here?" murmured he. "Oh, no!" she replied; "I recognised your long legs."

Pretty servant, who has been taken half a mile beyond her destination: "It's really too bad; I told you when I first got in where I wished to be set down." 'Bus conductor: "Well, miss, I let you go as soon as ever I could find it in my 'art to part with you."

Tompkins: "How are you? Oh, I say, I will pay you that bill the next time I meet you." Johnson: "You have been saying that for months. A little change would suit me better." Tompkins: "Oh, well, I'll try not to meet you any more."

"Yes, sir!" he said, proudly, "I began life a barefooted boy, and see where I am now." "Yes, you are well up, but you had a big advantage at the start." "How so?" "You began life a bare-footed boy; the rest of us began life as bare-footed babies."

Omaha bride: "My dear, I wish you would bring home one of those boxes of French bon-bons to-night." Husband: "Wha—?" "And after tea it will be real pleasant to go out and get some ice cream——" "Great stars and stripes! Why, we're married."

Cardboard notice in the window of a village cottage:—"I cures a goose, my wife cures the gander." The intelligent tourist was much puzzled, till he worried out the intention of the rustic advertiser. The gentleman undertook to cure agues, and the lady to do ditto for jaundice.

"I tell you I shall do as I please," shouted Mrs. Miff. "Well, well, my dear, I didn't say you couldn't," replied Mr. Miff. "And you can't stop me!" "I didn't say I could, my dear." "You'd better not try." "Indeed, indeed, my dear, I won't." "That's just all such a brute as you cares about his wife!" and Mrs. Miff prepared to cry her eyes out.

"How are you finding business, doctor?" was asked of a physician. "Capital!" he replied, "I have all that I can attend to." "I didn't understand that there was much sickness about here." "No, there isn't. But we physicians do not depend upon sickness for an income. Oh, no, most of our money is made from people who have nothing the matter with them."

An absent-minded diplomatist lately made a funny blunder when he approached Mrs. X. to take leave of her at her "At home." The lady said to him, "Are you going so soon?" And he answered, "I always do at your house." He thought she had used the stereotyped expression, "I hope you have managed to amuse yourself?" to which he made the usual answer.

M. V. read a play before the manager of a Paris theatre. It was refused. "You are incapable of judging my work," cried the exasperated author. "Why so?" asked the manager. "Because you were sleeping all the time." "My dear sir," replied the manager, "in literature, sleep is an opinion."

Captain Mure, the officer in command of the Indian Cavalry who took such a prominent part in the Jubilee pageant, will be amused to learn that, according to one of the London daily papers, he is the Commandant of the "Kivery of Sudir's Body-Guard." To turn "Viceroy of India" into "Kivery of Sudir" is a feat worthy of a Colney Hatch typesetter.

"It's one hundred dollars in your pocket," whispered the defendant's lawyer to a juror "out West," "if you can bring about a verdict of manslaughter in the second degree." Such proved to be the verdict, and the lawyer thanked the juror warmly as he paid him the money. "Yes," said the juror, "it was tough work, but I got there after a while. All the rest went in for acquittal."

"Good morning, Pompey." "Good morning, Massa Cæsar." "What makes you carry your head down so, Pompey? Why don't you talk with your head upright, like me?" "Massa Cæsar, you ever been tro' a field of wheat when he ripe?" "Yes Pompey." "Well, you takes notice—some of de heads stan' up and some hang down. Dem stan' up got no grain in 'em, Massa Cæsar!"

Bishop White, of Pennsylvania, was sitting one day at dinner with that bold financier of the revolutionary times, Robert Morris, when the latter said, "Bishop, I have made my will and have devised to you all my impudence." "In that case, replied the bishop, "you have certainly left me the greater part of your estate." "Yea, bishop," interposed Mrs. White, "and it is plain that you have entered immediately upon your inheritance."

A man who had foolishly ventured upon a verbal contest with his wife was met, as he was retiring from the scene, by his little son who was beginning to study grammar. "Pa," said the child, "what part of speech is woman?" To which the father replied, "She isn't any *part* of speech at all, Georgy; she's the *whole* of it."

TO THE PUBLIC.

Intending purchasers of POND'S EXTRACT cannot take too much precaution to prevent substitution. Some druggists, trading on the popularity of the great Family Remedy, attempt to palm off other preparations, unscrupulously asserting them to be "the same as" or "equal to" POND'S EXTRACT, indifferent to the deceit practiced upon and disappointment thereby caused to the purchaser, so long as larger profits accrue to themselves. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other.

SOLD IN BOTTLES ONLY; NEVER BY MEASURE. Quality uniform.

Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London. See our name on every wrapper and label. Note picture of bottle below.

POND'S EXTRACT

For Piles, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Bruises, Burns, Sore Eyes,

Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Sores, Inflammations, and Hemorrhages of all kinds.

The Famous Lecturer, **JOHN B. GOUGH**, wrote: "For Sore Throat, especially when tending to ulceration, I have found it very beneficial."

ANDREW D. WHITE, Ex-President of Cornell University, says: "One of the absolute *necessities* of housekeeping." *Be sure to get the genuine.*

EMMA ABBOTT, the celebrated prima donna. —"Valuable and beneficial."

HEYWOOD SMITH, M. D., M. R., C. P., of England.—"I have used it with marked benefit."

H. G. PRESTON, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.—"I know of no remedy so generally useful."

ARTHUR GUINNESS, M. D., F. R. C. S., of England.—"I have prescribed POND'S EXTRACT with great success."

JUSTIN D. FULTON, D. D., Brooklyn, N. Y. —"Proving itself to be a necessity in our home."

F. A. WESTERVELT, M. D., Nashville, Tenn. —"Have used large quantities of POND'S EXTRACT in my practice."

Mrs. S. B. McCORD, Matron, Home of Destitute Children.—"We find it most efficacious and useful."

In Bottles only. Prices, 50c., $1, $1.75.

Note our name on every wrapper and label.

Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON.

—FALL OPENING—

—OF—

DR. SWEET'S SANITARIUM

AND

MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

16 UNION PARK STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

FOR THE CURE OF THE LAME AND CHRONIC DISEASES ONLY, BY THE "SWEET METHOD."

1630—NEW ENGLAND HAS KNOWN THEM—1887

Two Hundred and Fifty-seven Years, the **Sweet Family of Natural Bone Surgeons and Physicians**, have been accorded foremost rank among the most wonderfully gifted of their profession in the world. Apology for the foregoing is unnecessary—every body knows it! To increase and improve upon methods to which they were formally restricted in the treatment of cases *abandoned by others*, is this Institution founded.

A LARGE CORPS OF ABLE ASSISTANTS.

Every **Auxiliary, Appliance, Apparatus, Machinery, Valuable Remedy, or Aid to Health**, will be furnished.

OUR INHALITORIUM.

contains the most approved and scientific apparatus extant for the cure of the most obstinate forms of Head, Throat and Lung Complaints, by the inhalation of Nature's Healing Balsams, combined with the "famous Sweet remedies." Also, the atomization of Deep-Sea Water, for inhalation, than which no better remedy (properly employed) exists, for the cure of pulmonary diseases.

OUR FIRST GREAT IMPORTANT OFFER.

DEEP-SEA WATER, SPONGE BATHING, SHOWER BATH AND DOUCHE.

Pure Deep-Sea Water brought from "the Banks" by the well known skipper, Capt. T. Jameson, Sch. Franklin S. Schenck, every week.

Temperature adapted to all conditions of health. One of the "Sweet-Family" remedial agents. Unrivaled in our hands, in all forms of **Paralysis, Bone and Joint Diseases, Muscular and Nervous Weakness, Spinal Difficulties, Impotency, Spermatorrhœa**, and, with appropriate remedies for **Brain-Workers and Enfeebled Women**, it is the sovereign invigorant of the world. Invalids may apply for registration and *free* examination at once, to [illegible], *Secretary.*

New York Hat House.

O'NEILL'S

We keep the latest styles in

H*A*T*S

Come and see them and be convinced that the prices are the lowest.

Furnishing * Goods

Constantly kept.

O'NEILL'S

261 Thames-st.

GRANITE WORKS!

GRANITE MONUMENTS and Head-Stones Hammered and Polished Work of every description, Connecticut, Westerly, Quincy, and all New England Granite, and every variety of Granite Stone Cutting. Cemetery Lots Inclosed at short notice. All work guaranteed First Class. Fine Lot of First-Class North River Blue Stone Flagging of all sizes. Steps, Sills and Lintels Quarry-Dressed, Rubbed or Hammered. Rubbed Hearth-Stones, Chimney Lintels and Chimney Caps. Rubbed Platform and Coping of all Sizes, in Granite or Blue Stone, Well and Cistern Covers.

P. McGOWAN,

—PRACTICAL GRANITE CUTTER.—

Sherman's Wharf, next South of Long Wharf

FOR SALE.

Two good new order wagons for sale cheap or for exchange, at

J. B. BACHELLER,

Langley's Wharf, opp. Post Office.

Where Did They Get Their Money?

Indiana's treasury is empty, but her politicians are full.

WE HAVE

photos of the latest thing in

PARLOR SUITS

and shall be pleased to show them, with samples of coverings, and quote prices. We can afford to and do name a very low figure of this line of goods, as we do not have to carry it in stock.

E. P. MARSH, 101 and 103 THAMES ST.

LOOK FOR THE RED FLAG.

"PERRY'S PLYMOUTH COAL,"

FRANKLIN OF LYKENS VALLEY,

SUSQUEHANA RED ASH.

OAK, MAPLE, WALNUT AND PINE WOOD, at the PEOPLE'S COAL YARD,

MAIN OFFICE 167 THAMES STREET.

PERRY ✿ BROTHERS.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS

NEWPORT, Sc. Little Compton, July 11th, A. D. 1887.

BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court *of this State*, within and for the County of Newport, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887; and *returnable* to the September term of said Court, A. D. 1887, upon a judgment rendered therein by said Court on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1887, in favor of Benjamin C. Seabury, Collector of Taxes for School District Number 3 in Little Compton, in said County, said Seabury being a resident of said Little Compton, plaintiff, and against Edward W. Howland, of said Little Compton, defendant, I have this day at 30 minutes past five o'clock A. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant, Edward W. Howland, had at the time of said levy in and to a certain lot or parcel of land, with all the buildings and improvements thereupon, and the appurtenances thereof, situated in said Town of Little Compton, in said County of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded and described as follows, to wit:

North and West, by land of Thomas D. Grinnell; *East*, by the Highway or West Road; and *South*, by other land of said Edward W. Howland, it being the premises conveyed to said Edward W. Howland by Joseph Sylvia, by deed dated April 27th, 1880, and recorded in Book No. 15, Pages 203 and 204, of the land evidence of the said Town of Little Compton;

AND

Notice is hereby given that I will sell be said levied-on estate at a Public Auction to be held in front of the Town Hall on the Common in said Little Compton, on **Monday, the 17th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 1 o'clock P. M.**, for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest, on the same, costs of suit, my own fees, and all contingent expenses, if sufficient.

BENJ. EASTON, JR., Sheriff.
9-24

And also to satisfy and pay from the proceeds of said sale, if sufficient, a second execution in my hands for service in favor of School District No. 3, of the town of Little Compton aforesaid, in said county of Newport and State aforesaid, defendant, and against said Edward W. Howland of said town, county and state aforesaid, plaintiff, which said execution is returnable to the Supreme Court within and for the county of Newport, in said State, on the fourth **Monday** of September, A. D., 1887, and was levied on the right, title and interest of said defendant Howland at the time of said levy in and to the real estate above named, and described, as follows, to wit: *North and West*; by land of Thomas D. Grinnell; *East* by the Highway or West road; and *South* by other land of said Edward W. Howland, it being the premises conveyed to said Edward W. Howland by Joseph Sylvia, by deed dated April 27th, 1880, and recorded in Book number 15, pages 203 and 204, of the land evidence of the said town of Little Compton, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 15 minutes past seven o'clock P. M., and judgment for plaintiff having been rendered in said Supreme Court within and for said county of Newport in said suit, on the 21st day of May A. D., 1887.

BENJ. EASTON, JR., Sheriff.
9-24

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, entered the 4th day of September, A. D. 1887, authorizing the undersigned as Executor of the will of Rosanna Nealon, late of said Newport, deceased, to sell the real estate hereinafter described, to pay funeral expenses and expenses incident to the Probate of her will:

There will be sold at Public Auction on the premises hereinafter described, on **Saturday, October 29th, A. D. 1887, at 12 o'clock noon**, all the right, title and interest which the said Rosanna Nealon had at the time of her decease in and to all that certain lot or parcel of land situate in said City of Newport, and bounded and described as follows:—Northerly on land of Michael Killion, sixty-five feet; easterly on other land of said Rosanna Nealon, deceased, as the fence now stands; southerly on Lee's Wharf, sixty-five feet; and westerly on other lands of said Rosanna Nealon, deceased.

JAMES NEALON,
9-24-5w Executor Est. of Rosanna Nealon.

FINEST

JOB PRINTING

of every description, at the

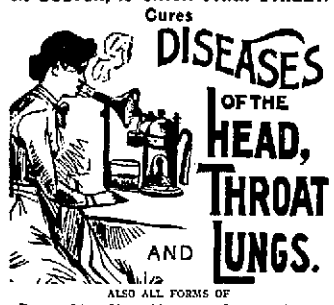
MERCURY OFFICE.

PRICES THE LOWEST.

DR. SWEET

IN BOSTON, 16 UNION PARK STREET.

Cures



ALSO ALL FORMS OF

Long-Standing Chronic Complaints.

What Dr. SWEET is doing for the People, and can do for you. LUNG DISEASES at last find a Conqueror.

Is it any Wonder that his Cures are Pronounced Miraculous? Read the following:—

WATERBURY, CONN.

TO THE PUBLIC:—In the fall of 1875 my wife commenced running down in health, and continued to lose in strength and flesh all through the winter. About the 1st of July I persuaded her to consult Dr. Preston Sweet, who was then stopping at Waterbury. He told her just how she had been handled, without asking any questions whatever. In ten days she began to gain, and I am glad to say she has continued to gain ever since; and now, after a year has almost passed, I can safely say she is entirely cured of her lung difficulty. I am positive that, had it not been for Dr. Preston Sweet, my wife would have been in her grave to-day. L. N. MURRAY.

Dreadful Case of Asthma from Infancy Cured.

WORCESTER, MASS.

I came under your treatment Aug. 2, 1879, and before Sept. 1 of the same year I had gained five or six pounds in flesh, and felt greatly improved in health. My friends began to note improvement in my appearance. I hardly ever noticed shortness of breath, and after six months I could safely say that I was ***permanently relieved of my malady.*** I cannot but think of my condition when I first came to you, and compare it with the present. I can now look back over more than a year, and thank you for the enjoyment of better health during that time than I ever knew before. It may be gratifying to you to learn that Mr. Bancroft, whom you treated (as I believe with the best of success) for consumption, is now doing the work of an able-bodied man.

Yours truly, W. C. BOYCE.

Dr. Sweet may be consulted at 16 Union Park Street, Boston, ***every Monday and first week of each month,*** beginning Oct. 31 and Nov. 28, ***free of charge.***

TEBBETTS'

CLOAK STORE,

99 Westminster Street,

Butler Exchange,

Providence, R. I.

A FULL STOCK

CLOTH JACKETS.
ASTRACHAN JACKETS.
PLUSH JACKETS.
PLAIN NEWMARKETS.
STRIPED NEWMARKETS.
CLOTH WRAPS.
ASTRACHAN WRAPS.
PLUSH WRAPS.
ALASKA SEAL CLOAKS.
PLUSH CLOAKS.
FUR-LINED CIRCULARS.
MISSES' NEWMARKETS.
CHILDREN'S CLOAKS.
INFANTS' CLOAKS.

We carry at all times double the assortment of any house in Providence, and always name the lowest prices. All garments refitted at no extra cost. We have twelve misses' and four ladies' Newmarkets left of the $5 lot.

*** Sign of the GREAT WHITE BEAR. ***

H. W. LADD & CO.

Coventry

IMPROVED

Zephyr Germantown

WOOLS

For quality, finish, strength, elasticity, evenness of thread and brilliancy of colors are unequalled by any yet offered to the public.

The fact is they are so good that they have been imitated in Germany by worsted spinners there.

The real Coventry, such as we sell, works up light and lofty, where other wools frequently work solid and heavy.

There are over one hundred different shades and we can furnish all.

H. W. LADD & CO.,

213 and 215 Westminster Street,

Providence, R. I.

AT 10 SHUN!

BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.

—IN—

SILVER JEWELRY

—AT—

146 THAMES STREET,

D. L. Cummings,

Watchmaker & Jeweler.

Newport County News.

MIDDLETOWN.

The temperance meeting in the Methodist Episcopal church last Sunday evening was well attended, although the weather was unpropitious.

The Methodist Ladies' Social Circle held their first meeting for this season at the Parsonage, on Wednesday afternoon and evening. The attendance was good. A new parlor stove for the parsonage was ordered, and partial arrangements made for entertaining the District Ministerial Association three weeks hence.

From this time, during the winter, Sunday afternoon and evening services will begin at 2 and 7 o'clock, instead of half an hour later, respectively. Next Sunday evening there will be a praise service followed by a sermon.

TIVERTON.

The Town Council met at the Town Hall, Monday, October 3, at 11 A. M. Present, George R. Lawton, President; James W. Counsell and Christopher Manchester. The following accounts were allowed and orders given:

Gideon Manchester, tending draw, $25; Thomas A. Slocum, work on new road, $300; Benjamin F. Macomber, work on road, $25.50; Benjamin C. Borden, building sidewalk, $179.46; Cyrenus Bliss, work on road, $34.67; Cyrenus B. Laquin, labor $825.30; Ann M. Riley, board of Lucy Durfee, $15; William Leedham, damages by dogs, $2.60; Jonathan Robertshaw, police services, $3.00; Timothy T. Brayton, work on road, $26.50; Job Wordell, work on highway, $24.87; Orlando T. Pierce, two pigs, $8; Alfred G. Springer, work on road, $21; John A. Hathaway, work on road, $4.40.

Permission was given to S. Gilman Bowen to sell all or a part of the goods and chattels belonging to the estate of William T. Webber, deceased, at private sale.

Permission was granted to Christopher White, guardian of the person and estate of William Sawyer, to sell for a better investment the interest of his said ward in some half an acre of land on the northeast corner of the sawyer farm.

The Whitridge Hall Library reports a circulation of books for the month of September as follows: Biography 4; history 7; travel 6; science and art 2; poetry 1; miscellaneous 4; fiction 130; literature and language 9; total 172. A number of books have been added during the month.

Hon. Isaac Brown, Town Treasurer, who has been afflicted for several weeks with almost entire loss of his voice, is a very little improved. Mr. Brown as well as his many friends are at a loss to account for this strange and serious affliction.

Mr. Frank Tallman has been sick at his home near Tiverton railroad station about two weeks with typhoid fever.

A son of Mr. Charles Durfee is sick with typhoid fever at his home near Stone bridge.

Messrs. Church Brothers are catching large quantities of fish, over 9000 barrels having been taken the present week.

JAMESTOWN.

General R. E. Patterson, of Philadelphia, son of the late Major General Robert E. Patterson, arrived here on Tuesday to make preparations for building a cottage on his lot on the Ocean Highlands. He has accepted the plans drawn by Mr. Charles L. Bevins, who will be the supervising architect.

Mr. Thomas Carr Watson is having a two-story ell added to his house, which is leased by Mrs. D. Otis Clarke.

Mrs. William L. Tilley, of Newport, is stopping at the Gardner House.

Mr. Albert Caswell, of Jersey City, proposes to sell out his drug business in that city and to settle here permanently. The current report that he has sold his cottage here is incorrect. Mr. Caswell has subscribed for more than $15,000 of the stock of the new hotel company.

The house lately bought by Mrs. Hopkins, of Philadelphia, is subject to a three years' lease held by Miss F. M. Clarke.

Real Estate Sales.

Mrs. Mary A. King and others have sold all their right, title and interest in and to the estate on Pelham street, adjourning lands of Anthony Stewart and the late Benjamin Bateman, to David King for $1, etc.

John B. DeBlois has sold 15,517 square feet of land, with buildings, on Ayrault Street, formerly the property of the late Thomas N. Brown, to Robert Hudson, U. S. N., for $1, etc.

A. H. Tilley has sold a strip of land on Gould street, measuring 10½ by 137½ feet, to John M. Popple for $1, etc.

Clarence A. Hammett has sold 5000 square feet of land on Bedlow avenue to Laurence M. Greason for $1 etc.

David King, executor, has quitclaimed to Carl Jurgens, for $1 and other considerations, a lot of land, with buildings, on Mill street.

Geo. Peabody Wetmore has sold 90,000 square feet of land at the corner of LeRoy and Lawrence avenues to Ogden Goelet on private terms.

Tribute to Rev. Mr. Day.

At the closing session of the Channing Conference held in Fairhaven this week the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Conference has heard with great regret of the resignation of the Rev. J. W. Day, as pastor of the Channing Memorial church, at Newport. Cordially bearing testimony to his ability, devotion, faithfulness of service, and consecration to the work of the Christian ministry, the Conference commends him to the churches of our faith, with fullest confidence, and expresses its sincerest wishes for his happiness and success in his future field of labor.

The body of Charles L. Malloy, a sailor on board the U. S. Ossipee, was found clinging to a seine off Jamestown Wednesday. The body was naked excepting a flannel shirt, the other clothing being fastened around the young man's neck. It was evidently a case of desertion, Malloy having tried to reach shore from his vessel. He was buried with military honors on Thursday.

The officers of the U. S. Navy stationed in Newport gave a dance at the drill hall on Coasters Harbor Island Wednesday night which was attended by about three hundred ladies and gentlemen.

A meeting of the Newport branch of the U. S. Naval Institute will be held at the Torpedo Station next Wednesday evening. Among other matters to be discussed will be Lieut. Hutchin's recent prize essay on "The Naval Brigade; its Equipment, Organization and Tactics."

Noah Thompson, Jr., had a preliminary hearing before U. S. Commissioner Gilpin Thursday, on the charge of theft of grain from Fort Adams, and being adjudged probably guilty, was bound over to the U. S. Circuit Court in the sum of $1000. Bail was furnished.

Rev. and Mrs. A. L. Rich have been vacationing in Maine this week and Rev. and Mrs. F. F. Emerson have been in attendance at the meetings in Springfield of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

Mrs. Gardner Brewer vacated "Finisterre," her beautiful summer residence on Bellevue avenue and the Cliffs, Thursday, and returned to Boston.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor was removed to New York, Monday, being seriously ill, and "Beaulieu" was closed for the season on Wednesday.

Officer Geo. A. Wilcox has been dismissed from the Newport police force and officer Matthewson has been fined, for misconduct.

The Shakesperian Club of this city gave a literary and musical entertainment at Odd Fellows' Hall Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Ella C. Hurlbut has rented Mrs. J. Amory DeBlois' cottage on Cranston avenue for the winter.

Army Surgeons Dallas Bache, of Fort Adams, R. I., and S. M. Riley, Kan., have been ordered to exchange posts.

Said a sharp attorney to a rambling witness: "Now you must give explicit and exact answers. You said you drove a milk-wagon, did you not?" "No sir, I didn't," "Ah! What did you do, sir?" "I drive a hoss, sir."

If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned griping pills, and are satisfied that purging yourself till you are weak and sick is not good common sense, then try Carter's Little Liver Pills and learn how easy it is to be free from biliousness, headache, constipation, and all liver troubles. The little pills are smaller, easier to take, and give quicker relief than any pill in use. Forty in a vial. One a dose. Price 25 cents.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

OCTOBER 1887. STANDARD TIME.

	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water Morn	High water Eve
8 Sat	6 4	5 31	9 50	11 39	.....
9 Sun	6 5	5 30	10 42	0 07	12 29
10 Mon	6 6	5 28	11 41	1 09	1 25
11 Tues	6 7	5 26	moon	2 17	2 27
12 Wed	6 8	5 25	0 45	3 26	3 32
13 Thurs	6 9	5 23	1 53	4 25	4 31
14 Fri	6 10	5 22	3 5	5 21	5 30

Full Moon, 1st day, 10h. 47m., evening.
Last Quarter, 9th day, 11h. 57m., evening.
New Moon, 16th day, 5h. 35m., evening.
First Quarter, 23d day, 6h. 46m., evening.
Full Moon, 31st day, 4h. 31m., evening.

Watertown Live Stock Market.—Oct. 4

At market for the current week—Cattle, 2421; Sheep and Lambs, 11,341; Swine, 12235.

Prices of Market Beef—A few choice $7.00@7.50; extra $6.50@6.75; first quality $6.00@6.25; second quality $5.00@5.50; third quality $4.00@4.50.

Prices of Store Cattle—Working oxen ⅌ pair $90@160; farrow cows $15@30; fancy cows $50@80; milch cows and calves $22@48; yearlings $8.50@18; two years old $14@28; three years old $21@40.

Swine—Western fat, live, 5⅛@5½c; Northern dressed hogs 6¼c ⅌ lb.

Prices of Sheep and Lambs—In lots, $2.25@3.00@3.50 each; extra $4.25@4.25, or from 2½@4½c ⅌ lb. Spring lamps 5@5½c ⅌ lb.

Veal Calves—2½@6½c ⅌ lb.

Prices of Hides, Tallow and Skins—Brighton hides 7c ⅌ lb; Brighton tallow 3@4c ⅌ lb; country hides 6@6½c ⅌ lb; country tallow 1½@2c ⅌ lb; calf skins 6@7c ⅌ lb; pelts, 75c@1; dairy skins 12@25c.

Cattle—There were some premium Cattle from the State of Maine of a choice description, and sold at a fancy price, say 7¼@7½c. The tone of the cattle market remains about steady, but inclined to favor the buying interest.

New Milch Cows and Springers—A fair movement and prices steady. Sales mostly from $28@$50 ⅌ head.

Fat Hogs—Western steady but weak. We quote 5@5½c. Northern dressed ¼c. lower at 6¼c.

Veal calves—Full rates obtained and, a good demand for good grades. Sales at 5¾, 6@6½c.

Live Poultry—2½ tons on sale at 11c. for mixed lots; 22 live geese at 85c. each.

Sheep and Lambs—Butchers, although on the alert, have a little more freedom in making prices. We quote the market from ¼@½c. lower, the least on best flocks. The Eastern lambs mostly sold at 5¼@6¾c. Sheep 4c. Bucks 3c.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.

Cotton steady.
Flour quiet. State $2.50 to $4.90; Ohio, $3.00 to $4.90; Western, $2.50 to $4.90; Southern, $3.25 to $4.90.
Wheat ½ to ¼ of a cent higher.
Corn a shade better.
Oats a trifle better
Beef dull.
Pork quiet.
Lard dull.
Butter firm.
Sugar steady.
Petroleum steady.
Rice firm.
Coffee quiet.
Freights steady.
Spirits Turpentine dull.
Rosin quiet.
Tallow firm.

MARY E. BALDWIN, M. D.,

113 Touro Street, corner High.
Office hours 11 to 2.
Telephone connection.

Marriages.

In this city, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Jefferson Morrison, No. 76 Levin street, October 5th, by Rev. H. N. Jeter, Mr. Isaac Newton Tancil, of Washington, D. C., and Miss Marcelina Stuart Morrison, of Newport.

In Fall River, 22d ult., Samuel B. Friend to Lillian Peckham, both of this city.

Deaths.

In this city, 1st inst., George Washington, aged 34 years.

In this city, 1st inst., Annie, infant child of Thomas and Annie Connolly, aged 8 months.

In this city, 2d inst., Charles H., infant son of Peter and Catherine Ring, aged 7 months and 4 days.

In this city, 2d inst., Mary, infant child of Michael and Margaret Price, aged 15 days.

In this city, 4th inst., Harry R., son of John A. and Adeline R. Brainerd, in the 16th year of his age.

In this city, 5th inst., Mary Agnes, wife of Crohane D. Curran and daughter of the late Captain John Mahoney, aged 39 years.

In Rehoboth, 2d inst., Capt. Thomas Cory, formerly of this city, in the 81st year of his age.

In Providence, 3d, Margaret Reilly, 90; 3d, Marla Campbell, 60; 3d, Marla Harrington, 84; 3d, Mary Reinewald, 77; 4th, Edmund Powers, 68.

In New York, 28th ult., Mr. Joseph A. Weeden, formerly of Providence, in the 70th year of his age.

In Pawtucket, 3d inst., Deacon David Sykes, in the 71st year of his age.

In Pawtucket, 4th inst., Deacon Arnold Buck 3d, in the 73d year of his age.

A. C. Landers' Column.

SIDEWALK

CANOPIES!!

TENTS

OF ALL SIZES

RENTED,

LIGHTED,

DECORATED,

Piazzas Enclosed

—WITH—

WHITE,

Striped Canvas,

TURKEY RED,

JAPANESE

—AND—

TEAKWOOD

LANTERNS

of every size and decoration.

Reflecting Lights

—FOR—

LAWNS

—OR—

CARRIAGE RUNS.

—FINE—

VASE LAMPS,

CHANDELIERS,

and SIDE LAMPS.

Camp Chairs

RENTED ON REASONABLE TERMS.

A. C. LANDERS',

COVELL'S BLOCK.

"How d' ye do, Brother Jones? I hope you are going to give me your vote." "Very sorry, colonel, but I have already promised it to your rival." "Oh, never mind that. In election times promising and keeping are two different things, you know." "If that's so," said Jones, "I'll promise you my vote."

A farmer said, "One thing I don't like about city folks—they be either so stuck up that yer can't reach 'em with a haystalk pole, or so friendly that they forget to pay their bill."

New Advertisements.

For Sale.

Liquor barrels and kegs, cider barrels, tubs for water lillies, watering stock, etc., for sale by JOSEPH S. COTTRELL,
10-8-1f 212 Spring St., Newport.

Women's Exchange.

Special Week of Sale.

The Newport Co-operative Exchange for Women's Work, No. 29 Franklin street, will hold a special sale daily, during the

FIRST WEEK OF DECEMBER.

HOURS, 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

The attention of present consignors and of those desiring to become so is especially directed to this unusual opportunity for disposing of work suitable for the Christmas holiday trade.
10-8-3w

FORMATION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

I have this day admitted my son, Frank L. DeBlois, into a partnership in my business. The name of the firm will be John B. DeBlois & Son. All persons having claims against me will please present them and all indebted will please settle without delay. Thanking my friends and customers for their favors I respectfully ask for their continuance for the firm. JOHN B. DEBLOIS.
Newport, Oct. 5, 1887-3w

FARM STOCK AND TOOLS AT AUCTION.

WILL BE SOLD at auction, Tuesday, October 18th, 1887, if fair, if not, the next fair day, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., on the Bryer farm, in Jamestown, R. I., now occupied by Mrs. A. J. Cory, the following property: 6 cows, 1 pair of oxen, 1 stack hay, 2 stacks corn fodder, 1 stack straw, 100 bushels oats, 3 fat pigs, 1 express wagon, 1 carryall, 1 ox cart, plows, chains, iron bars, 1 folding harrow, and other farming and dairy utensils. Terms cash. ELIJAH ANTHONY,
Jamestown, Oct. 8th, 1887. Auctioneer.
10-8-2w

WINTER KEEPING

—OF—

LIVE STOCK.

JAMESTOWN, R. I., Oct. 5, 1887.

Horses, cattle, etc., will be taken for winter keeping at reduced rates, on

Prospect Hill Farm, Jamestown.

For terms, etc., apply to AUDLEY CLARKE.
10 8-2w

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURSIONS.

All traveling expenses included.

A WINTER

—IN—

CALIFORNIA.

The first party of the season will leave BOSTON, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, in a **New and Magnificent Train of Vestibuled Pullman Palace Cars, with Pullman Palace Dining-Car Attached.**

FOR PASADENA, LOS ANGELES, SANTA BARBARA, SAN DIEGO, SAN FRANCISCO, MONTEREY, AND THE OTHER FAMOUS RESORTS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

Many new features will be introduced in our excursions this season. Trains of **Elegant and Luxurious Vestibuled Cars** will be run **Across the Continent for the first time. First-class meals in the finest dining-cars ever built.** Special trains with special facilities for sight-seeing. A choice of three routes in the outward journey and five routes returning. **Nineteen returning parties and the tickets also good on all trains up to July 1, 1888.** Independent tickets, covering all expenses both ways, and allowing entire freedom in California and returning. Hotel coupons supplied for long or short sojourns at all the **leading Pacific Coast Resorts, including The Raymond, East Pasadena; The Arlington, at Santa Barbara; the new Hotel del Monte, and the Palace Hotel, San Francisco.**

Dates of Other California Excursions.—December 5 and 8; January 2, 12, 16, 23; February 2, 7, 20; March 8 and 12.

W. RAYMOND. I. A. WHITCOMB.

Send for descriptive circulars.

W. RAYMOND,
296 Washington-st. (opp. School-st.), Boston, Mass.
10-3-2t

OPERA HOUSE.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12.

Special engagement of

Mr. Chanfrau,

Direct from the Boston Theatre.

In the greatest of all comedy-dramas,

Kit, the Arkansas Traveler.

17th year and stronger than ever. New company. New scenery. The Judge and the Major. The notorious old Beats. Piccaninny, "Monk" in songs and dances. The steamboat explosion. The duel with bowie knives, and other interesting features.

Prices 35, 50, 75c.
Monday, Oct. 17—Kindergarten.

Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus,

Jonquils, Crocuses, Oxalis, Primroses, Potting Soil, fine Tuberoses in bloom, 1000 Chrysanthemums in bud, soon to bloom.

WILSON'S GREENHOUSES, Broadway.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Honorable Court of Probate of the City of Newport, guardian of the person and estate of ABIGAIL L. MURRAY, minor, of Newport, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to her.

ELLA MURRAY,
Newport, Oct. 1, 1887. Guardian.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

50 GOOD SHEEP.

THOMAS G. HAZARD,
10-1-4w Narragansett Pier, R. I.

New Advertisements.

AUCTION.

Will be sold at Public Auction, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, at 11 o'clock A. M. (if fair, if not, the next fair day), on the Shanahan farm, Middle Road in Middletown, now occupied by John J. Hayes.

8 cows, 3 yearlings, 4 heifer calves, 1 bull calf, mowing machine, 1 hay rake, plows, 1 cultivator, ox chains, ox yokes, 1 heavy double harness, 1 single harness, about 100 hens, flock of geese, 12 ducks, 1 Democrat wagon, a lot of corn fodder, and a variety of other articles. Conditions at time and place of sale.

JAMES ANTHONY,
10-8-1w Auctioneer.

RHODE ISLAND INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS.

THE President and Trustees of the Rhode Island Institution for Savings, in liquidation, have this day declared a dividend of 5 per cent. of the principal due depositors, payable on and after October 10, 1887, from 10 to 2 o'clock, in rooms of Rhode Island National Bank, 19 and 21 Custom House street.

EDMUND T. MOULTON,
Providence, Oct. 3, 1887-2t Treasurer.

POSTPONED SALE.

FARM AND BUILDINGS AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

WILL BE SOLD on the premises, **OCTOBER 11, 1887, at 11 o'clock A. M.**, a large two story-and-a-half house, finished throughout; a nice barn and crib, and other outbuildings; about 20 acres of land, clear of stone and in splendid condition for farm and garden; a young orchard, and lots of apple, cherry and pear trees, etc.; a well of good water 60 feet deep, and second to none in Rhode Island. This place is located on the Island of Rhode Island, near Bristol Ferry, formerly owned by the late B. F. Chase. A splendid location, overlooking Mount Hope and Narragansett Bays, and the East River for miles. This will suit any gentleman looking for a fine, healthy location for a summer resort. Five minutes walk from school, railroad, steamboat landing, post-office, coal yard, grocery store, &c.—Terms $500 down on day of sale, balance when deed is passed. For further details apply to A. P. Bryant, Newport, R. I.

10-8 L. D. TALLMAN, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate, of the town of Tiverton, R. I., Administratrix on the estate of ELI A. HAMMOND, late of said Tiverton, deceased, and having been qualified according to law, requests all persons having demands to present them, and all indebted to make payment to her.

MARIETTA C. HAMMOND,
Tiverton, Sept. 22, 1887. Administratrix.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been confirmed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of Portsmouth, R. I., as Executor of the last will and testament of HANNAH H. WATSON, late of Portsmouth, deceased, and having been qualified according to law, requests all persons having demands to present them, and all indebted to make payment to

STEPHEN A. WATSON.
Portsmouth, October 1st, 1887.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, September 26, A. D. 1887.

LEMUEL H. FOSTER, Guardian of the person and estate of *CATHERINE F. McLAUGHLIN*, of Newport, minor, presents his first and final account with the estate of said minor, and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 17th day of October, 1887, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury*, once a week, at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
10-1 Probate Clerk.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of Newport, Executors of the last will and testament of HENRY A. BRIGHTMAN, late of Newport deceased, and having been qualified according to law, request all persons having demands to present them, and all indebted to make payment to them.

CATHERINE E. BRIGHTMAN, HENRY J. BRIGHTMAN, } Executors.
Newport, Oct. 1, 1887.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, September 19, A. D. 1887.

GEORGE H. DALTON, Administrator *de bonis non*, on the estate of *THOMAS MILBURN*, late of Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account of administration on said estate and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 10th day of October, 1887, at 10 o'clock A.M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
9-24 Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, September 19, A. D. 1887.

ON THE PETITION in writing of Martha Peckham, presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate of *MARY MARSHALL*, late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, may be granted to Thomas P. Peckham, or some other suitable person:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 10th day of October, 1887, at 10 o'clock A.M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week at least for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
9-24 Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, September 19, 1887.

LEWIS J. CHACE, Executor of the last will and testament of *ELIZA C. PICKERING*, late of Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account of administration on the estate of said deceased, and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 10th day of October, 1887, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
9-24 Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Middletown, R. I., September 19th, A. D. 1887.

DORCAS B. PECKHAM, widow, presents to this Court a petition in writing, praying that Edward E. Peckham may be appointed Administrator on the estate of her husband, *JOHN R. PECKHAM*, late of said Middletown, who deceased intestate.

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to the Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall, in said Middletown, on Monday, the 17th day of October next, A. D. 1887, at 1 o'clock P. M., and that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week at least, in the *Newport Mercury*.

ALBERT L. CHASE,
9-24 Probate Clerk.

CENTENNIAL TEA CO., 95 Thames St., Newport.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

WE, THE SUBSCRIBERS, having been appointed by the Honorable, the Court of Probate of the city of Newport, in Rhode Island, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the several creditors against the estate of RUTH E. THURSTON, late of said Newport, deceased, represented insolvent, do hereby give notice that six months from the 12th day of September, A. D. 1887, are allowed to the creditors of said estate to bring in their claims and prove their debts, and that the 12th day of November, 1887, the 12th day of January, 1888, and the 12th day of March, 1888, at 3 o'clock P.M. on each of said days, and the store of William M. Austin, No. 271 Spring street, in said Newport, are appointed by us the times and place to attend the said creditors for the receiving of their claims.

WILLIAM O. GREENE, WILLIAM M. AUSTIN, JOHN J. PECKHAM, } Comm'rs
9-24